# MODEL CENTRIC ROADWAY DESIGN AND DELIVERY



Connecticut Department of Transportation
Guidelines for Electronic Engineering Data Delivery
2016

## **AGENDA**

#### AM Session 8:30 to 12:00

8:30 to 9:00 - Introduction

Milestones

**Initiatives** 

Phased Approach

9:00 to 9:45 - Review of CTDOT CAD Standards, with Q & A

9:45 to 10:00 Break

10:00 to 10:45 - Phase 1 & 2 Submittal Requirements

10:45 to 11:30 - Q & A

11:30 to 12:00 - Phase 3 –3D Model Centric Design (OpenRoads Technology)

## **PURPOSE**

#### The purpose of this open house is to:

- Provide a review of the current CAD Standards and procedures
- Share strategy for submittal of Electronic Engineering Data (EED)
- Collaboration Get feedback, comments and concerns
   *Manual* Standards to promote consistent, uniform, and useable deliverables

#### Check Lists (QA/QC)

Projects delivered in a consistent manner following best practices & industry standards

**CTDOT Policies & Directives** 

In house designers and consultant engineers must conform



What are common Electronic Engineering Data (EED) Submittal Types?













# EED is directly related to the FHWA Accelerating Innovation, Every Day Counts Initiatives

EDC-2 3D Engineered Models for Construction

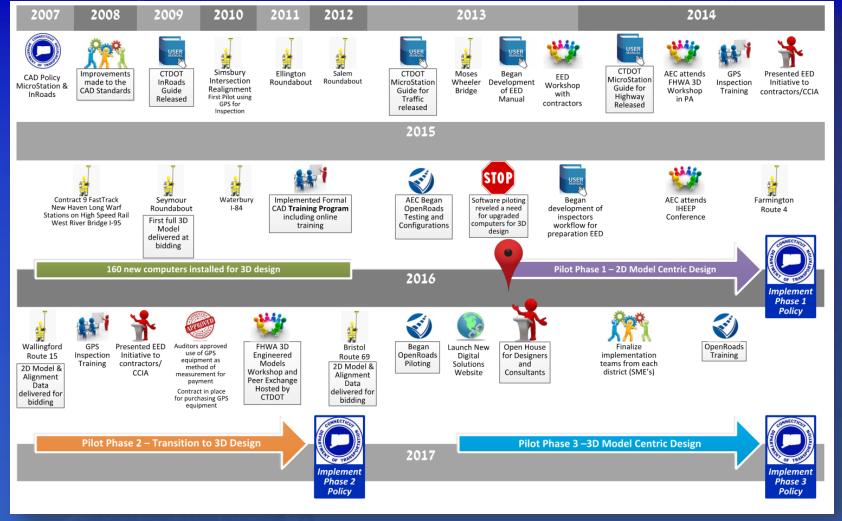
"Using 3D engineered models allows for faster, more accurate and more efficient planning and construction of transportation projects. EDC-2 encouraged a transition from traditional two-dimensional design to 3D modeling as a strategy for shortening project delivery and improving quality and safety on the construction site."

EDC-3 3D Engineered Models: Schedule, Cost and Post-Construction

"Using 3D engineered models enables the highway community to effectively connect a project's design and construction phases. EDC-3 promotes the expansion of 3D applications to manage roadway inventory and assets, improve schedule and cost management, and create accurate as-built records."



#### Continued





2013 – 2016 130 Users have received CT DOT CAD Standards training

Why do we need phases?

Why can't we implement 3D requirements right away?

# "Focused Solutions"

Will enable the CAD support group to build users confidence:

- pushing the need to work geospatially & continue to instill the standard CAD Practices
- 2. fixing common 3D mistakes
- 3. focusing on full 3D using OpenRoads technology

# **CONSTRUCTION INITIATIVES**

#### **Contractor:**

- -Use data for bidding
- -Use data for construction layout
- -Use 3D model for automated for machine guidance

#### Inspectors:

- -Field verification of layout
- -Measurement for payments





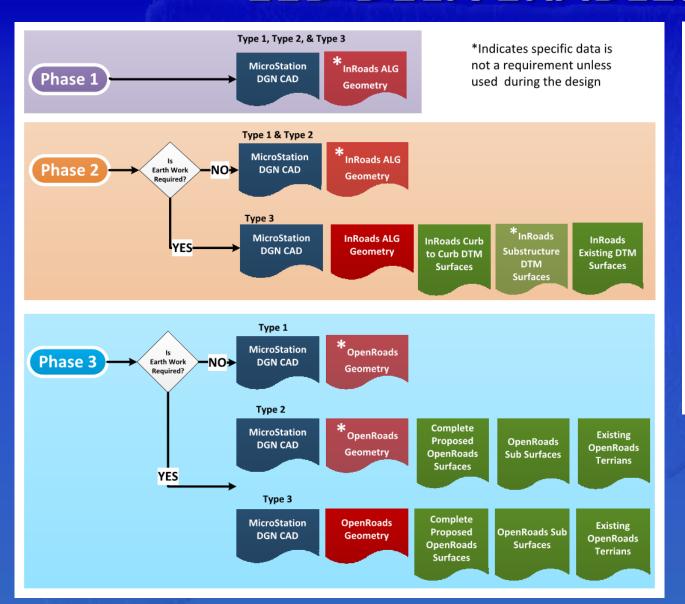
#### Future:

- -4D Scheduling & Cost
- -As-builts
- -Assets





## **EED DELIVERABLES**







# **REVIEW OF CTDOT CAD POLICIES**



## CAD POLICIES

701 COMPLETION OF PLANS

All plans shall be prepared in MicroStation CADD format in accordance with the CONSULTANT DESIGN MANUEL Department's "CADD Manual."

