

Summary Tables by Cause of Death, 1996-1998

Tables for 62 causes of death summarize AAMR and YPLL time trends by gender and race/ethnicity and provide comparisons for racial/ethnic groups.

	Page		Page
All causes	1	Hypertension with or without renal disease	32
Infectious and parasitic disease	2	Hypertension-related causes	33
Septicemia	3	Cerebrovascular disease	34
Septicemia-related disease	4	Atherosclerosis	35
HIV infection	5	Atherosclerosis-related causes	36
All cancer	6	Aortic aneurysm	37
Oral cavity or pharynx cancer	7	Pneumonia & influenza	38
Colorectal cancer	8	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	39
Colon cancer	9	COPD-related causes	40
Rectal cancer	10	Asthma	41
Pancreatic cancer	11	Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis	42
Lung & other respiratory cancer	12	Nephritis, nephritic syndrome, nephrosis	43
Lung cancer	13	Nephritis-related causes	44
Malignant melanoma of the skin	14	End stage renal disease	45
Female breast cancer	15	Unintentional injuries	46
Cervical cancer	16	Motor vehicle accidents	47
Endometrial cancer	17	Falls and fall-related injuries	48
Ovarian cancer	18	Drowning	49
Prostate cancer	19	Residential fires	50
Bladder cancer	20	Suicide	51
Brain & other CNS cancer	21	Homicide and legal intervention	52
Leukemia	22	Homicide	53
Diabetes mellitus	23	All injury	54
Diabetes-related causes	24	All motor vehicle accidents	55
Diabetic ketoacidosis	25	All falls	56
Alzheimer's diseases	26	All firearms	57
Cardiovascular disease	27	Suicide	58
Diseases of the heart	28	Homicide	59
Heart disease-related causes	29	All poisoning	60
Coronary heart disease	30	Alcohol-induced	61
Congestive heart failure	31	Drug-induced	62

**Table 1. All Causes of Death¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	88,566	815.1	↓↓↓	6,648.1	↓↓↓
All males	42,173	999.0	↓↓↓	8,386.5	↓↓↓
White	38,650	978.0	↓↓↓	7,555.8	↓↓↓
Black	3,118	1,270.9***	↓↓↓	17,041.0***	↓↓↓
Asian PI	171	374.2***	ns	3,072.6***	ns
Native American	56	761.8	ns	10,907.3	ns
Hispanic	1,351	729.3***	ns	10,202.2***	ns
All females	46,393	684.3	ns	4,972.6	↓
White	43,320	671.4	ns	4,524.0	ns
Black	2,780	846.9***	ns	9,236.4***	ns
Asian PI	141	259.1***	ns	2,149.7***	ns
Native American	34	356.1***	ns	4,895.8	ns
Hispanic	934	434.7***	ns	4,910.9	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 1-E999.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:

*** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.

↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 2. Infectious Disease and Parasitic Disease Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	2,609	24.6	ns	459.1	ns
All males	1,476	32.4	ns	630.3	ns
White	1,014	24.6	ns	409.9	↓
Black	297	89.8***	ns	2,311.9***	↓
Asian PI	6	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	175	60.6***	ns	1,716.1***	ns
All females	1,133	18.0	ns	293.6	ns
White	850	13.9	ns	179.4	ns
Black	177	43.6***	ns	1,037.5***	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	83	27.5***	ns	690.1***	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 1-139.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 3. Septicemia Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,147	10.4	↓↓	55.8	↓
All males	509	12.4	ns	65.6	ns
White	461	11.9	ns	52.7	ns
Black	45	20.0*	ns	211.0***	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	15	—		—	
All females	638	9.1	↓	46.8	ns
White	584	8.7	↓	39.3	ns
Black	52	16.5**	ns	136.0**	ns
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	18	9.6	na	66.7	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 038.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 4. Septicemia-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	4,238	38.8	↓↓↓	254.9	↓↓
All males	1,948	46.6	↓↓	296.8	↓↓
White	1,752	44.7	↓	256.8	ns
Black	188	85.7***	ns	805.6***	↓
Asian PI	6	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	74	46.7	ns	491.7**	ns
All females	2,290	33.8	↓	216.0	ns
White	2,090	32.3	↓	188.9	ns
Black	190	58.8***	ns	506.3***	ns
Asian PI	7	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	51	26.0	ns	228.5	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 038. "Septicemia-related" deaths include those for which septicemia is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 5. HIV Infection Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	755	7.4	↓↓	265.0	↓↓
All males	551	11.0	↓↓↓	381.4	↓↓↓
White	338	7.5	↓	264.1	↓↓
Black	213	56.1***	ns	1,831.4***	↓
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	131	40.6***	ns	1,333.7***	ns
All females	204	3.9	ns	152.4	ns
White	102	2.3	ns	89.7	ns
Black	101	21.1***	ns	763.5***	ns
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	51	13.4***	ns	498.0***	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 042-044.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 6. All Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	21,300	199.0	↓↓↓	1,566.2	↓↓↓
All males	10,602	243.8	↓↓↓	1,632.6	↓↓↓
White	9,828	240.3	↓↓↓	1,577.9	↓↓
Black	715	332.8***	ns	2,588.9***	↓
Asian PI	46	102.1***	ns	686.5***	ns
Native American	13	—		—	
Hispanic	208	148.3***	ns	1,186.9**	ns
All females	10,698	171.9	ns	1,510.5	↓
White	10,027	171.8	ns	1,494.4	ns
Black	614	187.3	ns	1,799.1*	ns
Asian PI	44	71.7***	na	779.6***	na
Native American	10	—		—	
Hispanic	181	86.2***	ns	959.3***	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 140-208.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 7. Oral Cavity or Pharynx Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	279	2.7	↓↓↓	25.8	↓↓↓
All males	175	3.9	↓↓↓	40.6	↓↓
White	149	3.6	↓↓↓	34.6	↓↓
Black	24	9.6*	ns	116.8*	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	7	—		—	
All females	104	1.7	ns	11.8	ns
White	98	1.7	ns	11.6	ns
Black	4	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	1	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 140.0-149.9.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 8. Colorectal Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	2,237	20.6	↓↓↓	123.2	↓
All males	1,068	24.8	↓↓↓	144.7	ns
White	999	24.6	↓↓↓	138.5	ns
Black	64	27.3	ns	255.5*	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	25	17.4	na	142.2	na
All females	1,169	17.8	↓↓↓	103.7	ns
White	1,097	17.5	↓↓↓	96.1	↓
Black	65	19.9	ns	185.5*	ns
Asian PI	7	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	15	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 153.0-154.3, 154.8, and 159.0.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 9. Colon Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,841	16.9	↓↓↓	98.7	↓
All males	866	20.1	↓↓↓	112.6	ns
White	809	19.9	↓↓↓	108.4	ns
Black	52	23.3	ns	195.5*	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	22	16.1	na	118.1	na
All females	975	14.8	↓↓↓	86.1	ns
White	908	14.5	↓↓↓	77.7	↓
Black	61	18.6	ns	171.9**	ns
Asian PI	6	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	9	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 153.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 10. Rectal Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	362	3.4	ns	23.2	ns
All males	186	4.3	ns	31.0	ns
White	174	4.2	ns	29.0	ns
Black	12	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	3	—		—	
All females	176	2.7	ns	15.9	ns
White	171	2.8	ns	16.5	ns
