## In The Matter Of:

Application of Eversource Energy for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need

> Hearing Docket No. 461 March 10, 2016

BCT Reporting LLC PO Box 1774 Bristol, CT 06010 860.302.1876

Original File 16-03-10 - Part 01.txt

Min-U-Script®

1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
3	
4	Docket No. 461
5	Application of Eversource Energy for a
6	Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
7	Public Need for the Construction, Maintenance and
8	Operation of a 115-kilovolt (kV) Bulk Substation
9	Located at 290 Railroad Avenue, Greenwich,
10	Connecticut, and Two 115-kV Underground
11	Transmission Circuits Extending Approximately 2.3
12	Miles Between the Proposed Substation and the
13	Existing Cos Cob Substation, Greenwich,
14	Connecticut, and Related Substation Improvements
15	
16	Continued Hearing held at the Connecticut
17	Siting Council, 10 Franklin Square, New Britain,
18	Connecticut, Thursday, March 10, 2016, at 1:00
19	p.m.
20	
21	
22	Held Before:
23	ROBERT STEIN, Chairman
24	
25	

1	Appearances:
2	Council Members:
3	PHILIP T. ASHTON
4	COMM. MICHAEL A. CARON,
5	PURA Designee
6	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
7	
8	Council Staff:
9	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.
10	Executive Director and
11	Staff Attorney
12	
13	ROBERT MERCIER
14	Siting Analyst
15	
16	For Connecticut Light and Power Company d/b/a
17	Eversource Energy:
18	CARMODY TORRANCE SANDAK HENNESSEY LLP
19	50 Leavenworth Street
20	P.O. Box 1110
21	Waterbury, Connecticut 06721-1110
22	BY: MARIANNE BARBINO DUBUQUE, ESQ.
23	
24	
25	

1	Appearances (Cont'd):
2	For the Office of Consumer Counsel:
3	LAUREN HENAULT BIDRA, ESQ.
4	MARGARET BAIN
5	
6	For Pet Pantry Super Discount Stores LLC:
7	THE MARCUS LAW FIRM
8	275 Branford Road
9	North Branford, Connecticut 06471
LO	BY: MARK L. BERGAMO, ESQ.
L1	
L2	For the Town of Greenwich:
L3	COHEN AND WOLF, P.C.
L <b>4</b>	P.O. Box 1821
L5	Bridgeport, Connecticut 06601
L6	BY: DAVID A. BALL, ESQ.
L7	JULIE D. KOHLER, ESQ.
L8	Intervenors:
L9	CHRISTINE EDWARDS
20	111 Bible Street
21	Cos Cob, Connecticut 06807
22	
23	CECILIA H. MORGAN
24	3 Kinsman Lane
25	Greenwich, Connecticut 06830

THE CHAIRMAN: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. I'd like to call to order this meeting of the Connecticut Siting Council today, Thursday, March 10, 2016, at approximately 1 p.m. My name is Robin Stein. I'm chairman of the Connecticut Siting Council.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

This hearing is a continuation of the hearings held on September 1, 2015 in Greenwich; and on November 6, 2015; December 1, 2015; January 12, 2016; and February 23, 2016, here in New Britain. It is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from Eversource Energy for a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need for the construction, maintenance and operation of a 115-kilovolt bulk substation located at 290 Railroad Avenue in Greenwich, Connecticut, and two 115-kilovolt underground transmission circuits extending approximately 2.3 miles between the proposed substation and the existing Cos Cob Substation in Greenwich, Connecticut, and related substation improvements. This application was received by the Council on June 26, 2015.

A verbatim transcript will be made of this hearing and deposited with the Town Clerk's Office in the Greenwich Town Hall for the convenience of the public.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, copies of which are available near the door, I believe.

The Council received a motion for administrative notice from Field Point Estate
Townhouses, Inc., dated March 1, 2016. On March
4, 2016, Eversource filed an objection to Field
Point Estate Townhouses' motion for administrative
notice and objection to their list of items for administrative notice. On March 8, 2016, Field
Point Estate Townhouses, Inc. filed a response to
Eversource's objection.

The Council also received a motion to reject Eversource's revised Late-Filed Exhibit 20 from the Office of Consumer Counsel, dated March 9, 2016. On March 9, 2016, Eversource filed a response to Office of Consumer Counsel's motion to reject Eversource's revised Late-Filed exhibit. If you can follow all this, you're doing pretty well.

The Council also received a motion for

the Council to require additional analysis and to schedule additional hearing dates from the Town of Greenwich, dated March 9, 2016, which I believe was yesterday. On March 9, 2016, Eversource filed a response to the Town of Greenwich's motion for the Council to require additional analysis and to schedule additional hearing dates. This morning OCC also filed a response to the Town of Greenwich's motion for the Council to require additional analysis. 

In consultation with Attorney Bachman, and as presiding officer in these proceedings, the Chair hereby disposes of the subject motions and objections as follows: Field Point Estate

Townhouses, Inc. March 1, 2016 motion for administrative notice is granted.

Eversource's March 4, 2016 objection to their list of administrative notice is overruled.

And the Office of Consumer Counsel's

March 9, 2016 motion to reject Eversource's

revised Late-Filed exhibit is denied. All of

these items shall be admitted into the record for

what they are worth.