- Title Sheet (s)
- Index Plan and Profile Sheet(s)
- Detailed Estimate Sheet(s)
- Typical Cross Sections, Miscellaneous Details, Dra Intersection Grading Sheet(s)
- Plan Sheet(s)
- Profile Sheet(s)
- Structure Sheet(s)
- Traffic Sheet(s)
- Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Sheet(s)
- Turfing Sheet(s)
- Railroad Sheet(s)
- Sedimentation
- Cross Section
- Utility Sheet(s
- Standard Dra

Each sheet shall show in th

year in which the project is to be a

the highway. An electronic plan border reference file is available from the

Sheets shall be numbered consecutively in the approximate order the plan sheet immediately succeeded by the profile sheet of correspond Note: This policy only represents Computer Aided Design, Sur formats. The Department has additional required softwar disciplines that can be found in the discipline specific De Department's Internet Site.

SUBJECT: Computer Aided Design, Survey, and Roadway Des

It is the policy of this Department to adopt the following softwar

Aided Design, Survey, and Roadway Design related business:

CAD (Computer Aided Design) .....

Current acceptable versions of the Computer Aided Desi Design file formats can be found at www.ct.gov/dot/digit

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### memorandum

to: Mr. Thomas A. Harley Mr. John F. Carey Mr. Joseph J. Obara Manager of State Design

As part of the effort to standardize the Department's contract plans, the Office of Engineering is issuing a CTDOT CAD Standard for all projects initiated after June 1, 2007.

.....Bentley Microstation

Contract Plan CAD Standards

Acting Engineering Administrator

Office of Engineering

April 3, 2007

James H. Morman

Highway Operations

Survey and Roadway Design......Bentley InRoads **POLICY STATEMENT** 

> The new CTDOT CAD Standards will result in uniform, professional contract documents. Such plans will facilitate communications with other engineers, contractors, and stake holders. Delivering and maintaining one CAD Standard promotes efficiency and will help streamline requirements for the consultant community.

> Along with the new CTDOT CAD Standards, there will be a change in Contract Drawing Size. The CTDOT CAD Standard will be an "ANSI D" (34"x22") size. The change in size will allow half scale prints to be printed on 11"v17" paper. The CTDOT Standard borders will be

Please inform all personnel that projects initiated after June 1, 2007 are to be developed using the CTDOT CAD Standards. Users may change existing projects to use the new standards with the approval of the prime designer. MFMORANDUM

POLICY STATEMENT

POL

Mare

styles, new seed files for the "ANSI D" sheet size, along with a new project folder template Representatives from Engineering Applications will be scheduling a meeting with the discipline representatives for help with any migration of discipline standard CAD drawings, details, cells and bar menus. This standard will be available for consultant engineers on our internet site at http://www.ct.gov/dot/digitaldesign after May 16, 2007.

Please see the attachment for the CTDOT CAD Standards. Also attached is a copy of the recently issued ConnDOT Policy No. F&A-24 regarding Computer Aided Design, Survey and Roadway Design Software File Formats.

700-2

Connecticut Depa

### **CAD POLICIES**





#### CTDOT Employees

#### Consultant Engineers Step by Step Instructions for

Installing the CTDOT DDE Version 3



#### CTDOT Guides

MicroStation for Traffic Engineers Version 7

InRoads Guide for Designers Version 6

#### InRoads Guide for Surveyors

liscellaneous Workflows

Project Explorer & Managing Drawing No. October 2011

#### InRoads Survey for Designers October 2015

InRoads Export to HEC-RAS

MicroStation VBI (SELECTseries 3) Version 08.11.09.459 BlueBeam Revu or Extreme Version 2015.1 InRoads VBI (SELECTseries 2) Version 8.11.07.615 This Workspace is not configured to work with OpenRoads

What is the DIDE?

The DIDE (Playar Design Environment) is a complication of electronic fluis that configure a claimt or network of claimt computers to configure a claimt or network or configure for Environment Symbolisms (TEOTS Education (DES) and configured for Environment Productors. The Object establishms users' commercial-off-the-state (TOTS) CHI software institution enthous orders users' commercial-off-the-state (TOTS) CHI software institution enthous orders users' assessed as all the form of the CHI software institutions and all the state of the CHI software institutions all their software in continue developing on its activities of plate configure and spondingstor submission process, and progress trains fully original to plate and spondingstor submission process, and progress trains fully original to the configure of the configure or the configure or the configure of the configure or the configuration or the configure or the configuration or the configure or the configuration or the conf project. In addition, with standardized digital contract plans the Department is also able to implement electronic bidding of digitally signed electronic bid packages.
A full manual for the SELECT series DDE has not been written but wontflows and guides applicable to the SELECT series DDE are available at the bottom of this page. The Diollei Desion Environment Guide that was published with the previous released environment (CTDOT - 2007 Digital Design Environment) may also be a

CAS Environment Cast by the Concentrated Environment.

The stop by that underlies are intent to constitute an agriculture, municipatities and test yet other private parties on how as also the Connecticute Caste and the Connecticute Caste and the Caste and the Institute of the Caste and Institute of the Caste and Institute of the Caste and Institute of Caste and I

Who should use the SELETurkus DDE?

As of September 1s, 2011, all OTOOT Consultent Engineering design assignments and use the SELETurkus DDE with Mindestation and inflicacity lase Policy No. Formats' Policy Inc.

Formats' Policy Includes the Selection of the Selection of the Replacement shall be included in the general cost of color governes from OTOOT and shall not be useful used seatilistics comparation. Consultants working on austing OTOOT projects may migrate from provious Digital Design Environments in the autor SELECTURATE DDE (with more than the surface SELECTURATE).

#### -Access all custom cells, levels & Tasks from Inside MicroStation regardless of discipline.

oiscipline. Lifee all inRinaris resources in the CTDOT DDE repartiess of discipline -use an immost resources in the Ordon Dube regardless of discipline.