Black	4	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	6	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 154.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 11. Pancreatic Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,237	11.5	ns	76.8	ns
All males	579	13.0	ns	90.7	ns
White	539	12.9	ns	89.3	ns
Black	38	16.5	ns	132.7	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	8	—		—	
All females	658	10.2	ns	64.2	ns
White	613	10.1	ns	62.6	ns
Black	43	14.1	ns	87.5	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	7	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 157.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 12. Lung and Other Respiratory Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	5,787	54.4	ns	415.0	↓↓
All males	3,233	72.7	↓↓	493.4	↓↓↓
White	2,998	71.7	↓↓	476.9	↓↓
Black	221	100.7***	ns	790.6***	↓
Asian PI	11	—		—	
Native American	3	—		—	
Hispanic	40	28.2***	ns	229.4***	ns
All females	2,554	42.0	↑↑	344.6	ns
White	2,420	42.6	↑↑	346.1	ns
Black	126	37.9	ns	367.0	ns
Asian PI	7	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	25	13.6***	ns	91.0***	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 160-165.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 13. Lung Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	5,610	52.7	ns	398.6	↓↓
All males	3,107	69.9	↓↓	468.9	↓↓↓
White	2,890	69.1	↓↓	455.8	↓↓
Black	203	93.5**	ns	711.4**	↓
Asian PI	11	—		—	
Native American	3	—		—	
Hispanic	36	25.5***	ns	206.2***	ns
All females	2,503	41.2	↑↑	335.7	ns
White	2,378	41.8	↑↑	339.3	ns
Black	119	35.8	ns	341.6	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	25	13.6***	ns	91.0***	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 162.2-.9.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 14. Malignant Melanoma of the Skin Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	281	2.7	ns	30.8	ns
All males	161	3.6	ns	38.1	ns
White	160	3.8	ns	42.1	ns
Black	1	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	3	—		—	
All females	120	2.0	ns	24.1	ns
White	120	2.1	ns	27.0	ns
Black	0				
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 172.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 15. Female Breast Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,796				
All females	1,796	30.0	↓	353.4	↓
White	1,653	29.7	↓	344.0	↓
Black	135	39.5*	ns	496.2*	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	33	13.2***	ns	252.9	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 174.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 16. Cervical Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	127				
All females	127	2.2	ns	42.8	ns
White	101	1.9	ns	36.3	ns
Black	22	5.8**	ns	105.7*	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	11	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 180.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 17. Endometrial Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	135				
All females	135	2.1	ns	13.0	ns
White	126	2.1	ns	13.2	ns
Black	9	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 182.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 18. Ovarian Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	522				
All females	522	8.6	ns	81.1	ns
White	505	8.9	ns	87.3	ns
Black	15	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	10	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 183.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 19. Prostate Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,253				
All males	1,253	31.0	↓	56.1	↓
White	1,132	29.5	↓	49.4	↓↓
Black	116	71.2***	ns	164.9***	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	15	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 185.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 20. Bladder Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	555	5.0	ns	18.6	ns
All males	370	8.9	ns	30.9	ns
White	362	9.2	ns	31.7	ns
Black	8	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	
All females	185	2.7	ns	7.3	ns
White	179	2.7	ns	8.0	ns
Black	6	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	4	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 188.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 21. Brain & Other Central Nervous System (CNS) Cancer Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	454	4.4	ns	65.2	ns
All males	244	5.4	ns	80.6	ns
White	235	5.6	ns	86.7	ns
Black	9	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	4	—		—	
All females	210	3.6	ns	50.2	ns
White	199	3.7	ns	53.3	ns
Black	9	—		—	
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 191-192.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 22. Leukemia Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	797	7.5	ns	80.5	ns
All males	437	10.0	ns	89.5	ns
White	409	10.0	ns	88.6	ns
Black	22	9.4	ns	93.9	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	3	—		—	
Hispanic	18	11.7	na	116.2	na
All females	360	5.8	ns	72.6	ns
White	342	5.9	ns	71.2	ns