As for the Town of Greenwich's motion for the Council to require additional analysis and

- to schedule additional hearing dates, dated March 9, 2016, that motion is denied.
- We will begin with the appearance of the party, Office of Consumer Counsel, to verify their new exhibits marked as Roman Numeral III,
- 6 Item B.2 on the hearing program.
- 7 Attorney Bidra, welcome back.
- 8 MS. BIDRA: Thank you. Good afternoon, 9 Mr. Chairman.
- 10 THE CHAIRMAN: Please begin by
  11 identifying the new exhibit you have filed in this
  12 matter and verify the exhibit by the appropriate
  13 sworn witness.
- MS. BIDRA: Would you like me to simply read the title of the exhibit, Mr. Chairman?
- THE CHAIRMAN: Sure, and go through the verification process.
- MS. BIDRA: Sure. The title is
- 19 "Application Table E-5 Customer Load with Office
- 20 of Consumer Counsel Additions in Red."
- 21 MARGARET BAIN,
- having been previously duly sworn, testified further on her oath as follows:
- MS. BIDRA: Ms. Margaret Bain, did you prepare this exhibit?

1 THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. MS. BIDRA: Did you use evidence in the 2 3 record of this proceeding to prepare the exhibit? THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. And the 4 5 purpose was to just to verify with the company that this information was correct. So it's not --6 7 I'm not stating that this is correct. The purpose 8 is to verify with the company the correct 9 information. 10 MS. BIDRA: Do you have any changes to 11 this table? THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. 12 13 permissible load ratings, the reference on that in the record is the response to OCC-83. And I 14 15 believe that the number on there under "Permissible Load" for Greenwich Substation should 16 be "144" instead of "134." 17 18 MS. BIDRA: With that, we submit this for the Council's consideration. 19 THE CHAIRMAN: Do any of the parties or 20 intervenors object to the admission of the Office 21 of Consumer Counsel's new exhibit? 22 23 Yes, Attorney Dubuque. 24 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman,

good morning. Good morning, everyone.

This is

Marianne Dubuque. I represent Eversource Energy.

and I do object to the exhibit for a number of reasons. And first, I believe Ms. Bain just indicated that this was based on evidence in the record. And it is not, in fact, all evidence in the record. There were two columns that were added by Ms. Bain, and there were also averages that were computed.

Now, we were all required to file prefile exhibits by February 16th. That was the final deadline. And when we had the hearing on February 23rd, from the transcript Ms. Bain represented that she just had a little chart based on OCC-22 and Late-File 20 with base load for the 27.6 Cos Cob transformer. And on that basis the Council allowed these extra exhibits and extended that courtesy to the OCC, but the document that was distributed on February 23rd is not identical to the document that was ultimately filed. And this particular document does have information that was filed on September 29th, so there's been plenty of time to ask questions during the hearings and also to file interrogatories.

So basically the last two columns, the total and the year-to-year change were added by

OCC. The averages were added by OCC. And what really concerns me is there's nothing in the record about averaging as an appropriate or valid forecasting methodology for electric utility companies. And the averages that were selected, three, five, ten years, are purely random and are not at all relevant given that there has been no testimony about averaging, and there's been no testimony at all about three, five and ten-year 

periods.

Also, as you may know, Eversource filed a correction to the data and an explanation for its discovery, so I think some of the calculations are actually no longer valid. And I think that this type of approach disrupts the Council's orderly process of submitting exhibits and allowing the parties, and the applicant too, a fair opportunity to respond.

THE CHAIRMAN: I understand your objection. I'm going to allow this to go into the record for what it's worth, but you now have the opportunity to cross-examine OCC and to follow up with your concerns.

(OCC Exhibit III-B-2: Received in evidence - described in index.)

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, 1 since there isn't any evidence or any expert 2 testimony that's involved with this exhibit, 3 Eversource has no questions. 4 Thank you. 5 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Mr. Mercier, do you have any questions? 6 7 MR. MERCIER: I have no questions. 8 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Ashton? 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION MR. ASHTON: The whole substance of the 10 case here, to my mind, revolves around a few short 11 12 strokes of a typewriter in writing a number. 13 I can't help but admit that the numbers that appeared on the February 4th sheet, which have 14 15 been admitted for what they're worth, really 16 intrigue me and make me uncertain and ill at ease in committing 140 or \$120 million project to go 17 18 forward. 19 At the risk of being redundant, I'd like to hear from the company as to how they 20 rationalize a very -- I beg your pardon. 21 I'd like to hear from the OCC as to how they rationalize 22 these numbers and what their case is behind the 23

numbers. And nice and loud because I'm suffering.

THE WITNESS (Bain): Now, are you

24

referring to the exhibit that's titled 1 "Application Table E-5 Customer Load"? 2 MR. ASHTON: 3 Yes. THE WITNESS (Bain): Okay. 4 These 5 numbers --MR. ASHTON: Are you challenging these 6 7 numbers at all? 8 THE WITNESS (Bain): I'm asking for 9 confirmation that these are the right numbers and that, you know, this is the undercapacity. 10 asking for confirmation -- I will be in 11 cross-examination -- on the undercapacity that 12 13 they're trying to solve. And so far it looks like the undercapacity in 2023 is 9.2, but I'm looking 14 15 to confirm that, 9.2 MVA. But in 2023 the 16 permissible load rating that they will have looks like with 135 at Cos Cob and Greenwich 144, it 17 18 would be 279 MVA, which would mean that they have a significant overcapacity. 19 MR. ASHTON: 269 or 279? 20 THE WITNESS (Bain): 279 because the 21 Greenwich Substation, I believe, on OCC-83, that 22 response, it should have been 144, two 23 24 transformers at 72 each.