-Access to the CTDOT Publishing Tesk

-Access to the Sheet Composition Tesk to ennotation sheets, place border cells

rials the indigitual project deliverables changed with the SELECT sense EULEY. There will be no change in project deliverables at this time unless requested in writing by the Department. Please refer to The Digital Project Development (DPD). Manual for the current requirements. The Department reserves the right to request design information at any time during

#### 304.05 POST-FINAL DESIGN SUBMISSION

Inevitably, revisions to the Final Design Submission will be necessary as a result of the Department's review and processing of final contract documents. Department is satisfied with the condition of the contract documents, the Consulting Engineer shall make a Post-Final Design Submission consisting of the following materials:

- 3 copies of all documents that required revision as a result of the Department's review and processing of final contract documents (except one copy each of original mylars).
- Electronic CADD files for the entire project in conformance with the Department's "CADD Manual." The Consulting Engineer shall coordinate media type with the Project Engineer to ensure compatibility with Department hardware prior to making this submission.

**CONSULTANT DESIGN MANUEL** 

The Department reserves the right to request design information at any time during the design process. This information would contain High Value Data (HVD) such as: InRoads DTMs, Alignments, Drainage Databases, and 3D Models in conformance with the DDE. CTDOT is investigating future submission requirements for HVD 3D and 4D models for GPS Machine Control, GPS inspection techniques, and future modeling applications. **CTDOT WEBSITE** 



## **CAD POLICIES**

CSO Solicitation No. 2271

Design Services for Project No. 0015-0373 - Barnum Station

<u>Prequalification Categories</u> - Facilities Design (All Modal Buildings/Vertical Structures) AND Rail Design AND Bridge and Structure Design

#### FIRMS WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO SUBMIT WILL RECEIVE THIS LETTER IN THE MAIL.

#### IT IS BEING POSTED HERE FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

The Connecticut Department of Transportation (Department) is seeking to engage one (1) prequalified consultant engineering firm, in the categories listed above, to provide engineering services associated with the design of a new railroad station, several railroad bridges and associated railroad infrastructure improvements in the City of Bridgeport (City). This project, often referred to as the "Barnum Station," received a TIGER VII grant from the Federal Transit Administration in the fall of 2015. Both AMTRAK and Metro North Railroad are expected to service this station.

The selected firm will be required to provide preliminary design, design development, final design and design services during construction. It is anticipated the scope of the work will be performed in phases. The first phase of the effort will involve the design and construction of new retaining walls and three railroad bridges to support the track bed which will be widened to accommodate center island platforms for passenger loading. A subsequent second phase of the effort will involve design of cross track pedestrian access as well as vertical circulation from grade to platforms. Separate construction contracts will be pursued for the two phases. A public involvement program will be required, along with coordination with Department and City staff, to ensure design initiatives in the vicinity of the station are

The selected firm must provide all electronic design data (i.e., Ground files, Design files, Digital Terrain Models [surfaces], Alignments, Contract Plans, and/or all other Electronic Engineering Data) in Bentley Systems, Inc. MicroStation V8i (SELECT series 3) and InRoads Suite V8i (SELECT series 2) formats. Submissions will also be required to comply with the Department's Digital Design Environment and the Digital Project Development Manual (<a href="http://www.ct.gov/dot/cwp/view.asp?a=3194&q=483668">http://www.ct.gov/dot/cwp/view.asp?a=3194&q=483668</a>).

#### **Example Solicitation for Consultant Services**

multiphase contract, and will utilize either a lump-sum or cost plus-fixed fee payment method.

If your firm would like to be considered for this assignment, your submittal should consist of a letter-of-interest limited to one (1) page, a Department Form CSO 255 (Revised January 2016) and a maximum of five (5) resumes which are limited to two (2) pages each. One of the resumes must be that of the proposed Project Manager in charge of the work, as well as the <u>assurance</u> that he/she will be available for work when required. (The CSO 255 form can be found online at <a href="https://www.ct.gov/dot/business/consultant/selection">www.ct.gov/dot/business/consultant/selection</a>.) Four (4) copies of the submittal are required and they must be either postmarked or hand-delivered by <a href="https://www.ct.gov/dot/business/consultant/selection">3:00 p.m. on July 14, 2016</a>. Firms, who are shortlisted based on their CSO 255 submittal, will be notified by the Consultant Selection Office of the time and date for their final selection interview. A final selection is anticipated by September 30, 2016.

# REVIEW OF CTDOT CAD STANDARDS

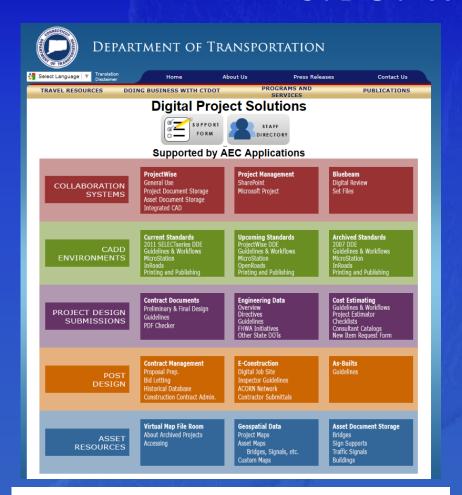
- Benefits
- Useful Resources
- Customized CTDOT MicroStation Workspace
- MicroStation File Types
- Tips for Improvement

# **BENEFITS**

### Following standard CAD practices will

- Ensure consistency throughout the Department (both in-house & consultant engineers)
- Improved productivity
  - Enhancing coordination between design disciplines
  - Ensuring all parts tie together (roadway, structures, & traffic signals)
- Reduce errors
  - Lessing the need for construction change orders
  - improving permitting and ROW coordination
- Improve estimates

# RESOURCES CTDOT Webpages





**SELECTSeries** 

**Digital Project Solutions** 



## **RESOURCES**

Continued

#### CTDOT MicroStation Guides & Classes

Prerequisite

Bentley Training Class

MicroStation V8i Essentials

File Storage Locations
The CTDOT level structure
Customized discipline tasks & tools
Placing design features
Annotation & Dimensioning
Creating geospatial cut sheet
What belongs in a Design vs a Sheet Model
Creating detail sheets