Black	16	4.6	ns	80.3	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	6	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 204-208.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 23. Diabetes Mellitus Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,991	18.4	↑↑↑	117.6	↑
All males	933	21.8	↑↑↑	134.4	ns
White	825	20.5	↑↑↑	116.7	ns
Black	100	48.0***	ns	346.6***	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	42	30.3	na	227.8*	na
All females	1,058	16.2	↑↑	102.0	↑
White	941	15.1	↑↑	92.0	↑
Black	115	36.3***	ns	244.5***	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	33	17.8	ns	120.6	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 250.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↑↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 24. Diabetes-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	7,600	69.8	ns	366.2	ns
All males	3,651	85.4	ns	446.3	ns
White	3,343	83.0	ns	405.5	ns
Black	283	131.3***	ns	989.9***	ns
Asian PI	19	44.0**	na	248.1	na
Native American	4	—		—	
Hispanic	133	98.1	ns	729.2***	ns
All females	3,949	59.1	ns	292.4	ns
White	3,516	55.1	ns	251.8	ns
Black	416	134.2***	ns	799.6***	ns
Asian PI	11	—		—	
Native American	6	—		—	
Hispanic	133	73.3*	ns	444.6**	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 250. "Diabetes-related" deaths include those for which diabetes is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 25. Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA) Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	39	0.4	ns	6.2	ns
All males	23	0.5	na	9.3	na
White	19	0.4	na	6.6	na
Black	4	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	0				
All females	16	0.3	na	3.2	na
White	13	—		—	
Black	3	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	1	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 250.1.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 26. Alzheimer's Disease Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	763	6.7	ns	4.8	ns
All males	222	5.9	ns	4.8	ns
White	220	6.1	ns	5.2	ns
Black	2	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	
All females	541	7.1	↑	4.8	ns
White	528	7.3	↑	5.2	ns
Black	12	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	6	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 331.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 27. Cardiovascular Disease Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	37,333	338.1	↓↓↓	1,402.6	↓↓↓
All males	16,747	406.6	↓↓↓	1,939.5	↓↓↓
White	15,760	405.5	↓↓↓	1,845.7	↓↓
Black	906	432.8	↓↓	3,343.3***	↓↓
Asian PI	56	138.5***	ns	741.9***	ns
Native American	21	312.4	ns	3,268.3	ns
Hispanic	321	233.6***	ns	1,743.7	ns
All females	20,586	285.7	↓↓↓	905.5	ns
White	19,401	280.5	↓↓↓	804.2	ns
Black	1,118	368.4***	ns	2,121.5***	ns
Asian PI	54	120.1***	ns	444.0**	ns
Native American	8	—		—	
Hispanic	319	176.4***	ns	974.7	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 390-459.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 28. Diseases of the Heart Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	29,251	265.4	↓↓↓	1,159.4	↓↓↓
All males	13,582	328.5	↓↓↓	1,647.7	↓↓↓
White	12,772	327.6	↓↓↓	1,576.2	↓↓
Black	748	356.5	↓	2,738.8***	↓
Asian PI	39	90.2***	ns	574.3***	ns
Native American	19	277.7	na	3,052.9	na
Hispanic	251	184.8***	ns	1,333.2	ns
All females	15,669	217.8	↓↓↓	707.0	ns
White	14,764	213.8	↓↓↓	620.9	ns
Black	864	282.5***	ns	1,723.8***	ns
Asian PI	33	68.8***	na	315.7**	na
Native American	4	—		—	
Hispanic	248	136.9***	ns	756.4	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 390-398,402, and 404-429.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 29. Heart Disease-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	49,091	446.2	↓↓↓	2,136.9	↓↓↓
All males	22,854	552.1	↓↓↓	2,840.9	↓↓↓
White	21,335	547.0	↓↓↓	2,645.8	↓↓↓
Black	1,406	649.4***	↓↓↓	5,615.2***	↓↓↓
Asian PI	80	209.8***	ns	947.9***	ns
Native American	29	403.0	ns	5,526.4*	ns
Hispanic	519	352.3***	ns	3,142.6*	ns
All females	26,237	371.1	↓↓↓	1,481.8	↓
White	24,649	363.9	↓↓↓	1,315.5	↓
Black	1,510	484.3***	ns	3,429.7***	ns
Asian PI	62	132.0***	ns	579.4***	↑
Native American	11	—		—	
Hispanic	454	239.8***	ns	1,669.6*	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 390-398,402, and 404-429. "Heart Disease-related" deaths include those for which heart disease is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 30. Coronary Heart Disease (CHD) Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	20,903	189.7	↓↓↓	785.5	↓↓↓
All males	10,077	243.0	↓↓↓	1,187.4	↓↓↓
White	9,534	243.7	↓↓↓	1,159.9	↓↓
Black	501	245.6	ns	1,703.6***	ns
Asian PI	29	62.7***	ns	436.9***	ns
Native American	11	—		—	
Hispanic	163	130.3***	ns	747.9***	ns
All females	10,826	150.0	↓↓↓	413.6	ns
White	10,224	147.5	↓↓↓	365.0	ns
Black	575	189.9***	ns	1,010.9***	ns
Asian PI	22	46.8***	na	184.8**	na
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	157	88.2***	ns	470.1	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 402,410-414, and 429.2.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 31. Congestive Heart Failure (CHF) Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,693	15.0	↑↑	20.9	ns