MR. ASHTON: I've got it.

1 THE WITNESS (Bain): And so I mistakenly put 134. 2 3 MR. ASHTON: I have it. THE WITNESS (Bain): So that should be, 4 5 you know, instead of 269, 279. MR. ASHTON: And it's your position 6 7 that an actual around 215 -- I guess I got that wrong. An actual in 2018 of 137 would be covered 8 9 by those by the 279 figure? THE WITNESS (Bain): 10 So they'd be significantly overcapacity. If they're trying to 11 solve the capacity issue undercapacity of 9.2, 12 13 then what they proposed here would seem to be a significant overcapacity. That's what I'm trying 14 15 to confirm. 16 MR. ASHTON: Is it your position that 17 overcapacity is inherently wrong? 18 THE WITNESS (Bain): You know, myself, I would say that it depends on the level of 19 20 overcapacity. MR. ASHTON: I see. What would be 21 22 acceptable overcapacity? 23 THE WITNESS (Bain): Well, that's something that, you know, we have to determine. 24

MR. ASHTON: I'm aware of that, but

I've been involved in cases with the Consumer 1 Counsel before where they've taken a position. 2 3 I'm trying to understand what that position is here and what's behind it. 4 5 THE WITNESS (Bain): Right. Well, we don't take a position. We write it in our brief. 6 7 And so at this point we're still gathering 8 information. 9 MR. ASHTON: Okay. Nothing further. Thank you. 10 11 THE CHAIRMAN: Director Caron? 12 MR. CARON: No. All set, Mr. Chairman. 13 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Lynch? 14 MR. LYNCH: No questions, Mr. Chairman. 15 THE CHAIRMAN: Just so I understand 16 this, the numbers that you have come up with have 17 been done by averaging? 18 THE WITNESS (Bain): Table E-5 doesn't have any averaging. 19 20 THE CHAIRMAN: So you're just using the numbers that have been provided by Eversource? 21

THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. I'm just

confirming that if, you know, put it in the right

titles, et cetera, here. So and with that change,

due to that we had just mentioned, Mr. Ashton and

22

23

24

I talked about where Greenwich Substation, the 1 permissible load rating should be 144, and the 2 total should be 279. 3 THE CHAIRMAN: All right. 4 5 Eversource, do you have any cross-examination? 6 7 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: No. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 8 9 THE CHAIRMAN: I'll go through the list 10 now. Parker Stacy? 11 (No response.) 12 THE CHAIRMAN: Pet Pantry? 13 (No response.) THE CHAIRMAN: Field Point Estate 14 15 Townhouses? 16 (No response.) THE CHAIRMAN: Christine Edwards? 17 18 MS. EDWARDS: Is this on this 19 particular piece? 20 THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. This is 21 cross-examination of Office of Consumer Counsel. 22 Yes. 23 MS. EDWARDS: Thank you. I just want 24 to make sure because I'm thinking of another piece 25 I'm speaking on today. Thank you.

I just have really one question. Do you feel that right now the usage of the Cos Cob voltage and capacity should be enough to be able to provide for the increase as time goes because what you've come up with is that the load capacity and the pull is becoming not as demonstrated as increasing to such a large degree over the time, that in fact the capacity that's being asked to be drawn on is less than has been put forward with these averages?

THE WITNESS (Bain): Well, it does look -- the company has said they will have an undercapacity here, and it looks like it's 9.2, but they're providing for something much larger. So right now I'm just looking to get information from the company as to, you know, is this the case, it looks like this, but is this the case, and if so, why.

MS. EDWARDS: And if the generation and the switching possibilities and all the capabilities at the Cos Cob Station were evaluated with a clear eye, that that might be sufficient without this need for extra capacity over the next 15 years or so and technology is improving as we go on.

```
THE WITNESS (Bain): All those things
1
    are important considerations, yes. And as we've,
2
    you know, over the course of the record some of
3
    them, I guess, have been considered and some maybe
4
    not. So we need to sort out what we need as the
5
    OCC supported the town's motion for further
6
7
    analysis.
8
               MS. EDWARDS: So it's really coming
9
    down to looking for more clear analysis of that?
               MS. BAIN: (Nodding head in the
10
    affirmative.)
11
12
               MS. EDWARDS: Good. Thank you very
    much.
13
14
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               Thank you.
15
               Richard Granoff?
16
                (No response.)
17
               THE CHAIRMAN: The grouped intervenors,
18
    the Bella Nonna Restaurant, Greenwich
    Chiropractic, Mr. Berger and Ms. Glass?
19
20
                (No response.)
21
                THE CHAIRMAN: Cecilia Morgan?
22
               MS. MORGAN: I really have no questions
23
    for the OCC.
24
                               No questions?
                THE CHAIRMAN:
25
               MS. MORGAN: I leave it to them because
```