90 Pages - Issued 2014
CTDOT
MicroStation V8i Guide
for Highway Designers



MicroStation V8i Guide
for Traffic Design



# **RESOURCES**

#### CTDOT InRoads Guides & Classes

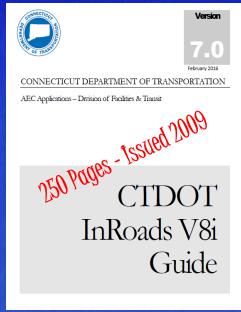
Prerequisite

Bentley Training Classes

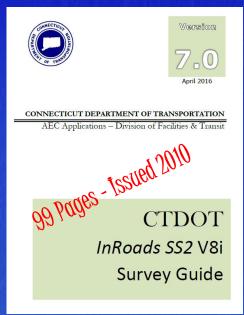
MicroStation V8i Essentials

Moad Fundamentals

Road Fundamentals



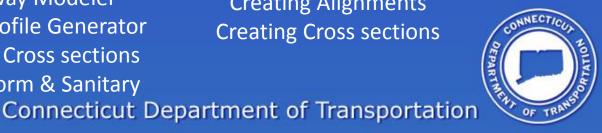
Project Start up
Creating Alignments
Using the CTDOT Template Library
Superelevation
Roadway Modeler
Plan & Profile Generator
Creating Cross sections
Using Storm & Sanitary



Project Start up
Importing Survey Data
Editing the fieldbook
Surface editing
Creating Alignments
Creating Cross sections

Continued





# **RESOURCES**



#### CTDOT Customized Tasks & Tools

A **Task** comprises a MS command with the correct symbology for a pay item/feature

#### Tasks are used to:

- Ease coherence with CTDOT Standards
- Simplify drafting, annotation, & dimensioning
- Promotes the ease of putting features on the correct levels
- Promotes the ease of using standard text sizes and fonts



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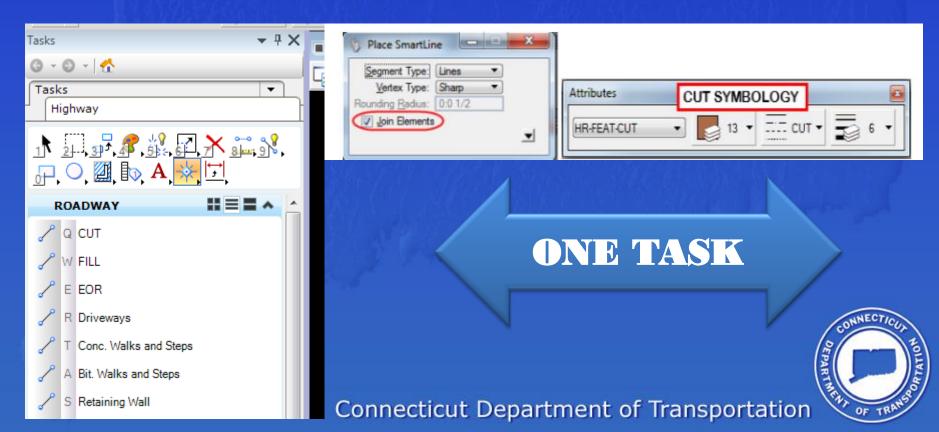
#### CTDOT Customized Tasks & Tools

#### Roadway Task - CUT

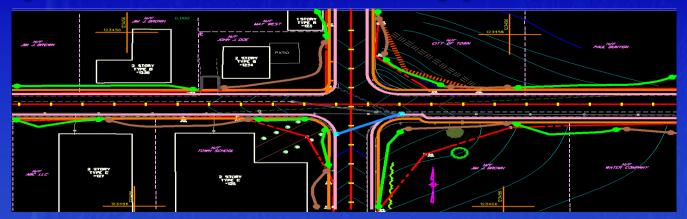
Invokes the Place SmartLine command

Sets the CUT Level Active

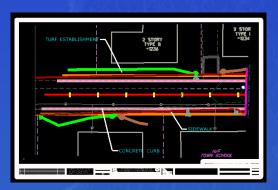
Activates the Template Symbology for a Cut Slope Limit

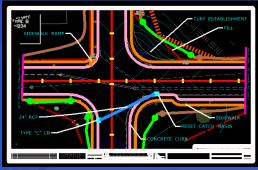


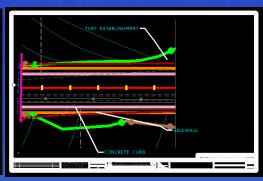
# **Proper CAD Model Types and Usage**



# Design Model w/ Survey Referenced







**Sheet Models** 

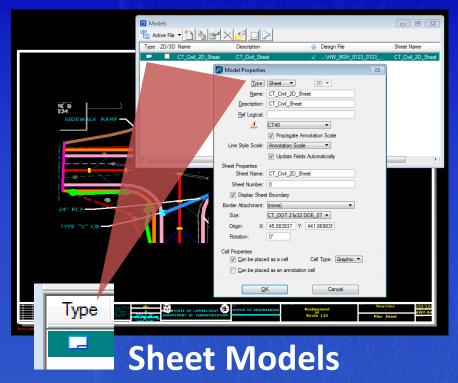
**Contain Border Cell & Call-Outs** 

The Design & Survey is referenced into the sheet

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# **Proper CAD Model Types and Usage**

Continued



Transient Shape for publishing PDFs & plotting Does not display in print, MicroStation recognizes the shape so users do not have to place a fence.