All males	566	14.8	ns	19.3	ns
White	546	15.0	ns	18.8	ns
Black	20	12.0	ns	33.1	ns
Asian PI	0	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	7	—		—	
All females	1,127	14.9	↑↑↑	22.6	ns
White	1,080	14.9	↑↑↑	20.2	ns
Black	45	15.8	↑	53.0	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	13	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 428.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↑↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 32. Hypertension With or Without Renal Disease Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	458	4.2	ns	17.8	ns
All males	158	3.9	ns	20.0	ns
White	139	3.6	ns	14.7	ns
Black	18	7.1	ns	92.9**	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	3	—		—	
All females	300	4.2	ns	15.8	ns
White	267	3.9	ns	11.9	ns
Black	30	9.6**	ns	59.4*	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 401 and 403.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 33. Hypertension-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	6,314	57.4	↑↑↑	226.1	ns
All males	2,525	60.2	↑↑↑	287.1	ns
White	2,269	57.4	↑↑↑	246.5	ns
Black	243	113.1***	ns	877.5***	ns
Asian PI	11	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	51	40.8*	ns	241.2	ns
All females	3,789	53.7	↑↑↑	169.9	ns
White	3,442	50.5	↑↑	127.2	ns
Black	331	106.0***	ns	679.6***	ns
Asian PI	13	—		—	
Native American	3	—		—	
Hispanic	62	36.5*	ns	142.5	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 401 and 403. "Hypertension-related" deaths include those for which hypertension is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↑↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 34. Cerebrovascular Disease Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	5,786	51.9	ns	163.8	ns
All males	2,132	53.0	ns	184.3	ns
White	2,012	52.9	ns	166.1	ns
Black	105	50.1	↓	422.2***	ns
Asian PI	13	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	55	39.7	ns	305.3*	ns
All females	3,654	50.3	ns	144.8	ns
White	3,451	49.5	ns	133.9	ns
Black	182	62.1*	ns	282.0**	ns
Asian PI	17	42.2	na	103.6	na
Native American	3	—		—	
Hispanic	59	32.9**	ns	183.1	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 430-438. *Healthy People 2000* refers to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "stroke."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 35. Atherosclerosis Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	553	4.9	↓↓↓	8.5	ns
All males	202	5.3	ns	11.3	ns
White	194	5.4	ns	11.9	ns
Black	8	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	1	—		—	
All females	351	4.6	↓↓	5.9	ns
White	339	4.6	↓↓	5.5	ns
Black	12	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 440.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 36. Atherosclerosis-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	2,350	20.9	↓↓↓	41.2	ns
All males	911	23.1	↓↓↓	54.8	ns
White	869	23.2	↓↓↓	53.0	ns
Black	40	25.2	ns	74.5	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	15	—		—	
All females	1,439	19.2	↓↓↓	28.7	ns
White	1,360	18.8	↓↓↓	24.9	ns
Black	79	27.6*	ns	82.0**	ns
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	13	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 440. "Atherosclerosis-related" deaths include those for which atherosclerosis is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 37. Aortic Aneurysm Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	680	6.1	ns	22.7	ns
All males	400	9.5	ns	37.8	ns
White	393	9.8	ns	39.2	ns
Black	7	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	6	—		—	
All females	280	4.0	ns	9.0	ns
White	269	4.0	ns	8.3	ns
Black	11	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	3	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 441.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 38. Pneumonia & Influenza Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	3,609	32.2	↓↓	96.0	ns
All males	1,621	42.2	ns	125.8	ns
White	1,524	41.9	ns	107.0	ns
Black	87	44.0	ns	352.0***	ns
Asian PI	8	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	30	24.9**	ns	129.8	ns
All females	1,988	26.6	↓	67.7	ns
White	1,892	26.4	↓	62.9	ns
Black	91	30.9	ns	136.5*	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	32	18.4*	ns	73.4	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 480-487.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 39. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	3,700	33.5	↑↑↑	123.2	ns
All males	1,695	41.0	ns	122.5	ns
White	1,645	42.0	ns	121.0	ns
Black	45	22.0***	↓	150.4	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	32	21.7***	na	197.5	na
All females	2,005	29.9	↑↑↑	124.3	ns
White	1,955	30.7	↑↑↑	119.5	ns
Black	50	15.1***	ns	173.2	ns
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	31	16.2***	ns	126.5	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 490-496.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:

*** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.

— Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.

5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

↑↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.

↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 40. COPD-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	8,538	77.4	↑↑↑	278.2	ns
All males	4,202	101.4	↓	301.5	ns
White	4,035	102.6	ns	297.8	ns
Black	155	83.4*	ns	400.6	ns
Asian PI	7	—		—	
Native American	5	—		—	
Hispanic	79	66.5***	ns	327.6	ns
All females	4,336	64.1	↑↑↑	258.9	↑
White	4,202	65.4	↑↑↑	252.9	↑
Black	129	41.5***	ns	332.4	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	65	34.6***	ns	244.2	ns

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 490-496. "COPD-related" deaths include those for which COPD is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↑↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 41. Asthma Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	166	1.6	ns	28.1	↑
All males	52	1.2	ns	24.2	ns
White	39	1.0	ns	21.3	ns
Black	10	—		—	
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	12	—		—	
All females	114	1.9	ns	31.6	ns
White	100	1.8	ns	24.6	ns
Black	14	—		—	
Asian PI	0	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	12	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 493.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 42. Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	882	8.6	ns	133.8	ns
All males	548	11.9	ns	196.6	ns
White	509	11.9	ns	198.3	ns
Black	36	12.6	ns	224.0	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	55	25.8**	ns	511.8***	ns
All females	334	5.7	ns	74.4	ns
White	311	5.7	ns	73.4	ns
Black	22	5.5	ns	100.3	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	22	10.3	na	117.6	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 code 571. *Healthy People 2000* refers to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "cirrhosis."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 43. Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome/Nephrosis Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,061	9.6	ns	46.5	ns
All males	510	12.7	ns	51.4	ns
White	460	12.2	ns	43.0	ns
Black	47	21.5*	ns	171.5**	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	17	12.7	na	93.2	na
All females	551	8.0	ns	41.9	ns
White	491	7.5	ns	35.4	ns
Black	57	18.3***	ns	120.2**	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	20	10.0	na	83.7	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 580-589.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 44. Nephritis-Related Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	4,710	43.1	↓↓↓	248.5	↓↓
All males	2,480	60.1	↓↓↓	296.9	↓↓
White	2,253	58.0	↓↓↓	243.7	↓
Black	215	94.7***	↓	993.7***	↓
Asian PI	10	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	83	56.0	ns	534.8***	ns
All females	2,230	33.2	↓↓↓	203.5	ns
White	1,988	30.9	↓↓	169.9	ns
Black	233	72.1***	↓	589.6***	ns
Asian PI	8	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	77	38.5	ns	354.1**	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 580-589. "Nephritis-related" deaths include those for which nephritis is the underlying and/or a contributing cause listed on the death certificate.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 45. End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,265	11.5	↑	61.2	ns
All males	624	15.4	ns	67.6	ns
White	556	14.7	ns	56.8	ns
Black	64	29.4**	ns	226.5***	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	25	19.3	ns	124.0	ns
All females	641	9.4	↑	55.3	ns
White	565	8.6	↑	43.2	ns
Black	72	22.4***	ns	182.1***	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	22	10.9	na	95.4	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 581-588,591,593.8, and 593.9.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 46. Unintentional Injury Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵
All Residents	3,158	30.7	↑	822.5	ns
All males	2,016	44.3	ns	1,205.2	ns
White	1,789	43.5	ns	1,173.4	ns
Black	201	57.2*	ns	1,714.5**	ns
Asian PI	19	23.7*	na	640.0**	na
Native American	4	—		—	
Hispanic	164	50.2	ns	1,643.7**	ns
All females	1,142	19.1	ns	441.1	ns
White	1,047	19.1	↑	439.6	↑
Black	80	19.3	ns	513.6	ns
Asian PI	8	—		—	
Native American	5	—		—	
Hispanic	48	13.9	ns	446.6	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E800-E949. NCHS publications refer to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "accidents and adverse effects."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1992-94 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1992-94 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1992-94 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1992-94 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 47. Motor Vehicle Accident Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	1,011	10.3	ns	379.2	↓↓
All males	652	13.9	↓	514.7	↓↓
White	561	13.5	↓	493.8	↓↓↓
Black	74	18.8	ns	689.4	ns
Asian PI	12	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	55	16.6	ns	571.0	ns
All females	359	6.9	ns	242.4	ns
White	325	7.1	ns	255.1	ns
Black	26	5.8	ns	183.7	ns
Asian PI	6	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	21	5.5	na	214.0	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E810-E825. *Healthy People 2000* refers to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "motor vehicle crashes."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 48. Fall and Fall-Related Injury Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	619	5.6	ns	36.4	ns
All males	326	8.0	ns	58.9	ns
White	314	8.2	ns	62.5	ns
Black	12	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	8	—		—	
All females	293	4.0	ns	14.5	ns
White	287	4.1	ns	14.0	ns
Black	3	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	3	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E880-E888.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 49. Drowning Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	84	0.9	↓	39.4	ns
All males	70	1.5	↓	68.2	ns
White	58	1.4	↓	63.2	ns
Black	9	—		—	
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	7	—		—	
All females	14	—		—	
White	12	—		—	
Black	2	—		—	
Asian PI	0	—		—	
Native American	0	—		—	
Hispanic	2	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E830, E832, and E910.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 50. Residential Fire Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	96	1.0	ns	30.7	ns
All males	52	1.1	ns	32.9	ns
White	45	1.1	ns	31.7	ns
Black	7	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	9	—		—	
All females	44	0.8	ns	28.7	ns
White	35	0.7	ns	21.7	ns
Black	8	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	4	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E890-E899.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 51. Suicide Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵
All Residents	835	8.3	ns	276.5	ns
All males	647	13.6	ns	434.9	ns
White	586	13.7	ns	426.8	ns
Black	54	12.5	ns	514.8	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	34	8.9*	ns	346.1	ns
All females	188	3.6	ns	119.2	ns
White	173	3.7	ns	123.3	ns
Black	12	—		—	
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	5	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E950-E959.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1992-94 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1992-94 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 52. Homicide and Legal Intervention Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	452	4.8	ns	223.7	ns
All males	346	7.4	ns	348.5	ns
White	158	3.8	ns	173.7	ns
Black	179	38.4***	ns	1,783.8***	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	60	14.6***	ns	633.5***	ns
All females	106	2.1	ns	95.5	ns
White	61	1.4	ns	57.9	ns
Black	42	8.3***	ns	395.7***	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	9	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E960-E978.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 53. Homicide Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	445	4.7	ns	220.0	ns
All males	339	7.2	ns	341.3	ns
White	155	3.8	ns	171.2	ns
Black	175	37.5***	ns	1,739.4***	ns
Asian PI	4	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	60	14.6***	ns	633.5***	ns
All females	106	2.1	ns	95.5	ns
White	61	1.4	ns	57.9	ns
Black	42	8.3***	ns	395.7***	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	9	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E960-E969.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 54. Injury and Other External Causes of Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵
All Residents	4,557	44.9	ns	1,364.1	ns
All males	3,083	66.8	ns	2,044.1	ns
White	2,597	62.5	ns	1,826.0	ns
Black	443	109.9***	ns	4,104.0***	ns
Asian PI	27	29.6***	ns	899.5***	ns
Native American	7	—		—	
Hispanic	265	75.2	ns	2,694.4***	↓
All females	1,474	25.6	ns	683.1	ns
White	1,318	25.0	ns	650.6	ns
Black	134	30.4	ns	994.0**	ns
Asian PI	12	—		—	
Native American	8	—		—	
Hispanic	64	17.5*	ns	615.8	ns