- 1 they're dealing with something technical, and
- 2 that's not my area of knowledge. My concern here
- 3 is the preservation.
- THE CHAIRMAN: Wait a minute, you're
- just here only to ask questions of the OCC.
- 6 MS. MORGAN: Then I have no questions
- 7 for them.
- 8 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
- 9 MS. MORGAN: I trust them to know what
- 10 they're doing.
- 11 THE CHAIRMAN: Town of Greenwich?
- MR. BALL: Good afternoon. David Ball
- on behalf of the Town of Greenwich.
- 14 I just wanted to ask one question with
- 15 respect to Table E-5. There's two columns, one
- 16 that's called "Actuals" and the other called
- 17 "Company Forecast," Ms. Bain?
- 18 THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes.
- 19 MR. BALL: The figures in the column
- 20 under "Company Forecast," are they the same
- 21 figures contained in Table E-1 of the application
- 22 from Eversource?
- THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes.
- MR. BALL: So you have accepted in this
- 25 document the projections provided by Eversource in

1 their application, is that correct, the forecasted 2 numbers? THE WITNESS (Bain): Well, no. This is 3 just confirming that this is what their forecast 4 5 is using -- I mean we haven't, you know, made a judgment call on what their forecast is based on. 6 7 MR. BALL: No, I understand that. And I'm not asking your opinion. I'm just asking the 8 9 data itself is based on Eversource's projected 10 forecasts? THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. 11 Yes. 12 MR. BALL: Thank you. I have nothing Thank you. 13 further. I just want to clarify. 14 THE CHAIRMAN: 15 Now I'm getting confused here. On that table 16 "Company Forecast" --17 THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. 18 THE CHAIRMAN: Just taking on the Cos 19 Cob Substation, the first one, 2016 is 134.5; 2017, 135.8; and then 2018, 66.7? 20 THE WITNESS (Bain): Yes. That is when 21 22 the new substation comes into operation, I guess. 23 THE CHAIRMAN: It would be helpful what 24 the asterisk -- a third asterisk making that

clear. Okay.

```
Those are all the cross-examination for
1
    OCC. Now it's OCC's opportunity to cross-examine
2
3
    the applicant.
              MS. BAIN: So beginning with the
4
5
    exhibit --
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                             Excuse me, I'm told
6
7
    first you need to verify the new exhibit. Sorry.
8
              MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Yes.
                                          Thank you,
9
    Mr. Chairman. Eversource Energy requests one new
    exhibit we'd like admitted into evidence.
10
    Exhibit 45, Eversource Energy's correction to
11
    Late-Filed Exhibit 20. And that appears on the
12
13
    hearing program that would be dated March 7, 2016.
    KENNETH
                   в.
14
                        BOWES,
15
    JACQUELINE A. GARDELL,
16
    MICHAEL LIBERTINE,
         having been previously duly sworn, testified
17
18
         further on their oaths as follows:
19
              MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: And I'd like to
    ask Ms. Gardell and Mr. Bowes, if you prepared or
20
    were in charge of preparing this particular
21
    exhibit?
22
23
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I was.
24
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Yes, I was.
```

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: And to the best

```
of your knowledge, is the information in this
1
    exhibit accurate and true?
2
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
3
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Yes, it is.
4
5
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Do you have any
    further corrections or additions?
6
7
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I have no other
8
    corrections.
9
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): No corrections.
10
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Do you adopt
11
    Exhibit 45 as a full exhibit?
12
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I do.
13
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Yes, I do.
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Thank you.
14
15
    Mr. Chairman, I respectfully request that the
    Council admit into evidence Exhibit 45 as a full
16
    exhibit.
17
18
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               Okay. Is there any
    objection from any of the parties or intervenors?
19
20
               (No response.)
               THE CHAIRMAN: Hearing and seeing none,
21
    the exhibit is --
22
23
               MS. BAIN: We will have questions on
24
    it.
25
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               I understand.
                                              But the
```

1 exhibit is admitted.

2 (Applicant Exhibit II-B-45: Received in evidence - described in index.)

THE CHAIRMAN: Now you can begin the cross-examination.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

MS. BAIN: Okay. Now, regarding the revised Late-File 20, is it the case that the company has three transformers in order that two will back up one if one is being repaired, for instance, or maintained?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there are three transformers at Cos Cob to serve the 27.6-kV load, and they do operate in parallel. So much as the question was posed, they will operate when one or more are out of service.

MS. BAIN: So is it possible that the 11R-1X was being maintained or taken down and the other transformers were operating, carrying the load during the period that the company says there was no usage on the transformer metered?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): There is not.

They were all three transformers were in service.