Geospatially Located Sheet File
Used for plan view sheets – contains only annotation

#### **Detail Sheet Fill**

Used for typical sections, miscellaneous details – non-geospatial

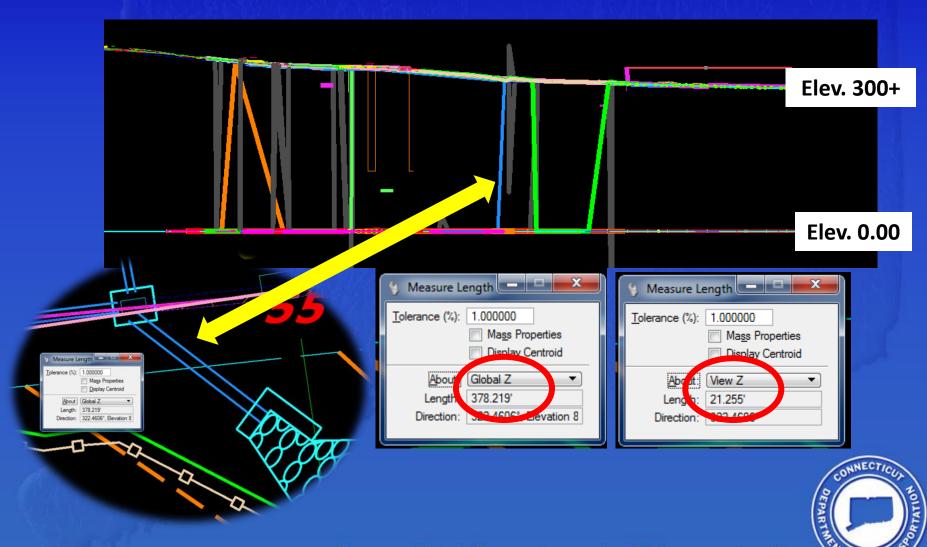
Active Rile Posign File Sheet Name

| Design File | Sheet Name | Description | Design File | Sheet Name | Description | Descript

All geospatial features – horiz. alignment, guiderail layout, sed. Control, signs, pavement markings etc...



Resolve 3D inconstancies



Continuea

### Refrain from copying other units design features

Proposed design elements are being copied from other disiplines instead of referenced. This practice makes it easy to miss critical design updates.

NO COPYING IN OTHER UNITS DESIGN FEATURES, USE REFERENCING

Edge of Road copied in from Highway Design to Signal plan early in design stage

Actual Edge of Road location at Final Design

Proposed Signal equipment is in the wrong location

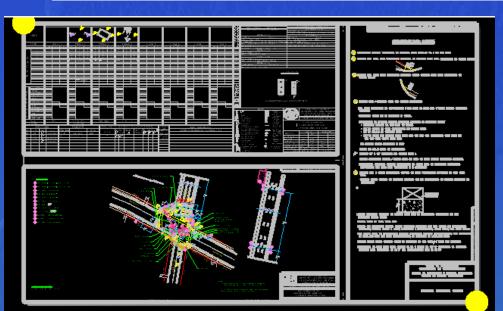


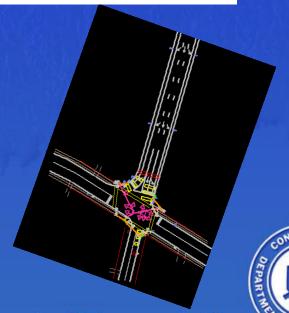
# ESSENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS Continued

Do not place appurtenances/features directly in cut sheet

Design layouts are being placed directly in the sheet model, cut up and portions moved to fit within the sheet border. With these appurtenances no longer in the correct geospatial location other design units can not easily reference them to check for conflicts.

ALL APPURTENANCES/FEATURES WILL BE PLACED IN THE CORRECT GEOSPATIAL LOCATION IN A DESIGN MODEL NOT THE CUT SHEET





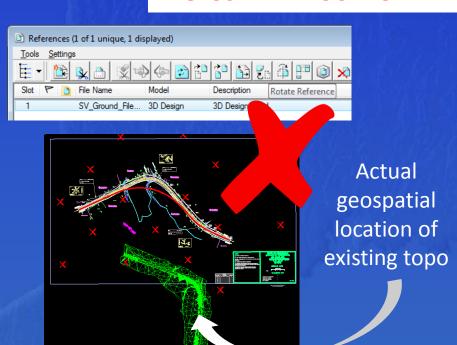
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Continuea

### Place the design in the correct geospatial location

When features are not in the correct geospatial location other design units can not easily reference them to check for conflicts.

ALL FEATURES WILL BE PLACED IN THE CORRECT GEOSPATIAL LOCATION IN A DESIGN MODEL







Video Link



Connecticut Department of Transportation

Continued

#### **Check your Coordinates**



After rotating the **REFERENCE FILE** the coordinates no longer match



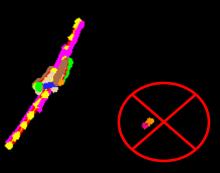
After rotating the **VIEW** the coordinates still match

Continued

### Clean your MicroStation File

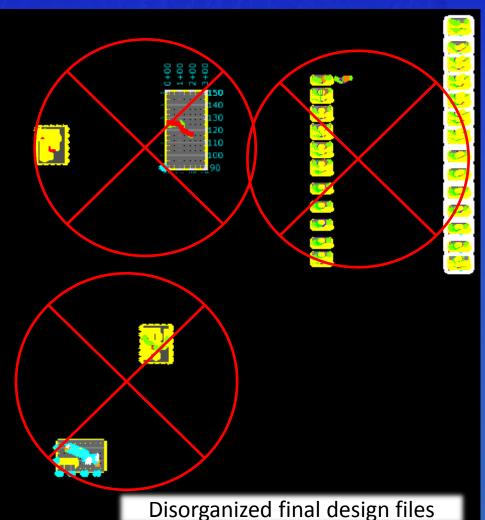
#### **Everything in one File**

plan – profiles – cross sections
OK for InRoads Working File
Not acceptable for Master Design
Model Layout