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E800-E999.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1992-94 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1992-94 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1992-94 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 55. All Motor Vehicle Accident Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	990	10.1	ns	371.0	↓↓
All males	637	13.6	↓	499.7	↓↓↓
White	546	13.1	↓	476.4	↓↓↓
Black	74	18.8	ns	689.4*	ns
Asian PI	12	—		—	
Native American	2	—		—	
Hispanic	53	16.1	ns	548.1	ns
All females	353	6.8	ns	241.1	ns
White	319	7.0	ns	253.6	ns
Black	26	5.8	ns	183.7	ns
Asian PI	6	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	20	5.3	na	205.1	na

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E810-E819, E958.5, and E988.5. *NCHS* publications refer to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "motor vehicle traffic."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ↓↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .001$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 56. All Fall Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	460	4.2	ns	40.0	ns
All males	268	6.3	ns	63.9	ns
White	255	6.4	ns	67.3	ns
Black	13	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	9	—		—	
All females	192	2.7	↓	16.7	ns
White	186	2.7	ns	14.9	ns
Black	4	—		—	
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	1	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E880-E886,E888,E957,E968.1, and E987.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 57. All Firearm Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	626	6.5	↓↓	266.4	↓
All males	555	11.8	↓	468.5	↓
White	370	8.8	↓↓	304.5	↓↓
Black	174	36.4***	ns	1,775.0***	ns
Asian PI	5	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	59	12.5	↓	633.6**	ns
All females	71	1.5	ns	61.7	ns
White	52	1.2	↓	45.7	↓
Black	19	3.7*	na	190.1**	na
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	4	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E922.0-3, E922.8-9, E955.0-4, E965.0-4, E970, and E985.0-4.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↓↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 58. Firearm Suicide Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	317	3.1	ns	101.4	↓
All males	289	6.1	ns	183.8	ns
White	260	6.1	ns	177.5	ns
Black	26	6.3	ns	237.8	ns
Asian PI	2	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	11	—		—	
All females	28	0.6	ns	19.6	ns
White	28	0.6	ns	22.4	ns
Black	0				
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	0				