MS. BAIN: So there's a certain period of time in which the company says there was no

1 metered use? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct, from 2 3 September 13th through November 1st. MS. BAIN: Now, is it possible that the 4 5 cause of that was that that transformer, which was the 11R-1X, correct --6 7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct. 8 MS. BAIN: -- that that one was being 9 maintained or repaired during that time period and 10 the other transformers were carrying the full load? 11 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): No, it is not 13 possible. MS. BAIN: Why is that? 14 15 THE WITNESS (Bowes): We have 16 indications of what equipment is in service and what equipment is out of service, and in the 17 18 particular case of the 1X transformer, that was maintained in April of 2015. 19 MS. BAIN: And so what is the cause of 20 the lack of metering on that transformer for that 21 22 one-and-a-half month approximate period? 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): The metering did 24 not record or register -- I should back up. The

collection system in metering did not register any

1 values for approximately 49 days. MS. BAIN: So is the meter broken or 2 3 what? THE WITNESS (Bowes): The meter was not 4 5 working properly; that's correct. MS. BAIN: So did you take it out of 6 7 service to prepare it? What happened? 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Actually it was 9 observed, when we looked at the data for this 10 situation, we identified zeros as the only registration for that period of time. In between 11 times -- hold on just a second. I'll see what the 12 actual cause of the meter error was. 13 14 (Off the record discussion.) 15 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there was a 16 failure of the communications and registration on the metering equipment, and it was repaired 17 18 approximately November 1st. 19 MS. BAIN: And so how did you get it 20 operating again? THE WITNESS (Bowes): It was a service 21 call to the station and the communications 22 23 equipment was verified and the meter was repaired.

MS. BAIN: And what led you to

recognize that it wasn't registering?

24

```
1
                THE WITNESS (Bowes): So apparently the
    metering department recognized that they were
2
    getting no output from that meter and performed a
3
    service call. When we filed this data for the end
4
5
    of 2015, we were not aware that there was a 49-day
    period where the meter was out of service.
6
7
               MS. BAIN: So why did it take them 29
8
    days to recognize that?
9
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): We don't have any
10
    alarming on that system. We read them once a
11
    month.
12
               MS. BAIN: So again, why did it take 29
13
    days?
14
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): It was actually
15
    49 days.
               MS. BAIN: Forty-nine days, yes.
16
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): So the meters
17
18
    were read, and then on the next cycle it was
19
    discovered that there was no registration from
    that, and a service order was created to
20
    investigate the situation and solve it.
21
22
               MS. BAIN: So you read them in like
23
    49-day cycles?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): No, it's a
25
    monthly cycle.
```

```
1
               MS. BAIN: And in OCC's response to the
    revision, OCC comments on the estimate. So you
2
    have an estimate of over 26 million kWh during
3
    that time period, correct?
4
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): On page 2 you
5
    indicate there's a difference of 26 million.
6
7
               MS. BAIN: So that would be, in other
8
    words, the difference between the previous total
    on Late-File 20, original Late-File 20, and your
9
10
    revised total, correct?
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
11
               MS. BAIN: So that difference would be
12
13
    the 49 days that this meter -- your estimate of
    the 49 days that this meter wasn't operating; is
14
15
    that correct?
16
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
17
               MS. BAIN: So going through this, if we
    take a monthly look at this, we take that number,
18
    the 26 million, since this was one-and-a-half
19
20
    months that it wasn't operating, and we get a
    monthly total. It's approximately 17 and a half
21
22
    million, correct?
23
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): So you've taken
    the 26 million and divided it by 1.5?
24
```

Yes.

MS. BAIN:

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): It was 49 days,
    so it's not -- 1.5 would not be exactly accurate.
2
               MS. BAIN: Right. Right. So it's
3
4
    approximately 17.5 though, right?
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): The math you've
    done is correct. I'll grant you that, yes.
6
7
               MS. BAIN: Let's say it's only 17 when
8
    we account for the four days, the difference
9
    between 49 days and 45 days, is that what you want
    for one-and-a-half months?
10
11
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't want
12
    anything for one-and-a-half months. It's your
13
    question.
               MS. BAIN:
                          No. Is that what you're
14
15
    saying, it's not exactly --
16
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm saying the
17
    math you've done is accurate. I'm just saying
18
    it's a 49-day period, not one-and-a-half months.
19
               MS. BAIN: Right. So we'll take a
    little bit off the 17.5. And this time period is
20
    not a peak period, correct?
21
22
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
23
               MS. BAIN: So this usage, if we
24
    conservatively said that that was an average
25
    monthly usage, we'd end up with something
```

approaching 210 million, if we multiplied that 1 times 12, to get an annual usage, correct? 2 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, I will 3 agree that the math you have on the page 4 5 calculates out to 210 million, yes. MS. BAIN: So how are you possibly 6 7 thinking that that would be reasonable given the 8 numbers that are the history of this transformer 9 in 2014, 2013, et cetera? 10 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So again, I 11 agreed with your math that you had on the page, 12 but I did not agree with the methodology. 13 believe that the average monthly usage on that meter is approximately 9.1 million kilowatt hours. 14 15 So the overall annual usage on that meter would be 16 109 million, approximately 109 million kilowatt hours. 17 18 MS. BAIN: Go over that again for me? We're trying to get to the difference, right, the 19 26 million kilowatt hour difference, correct? 20 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So again, we 21 believe that the average monthly usage for the 1X 22

transformer is 9.1 million kilowatt hours, and

that the annual usage that we've estimated is 109

million kilowatt hours, not the 210 that you just

23

24

- 1 had me go through.
- MS. BAIN: In OCC-22, in that response,
- 3 our original -- let's take original Late-File 20,
- 4 okay, you came up with, what, 457 million,
- 5 correct?
- 6 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Approximately,
- 7 yes. Probably closer to 458 million.
- 8 MS. BAIN: So what's missing between
- 9 your estimated amount and the total in the
- 10 original one is 26 million, correct?
- 11 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. So that
- 12 means the annual usage for the 2X and the 3X would
- 13 remain unchanged, and we believe that the annual
- 14 usage for the 1X would be estimated at 109 million
- 15 kilowatt hours. We made no adjustments to the
- 16 metered values for the 2X or 3X.
- 17 MS. BAIN: Okay. Why don't we do it
- 18 this way because this isn't computing. Do you
- 19 want to file a supplement to this that shows what
- 20 the numbers are that use --
- 21 THE CHAIRMAN: There will be no
- 22 supplemental filings at this point. You're going
- 23 to have to either agree to agree or agree to
- 24 disagree on this.
- MS. BAIN: Okay. It's just not

- 1 computing here. We don't have all the
- 2 information. We don't have this.
- 3 THE CHAIRMAN: You've had months and
- 4 months and months.
- MS. BAIN: That's okay. I wasn't going
- 6 to do further questioning on that.
- 7 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
- 8 MS. BAIN: Okay. That's just not
- 9 computing. Okay. I'm sorry.
- MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: I think, Mr.
- 11 Chairman, this is starting to be testimony.
- 12 Mr. Bowes has given the answer. That's it.
- THE CHAIRMAN: And I said we're not
- 14 going to --
- 15 MS. BAIN: And I'm just giving you the
- 16 chance to expand on that because we don't have the
- 17 numbers.
- 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Do you have other
- 19 questions for me, particular --
- 20 MS. BAIN: We don't have the numbers
- 21 that would back it up.
- 22 THE WITNESS (Bowes): If you have other
- 23 questions for me, I'd be glad to answer them on
- 24 each transformer, on each year.
- 25 MS. BAIN: Okay. Do you know offhand

- what the numbers are that back up the 457 that was
- originally used by a transformer? We don't have
- 3 that.
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I do. For
- 5 the 1X transformer the measured values were
- 6 approximately 83 million kilowatt hours. The 2X
- 7 transformer, approximately 188 million kilowatt
- 8 hours. And the 3X transformer, 186.6 million
- 9 kilowatt hours.
- 10 MS. BAIN: Okay. That's helpful.
- Now, in Late-File 22 that was
- 12 concerning distances. Actually what I think I
- asked to see was the distance from Cos Cob. Do
- 14 you know if that's somewhere on the record? This
- 15 has distance from Prospect.
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I think you're
- 17 asking me what's the distance from Cos Cob to each
- 18 of these other substations?
- MS. BAIN: Yes.
- 20 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I do not know if
- 21 that's in the record or not. I know we had other
- 22 distance question, but I'm not sure if that's
- 23 covered in that question or not.
- MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, can
- 25 we go off the record for one moment?

1 THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Thank you. 2 (Off the record discussion.) 3 THE CHAIRMAN: We're back on the 4 5 record. MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Thank you. 6 We'll 7 look for that other response in the meantime. But if we could go on and get back to you on that 8 9 question? THE CHAIRMAN: As long as it's before 10 nightfall. 11 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Today. 12 13 MS. BAIN: Now, regarding the ISO CELT report that we went over last time that we 14 15 discussed, do you know which category ISO uses in 16 its planning? Do they use the 90/10 gross number 17 minus the solar and the passive demand reduction 18 resources or which -- as you know, there are a bunch of categories on that sheet. So do you know 19 20 which category they use? 21 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I believe they 22 used them all but for different purposes. I know 23 that beginning in 2014 they do now include PV 24 solar into their calculations, but I think they

use them, as I said, for different purposes like

- demand response would be used for emergency conditions, for example.
- MS. BAIN: This would be when they're
  assessing peak load conditions when they're
  projecting summer peak load. So do you know if
  they use the 90/10 gross, minus PVA solar, minus
- 7 passive data demand resource reduction?
- 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm not clear on 9 the question. I think I've answered to the point 10 of I think they do use both the numbers, but they 11 use them for different purposes.
- MS. BAIN: Right. I know you said for different purposes. I'm trying to clarify that this would be for projecting peak load conditions summer peak load.