**Defined Model Types and Uses** 





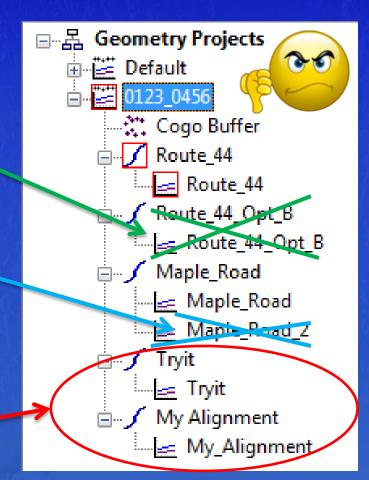
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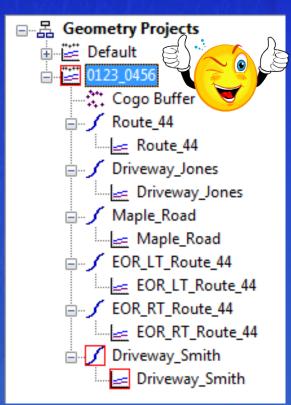
### Consistent InRoads geometry naming

Only the final option should be included

Only one profile should be present for each horizontal

The names are not intuitive





Names of alignment shall be intuitive and easy to understand

## **CAD STANDARDS REVIEW**

### 5 Easy Steps to a Clean CAD File

1. Do not copy in other units features

#### **USE REFERENCING**

2. Place all features in the correct geospatial location

#### ROTATE THE VIEW NOT THE REFERENCE FILES

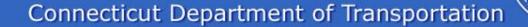
3. Follow CTDOT procedures for defined model types

#### SHEET VS DESIGN

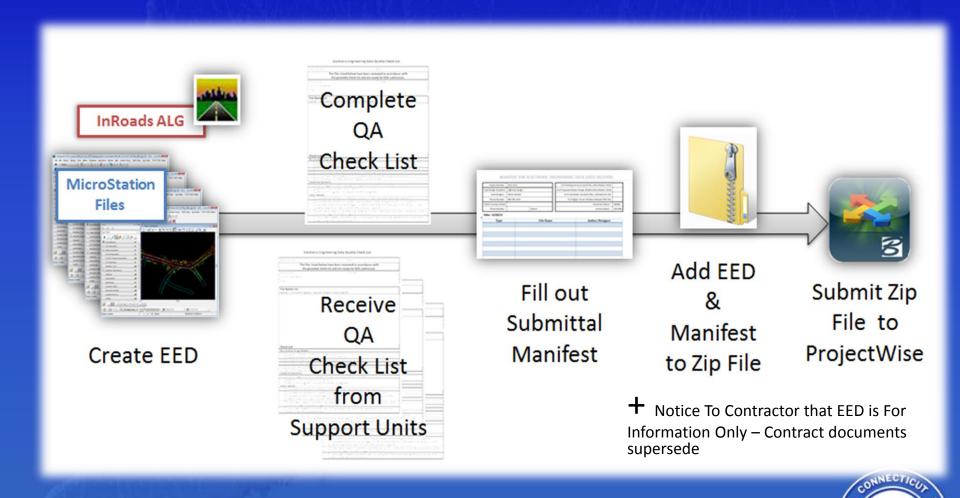
4. Use CTDOT Customized Tasks and Tools **DO NOT CREATE YOUR OWN LEVELS** 

5. Only the current design data should be present

#### **DELETE OLD DATA**



# PHASE 1 - 2D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

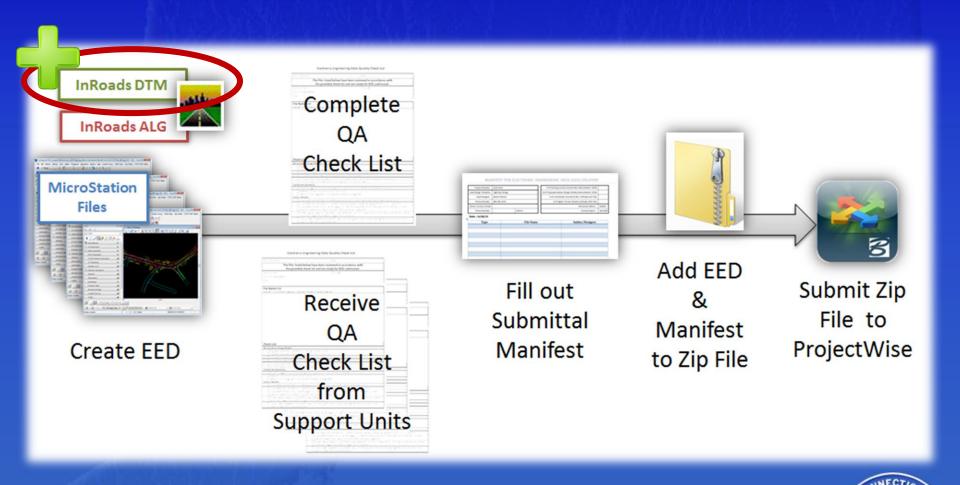


# PHASE 1 - 2D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

**Continued** 

#### **QA CHECK LIST**

Check List	
Mic	roStation Design Models
	All graphical elements are at the correct geospatial location.
	All graphical elements are placed on the correct CT DOT Level.
	Files are free of all cross sections, profiles, construction lines for design purposes.
	Files are free of annotation that should reside in the cut sheets.
	Files have clean reference attachments, only needed reference files & no redundant references.
	All 3D files have lines and elements at the proper elevation (no spikes).
Coo	rdinate Geometry
	Only final alignments are included (preliminary and alternate information has been removed).
	Alignments names and descriptions are intuitive.
	Each horizontal alignment has only one child vertical alignment.
Surf	ace Models
	Visualized breakline features and they appear to be consistent and match the 2D MicroStation file.
	Visualized breakline features, no vertical faces are present; breaklines appear to be horizontally offset.
	Visualized both the contours and triangles in a 3D file. Looked at it from the top and front, side, and isometric
	view. No irregular dips, spikes or voids in the surface are apparent.
	Triangles were viewed on top of the proposed design file. The triangles do not cross obvious breaklines such as
	centerlines, edges of pavement, edges of shoulders, etc.
	Contours were viewed to ensure the low points line up with the proposed drainage structures and structure
	flowlines match the proposed surface.