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E955.0-.4.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↓ 1996-98 rate is significantly lower than the 1989-91 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 59. Firearm Homicide Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	289	3.1	ns	155.6	ns
All males	247	5.3	ns	266.8	ns
White	98	2.4	ns	116.4	ns
Black	141	28.6***	ns	1,460.8***	ns
Asian PI	3	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	47	9.8***	ns	513.1***	ns
All females	42	0.9	ns	41.3	ns
White	23	0.5	ns	22.5	ns
Black	19	3.7**	na	190.1***	na
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	4	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E965.0-.4.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - *** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .001$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.
 - na 1989-91 rate was not calculated due to small numbers and so no comparison with the 1996-98 rate is available.

**Table 60. All Poisoning Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵
All Residents	881	8.7	ns	312.5	ns
All males	639	12.9	ns	465.9	ns
White	566	12.8	ns	471.8	ns
Black	71	18.6*	ns	619.8	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	73	19.5*	ns	749.2*	ns
All females	242	4.6	↑	161.4	↑
White	216	4.7	↑	162.6	↑
Black	24	5.1	ns	185.2	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	15	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes E850-E869, E950-E952, E962, E972, and E980-E982.
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1992-94 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1992-94 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1992-94 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 61. Alcohol-Induced Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1989-91 ⁵
All Residents	478	4.7	ns	101.4	ns
All males	347	7.4	ns	155.8	ns
White	311	7.2	ns	153.2	ns
Black	36	11.7	ns	244.4	ns
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	34	14.1*	ns	345.9**	ns
All females	131	2.4	ns	49.4	ns
White	117	2.4	ns	47.7	ns
Black	13	—		—	
Asian PI	0				
Native American	0				
Hispanic	10	—		—	

Notes:

1. This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 291,303,305.0,357.5,425.5,535.3,571.0-.3,790.3, and E860.
2. Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
3. Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
4. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
5. Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1989-91 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:

ns Indicates the change from 1989-91 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.

**Table 62. Drug-Induced Deaths¹
Connecticut Residents by Gender, Race and Ethnicity², 1996-98**

Group	Number of Deaths	Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates ³		Age-Adjusted Premature Mortality Rates to Age 75 ³	
		AAMR ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵	YPLL ⁴	Change since 1992-94 ⁵
All Residents	768	7.5	↑	283.5	↑
All males	547	10.9	ns	418.9	ns
White	479	10.8	↑	421.2	↑
Black	67	17.3*	ns	592.9	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	0				
Hispanic	72	19.4**	ns	738.5**	ns
All females	221	4.2	↑	149.7	↑
White	198	4.3	↑↑	152.3	↑↑
Black	21	4.5	ns	161.8	ns
Asian PI	1	—		—	
Native American	1	—		—	
Hispanic	15	—		—	

Notes:

- This cause of death category includes ICD-9 codes 292,304,305.2-9,E850-E858,E950.0-.5,E962.0, and E980.0-.5. *Healthy People 2000* refers to these ICD-9 identifying codes as "drug-related."
- Racial groupings (White, Black, Asian & Pacific Islander, Native American) include persons of Hispanic ethnicity.
- Age-adjusted Mortality Rates (AAMR) and Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) rates are per 100,000 based on race and ethnicity specific population estimates. Age-adjusted rates were calculated by the direct method using the 2000 U.S. standard population. Rates were not calculated for fewer than 16 events.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate differences in rates between race/ethnic groups. The white population serves as the reference group in each comparison (black vs. white, Asian & PI vs. white, Native American vs. white, Hispanic vs. white). Following are explanations of the notations:
 - * Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .05$.
 - ** Significantly different than the respective white resident rate at $p < .01$.
 - Rate was not calculated due to small numbers.
- Statistical tests were conducted to evaluate changes in rates over time. Comparisons of 1996-98 vs. 1992-94 rates are made within each race/ethnicity group. Following are explanations of the notations:
 - ↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1992-94 rate at $p < .05$.
 - ↑↑ 1996-98 rate is significantly higher than the 1992-94 rate at $p < .01$.
 - ns Indicates the change from 1992-94 to 1996-98 is not statistically significant.