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm not sure I know the answer to that, no.
- MS. BAIN: Now, I don't believe -- just
  to clarify, I don't think we have anything
  significant from the company on Airgas. Can you
  tell me, Airgas is the neighbor, correct, of the
  proposed new substation?
- 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say, yes, 24 it's the abutting property.
- 25 MS. BAIN: So do you know what gases

1 are stored there at Airgas? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Specifically, no, 2 I do not. 3 MS. BAIN: Would any of your witnesses 4 5 know that? THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't believe 6 7 so, no. 8 MS. BAIN: So you wouldn't be familiar 9 with any plans regarding a potential, you know, if 10 a substation fire happened and how that would -how you've planned for that with Airgas as the 11 neighbor, you wouldn't have that; is that right? 12 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think we'd plan 14 for it as any abutting property based upon the 15 design of our substation, the physical separation and distances within the substation to the 16 property line, and the protective systems that we 17 18 have within the substation. 19 MS. BAIN: Regarding Late-File 21, on page 2 the company has an estimate of \$137 million 20 for the distribution feeders from Cedar Heights to 21 North Greenwich. Now, would this be 22 23 undergrounded? 24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So in the first 25 bullet it says, "Install ten miles (the

approximate distance between the two substations)
of duct bank." "Duct bank" indicates that it's
underground construction, yes.

MS. BAIN: How did you get the 137 million? Did you work it out from a -- work up to it, or did you have a breakdown of that?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): It will be separated by the ones that are identified here in the bullets. So yes, the ten miles would be the approximate cost per unit for underground construction based upon our estimating tools and also confirmed with recent construction contracts.

our existing material costs and including the installation and splicing of those based on both our work order system that we have in place, as well as the latest commodity prices for those cables. And there is some additions in here based upon what we did as a, I would say, a desktop survey of the field conditions, so it's really not a field survey, but it's looking at the configurations of the road and indicating where we would have to have splicing vaults based upon the conductor pull distances and, again, using our latest construction estimating tools, as well as

actual field costs.

And we did the same for each of the components of this estimate. We did the same process when we did the initial estimates for the proposed project, the alternatives to this project, as well as the various interrogatories we've gotten for -- we had a request, I think, from the OCC to look at feeding from Waterside Substation in Stamford. So we used the same methodology, the same estimating tools and the some process for all of the estimates done for this project at this level of detail.

MS. BAIN: Is there some reason why the company didn't provide a breakdown of that large number, 137 million, break it down into -- itemize it?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): No, I don't believe there was any particular reason. It was the same we've done for the other kind of conceptual estimates, kind of broke them into substation and line, and also separation between transmission and distribution costs. It's really the same level of detail we've used for the other estimates that you had requested prior to this.

MS. BAIN: I think that's all the

questions I have. Thank you. 1 2 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you. We'll now continue cross-examination of 3 4 Eversource starting with Parker Stacy? 5 (No response.) THE CHAIRMAN: A representative of Pet 6 7 Pantry? 8 MR. BERGAMO: Good morning, Mr. 9 Chairman, members of the Council, and others. THE CHAIRMAN: Good afternoon by now. 10 11 MR. BERGAMO: Good afternoon. I'm still on morning mode. 12 Referencing the Town of Greenwich 13 letter to the Siting Council dated May 23, 2015, 14 15 was there ever a separate response --16 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Excuse me, did you say May? Are you talking about the November? 17 18 MR. BERGAMO: November. 19 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: I'm sorry. I just want to make sure we're all on the same page. 20 Thank you. 21 22 MR. BERGAMO: I'm sorry. 23 Was there ever a response from 24 Eversource? 25 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't believe

1 there was.

2 MR. BERGAMO: Thank you.

Now, other than from Eversource, has there been any other independent testimony from any other source that has been submitted that supports the need for this project?

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I'm sorry, I don't understand the question. Are you asking what documents are in the docket because I think the docket speaks for itself?

MR. BERGAMO: But has there been anybody independent from Eversource?

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Well, all of the exhibits are Eversource's exhibits, so I'm just saying that the documents in the docket speak for themselves.

MR. BERGAMO: Okay.

Now, it appears that the submitted load projections used to support the project appeared to demonstrate that a need is not there, at least to the intervenors' knowledge. Why wouldn't you use the actual numbers for 2015 in your calculations?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): The process we use is we look at the largest value in the last

- five years to base it off of, and that value is still at the 2013 number.
- MR. BERGAMO: Now, if there's a need
  demonstrated, the town believed that there were
  alternatives that had not been adequately explored
  regarding the installation of new transformers at
  the present site. Were all those alternates
  explored?
- 9 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Are you talking
  10 specifically for the Cos Cob Substation?
- 11 MR. BERGAMO: For the Prospect Station.
- 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): We did not look
  13 at alternatives for the Prospect Substation as
  14 part of this analysis.

15

16

17

18

22

23

- MR. BERGAMO: Did the town have an opportunity to participate in discussing those alternatives -- any alternatives? Did they raise up any alternatives?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): They certainly
  did in this November 23rd letter to the Siting
  Council.
  - MR. BERGAMO: Now, did not the town ask

    Eversource for evidence to support Eversource's

    claim that alternatives won't work?
- 25 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So we've had a

- 1 long history of working with the Town of Greenwich
- 2 for this project. And we disclosed to them prior
- 3 to making the public announcement in 2011. We had
- 4 seven meetings with the town to select a
- 5 substation site. We went through a municipal
- 6 consultation process with the town, including two
- 7 open houses and through multiple agencies within
- 8 the town, and have continued to meet with the
- 9 town, even while this docket has been opened, to
- 10 discuss specifics around the project.
- MR. BERGAMO: And was there a point in