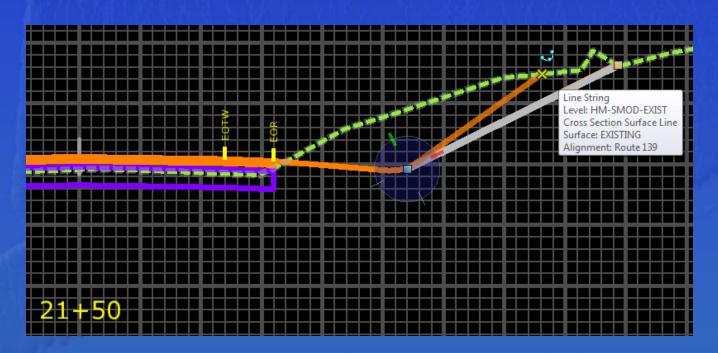


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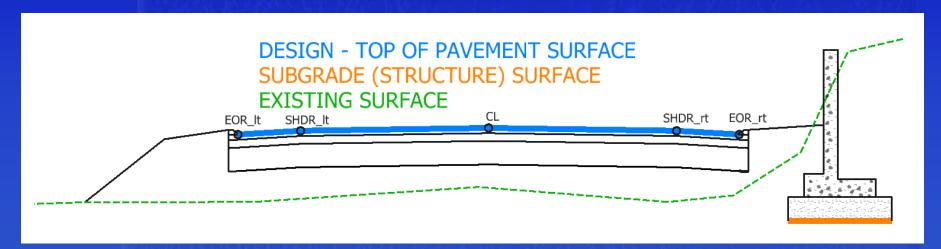
**Current Practice of Manual Cross Section Editing** 

Slope limit modified in cross section using the MicroStation Modify Element Tool

- No connection to the InRoads Surface.
- Requires manual modification to slope limit Plan Graphic
- Subject to error
- The InRoads surface no longer matches the Cross Section or Plan View



Continued



#### **Existing Ground**

undisturbed ground surface prior to construction.

#### **Design (Top of Pavement)**

the project design as generated by InRoads using the horizontal alignments, vertical alignments, templates, roadway definitions and surfaced editing tools.

#### Subgrade (Structure)

Bottom of excavation for footings, box culverts, piers, abutments, sign supports etc....



Continued

#### **Check List**

#### Surface Models

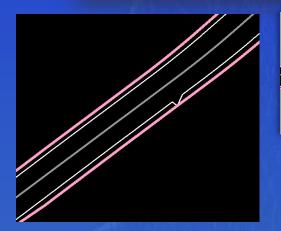
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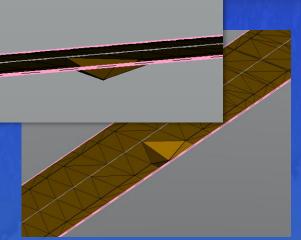
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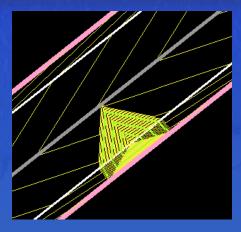
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A Bad Breakline



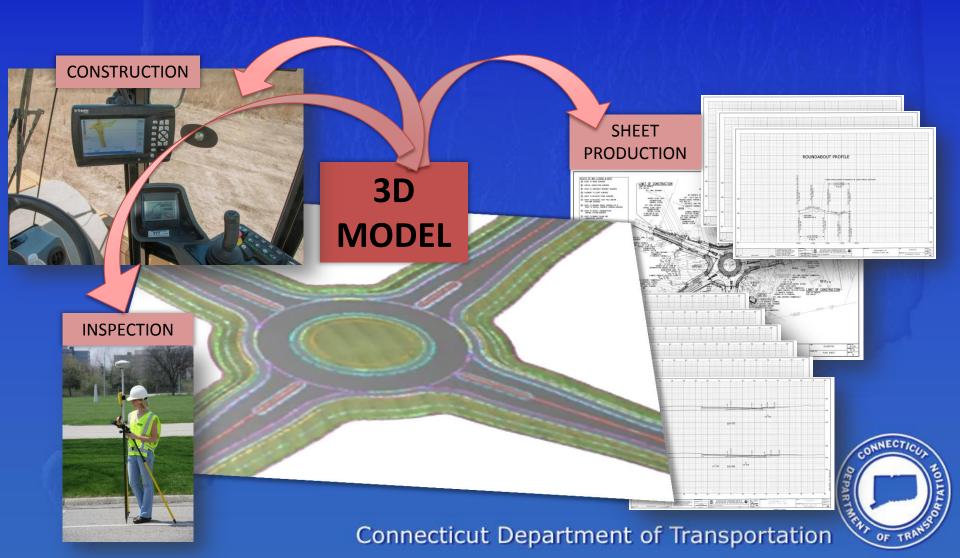
Results in Spiking Triangles



Creates Inconsistent Contours

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# PHASE 3 3D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

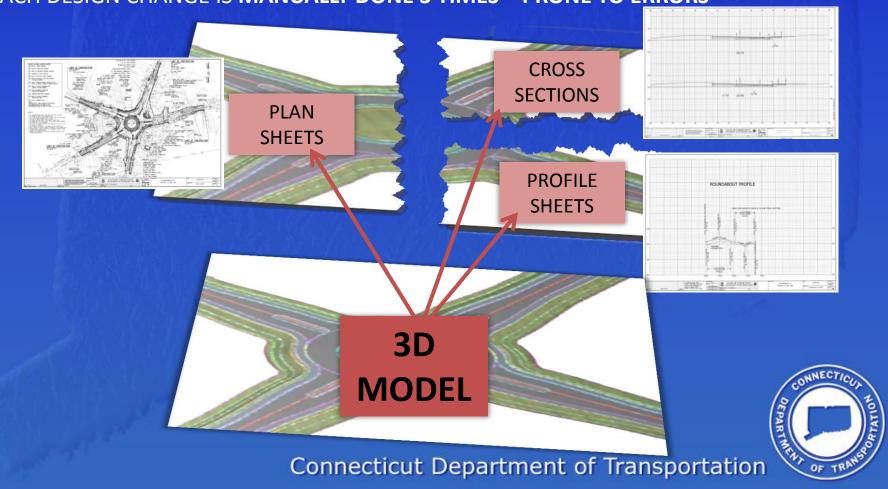


# PHASE 3 – 3D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

Continued

### CTDOT Current Practices use Non-Centric Models

INITIAL ROADWAY COORIDOR IS CREATED IN 3D MODEL IS CUT INTO 2D PLANS, PROFILES AND CROSS SECTIONS. EACH DESIGN CHANGE IS **MANUALLY DONE 3 TIMES = PRONE TO ERRORS** 



# PHASE 3 – 3D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

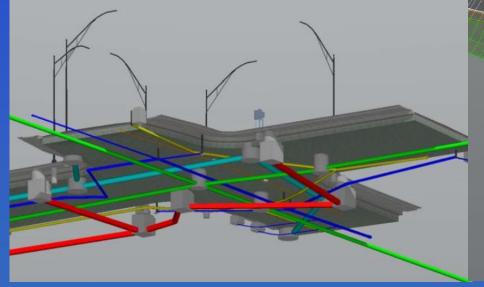
Continued

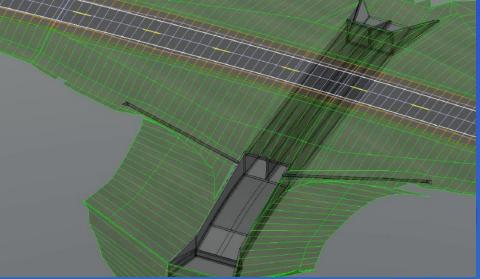
- 3D surface models beyond the pavement limits Sideslopes,
   Ditches, driveways, bridges ect...
  - ✓ Existing
  - ✓ Top
  - ✓ Base Courses
  - ✓ Subgrade
  - ✓ Substratum
- 3D models for field use need to be created in a 3D environment, not reverse-engineered from 2D
- Models will be "true" data source for plan sheets
- Additional content
  - ✓ Horizontal alignments
  - ✓ Vertical profiles
  - ✓ Longitudinal breaklines
  - ✓ Superelevation transition information
  - ✓ 3D Storm Drainage Models

# PHASE 3 – 3D MODEL CENTRIC DESIGN

# Benefits

- Valuable tool to represent data to others (designers, contractors, stakeholders and the pubic)
- Serves as base model to aid in constructability analysis
- Easy to identify where proposed road & structure may not match
- Easy identification of vertical clearance issues
- Easier modeling of drainage & identification of Subsurface conflicts
- Improve sight distance determination
- Design changes are easier to incorporate (parametric modeling)





# OVERVIEW OF OPENROADS TECHNOLOGY

# Why do we need OpenRoads Technology to implement 3D Model Centric Design?

New 3D surface type enabling the

use of larger:
Roadway Corridors
Existing Terrains
Site Models

InRoads would crash when trying to handle large files

#### Parametric modeling capabilities

Incorporates rules, relationships, and constraints into the modeling workflow "Design Intent"

Not available with InRoads

#### Dynamic models

Sites automatically respond to modifications made to a corridor.

InRoads site model had no connection to the corridor model

#### Civil Cells

Allow the repurpose of common geometric configurations in design layouts to ensure design standards are held "Easy to add Driveways & Intersections – finish the model"

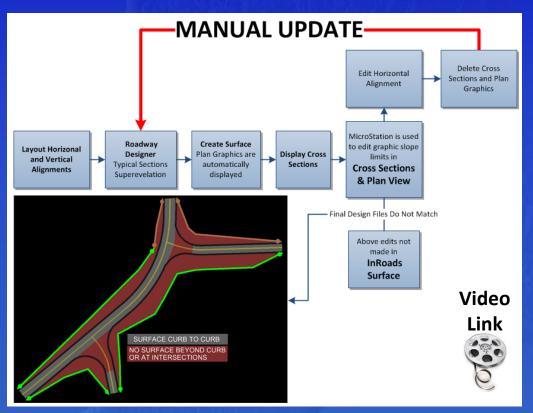
Very difficult and time consuming to finish the model using InRoads

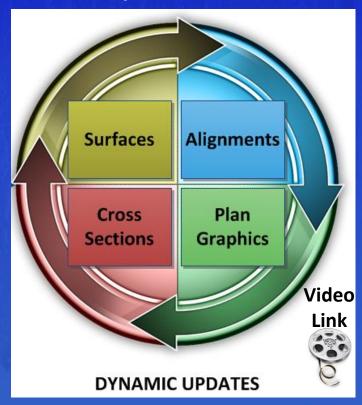


# OVERVIEW OF OPENROADS TECHNOLOGY

InRoads

**OpenRoads** 





Surface Modeling



# **OPENROADS IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**

## Scope

- InRoads SS2 to OpenRoads SS4
- New Level Structure
- Parametric Constraints
- Annotation Scale
- ProjectWise Managed workspace (no network install)
- 200 ± Inhouse Designers and Surveyors
- 500± Consultants Engineers

# **OPENROADS IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**

### Schedule

#### Currently

- All of Highway Design has upgraded workstations
- Maintenance release OpenRoads testing completed

#### Summer 2016

- All In house users will receive the software install
- Begin OpenRoads in house pilots

#### Fall 2016

- In house Surveyors OpenRoads training
- In house Designers OpenRoads training

Full Implementation Date - T.B.D.

# **CLOSING**

Summary of Phases

Phase 1 – Q4 2016

2D Model Centric Design

Phase 2 – Q2 2017

- 2D Model Centric Design
- > Transition to 3D

Phase 3 – Q4 2017

- 2D Model Centric Design
- 3D Model Centric Design

Please email any comments to:

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Connecticut Department of Transportation