- 12 time that you were going to provide to the town
- 13 some -- a little more information with regards to
- 14 alternatives? If so, when was that -- was it
- 15 provided; and if so, when?
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm not sure what
- 17 the data request from the town was for that
- 18 particular item.
- 19 MR. BERGAMO: Do you know if it was
- 20 provided?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): I believe beyond
- 22 the application alternatives we have not provided
- 23 anymore to the town other than, of course, through
- 24 this docket where many alternatives have been
- 25 proposed.

1 MR. BERGAMO: Now, does Eversource suggest to the Council that the town is in favor 2 3 of lines going through Bruce Park? THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think we heard 4 5 through the municipal consultation process and field visits that there was some level of 6 7 acceptance of using Bruce Park, but clearly 8 through the Siting Council process we have heard, 9 I think the words they used were "vehemently 10 opposed" to using Bruce Park. 11 MR. LYNCH: Mr. Bowes, could you keep 12 your voice up a little bit? 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Certainly. MR. BERGAMO: Now, you've stated on 14 15 occasions, is it not true, that there are other viable options that don't include the Bruce Park 16 installation line? 17 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): There are other transmission route alternatives, yes. Many are 19 20 proposed within the application. And one route variation has been developed through the Siting 21 22 Council process.

MR. BERGAMO:

runs the new feeders along the existing

willing to examine or can you make a design that

Now, is Eversource

23

24

Metro-North Railroad tracks?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, that is the solution that is -- I think satisfies many of the stakeholder needs that we've talked about in this process. It addresses some of the cost issues that the Siting Council has raised, as well as the OCC. It's a route that is now supported by the Town of Greenwich. Connecticut Department of Transportation and Metro-North have supported our design as we've presented it to them. So I believe it satisfied many stakeholders in this process.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, is it also true that Eversource's current plan includes no improvement in the overhead 13.2 kilovolt distribution system through Greenwich?

THE CHAIRMAN: The distribution system is not before this Council.

MR. BERGAMO: Okay. Are there any -THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't mind
answering the question if --

THE CHAIRMAN: I just want to make sure we don't go off on a tangent, but you can answer.

24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I believe it was 25 either OCC-56 or 58 which shows a diagram of the

- 1 | 13.2-kV system of what it would look like post
- 2 Greenwich Substation, and it clearly shows the
- 3 interconnections between North Greenwich
- 4 Substation, Cos Cob Substation and the new
- 5 Greenwich Substation. That new 13.2-kV system
- 6 will provide significant new reliability benefits
- 7 to the Town of Greenwich.
- 8 MR. BERGAMO: Now, would a new
- 9 substation on Railroad Avenue or anywhere, for
- 10 that matter, improve the restoration of
- 11 electricity in a storm event or emergency event
- 12 that might not bring overhead lines, wood poles,
- 13 if there was a storm event or an emergency event?
- 14 I mean, what is that new substation specifically
- 15 designed to do?
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So with regards
- 17 to the specific question of distribution
- 18 reliability, what the Greenwich Substation will
- 19 allow us to do is restore approximately 85 percent
- 20 of the customers now served from Cos Cob
- 21 automatically and instantaneously. If the new
- 22 Greenwich Substation were to be lost for any
- 23 reason, 67 percent of the customers fed from that
- 24 substation would be restored automatically and
- 25 instantaneously. Depending upon the time of year,

all 100 percent of the customers could be backed
up by either the Cos Cob or the Greenwich
Substation.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. BERGAMO: Are you talking about the North Greenwich --

THE WITNESS (Bowes): No. I'm talking about the new Greenwich Substation and Cos Cob. So the blue sky reliability, blue sky meaning the day-to-day reliability, a day like today, there will be a dramatic improvement in reliability for the Town of Greenwich. During catastrophic storm events it is frequently when more than one of the sources is interrupted. And we've seen from experience, for example, Super Storm Sandy, that the automation, rather than being 100 percent effective during a storm like that because of the extent of damage, you get about a 20 percent improvement in the number of customers restored automatically. So the performance during a major catastrophic event like Storm Sandy would not be as positive for the Town of Greenwich as the blue sky, but it would still be much more positive than they have today.

MR. BERGAMO: Isn't it true that you used the current and actual consumption data for

- 20 -- or actually this question has been changed because of the recent submission, so I'm going to move on.
- Is it not true that during 2015 it was one of the warmest summers ever recorded?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): I believe the
  year, in general, was one of the warmest. I think
  we just saw that information. The month of
  December was the warmest on record, and the month
  of February was the coldest on record.
- 11 MR. BERGAMO: Unlike this year.
- Would you say that the electrical system serving Greenwich still had a reserve capacity of 15 percent?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): So the Cos Cob

  Substation did.
- MR. BERGAMO: This was during 2015?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct. But the distribution feeders did not. On three occasions in July of 2015 we were into the emergency ratings for cables because of cable faults on one of the four circuits that supplies Prospect Substation.

  So while the capacity situation did not hit a peak in 2015, the distribution feeders were overloaded

25

on three occasions.

```
1
               MR. BERGAMO: So there was a cable
2
    failure?
3
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Cable failure
    requiring the other three remaining cables to go
4
    into their emergency ratings. That occurred in
5
    July of 2015.
6
7
               MR. BERGAMO: Is it true that in 2013
8
    Eversource identified a 6.8 potential overload of
9
    capacity in 2024? I think it's on your statements
    in your calculation.
10
11
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I
    don't think we've ever said a overload of
12
13
    capacity.
14
               MR. BERGAMO: Potential.
15
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: But I think
    you're mixing terms.
16
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I think you
17
18
    mean if Cos Cob Substation would be overloaded.
                                                      I
19
    thought the number was different than that.
    know it's in the record. And I know we've
20
21
    indicated that Prospect Substation would see an
    overload in that time frame as well. I think the
22
23
    number may be for Prospect Station that you're
24
    referencing.
```

MR. BERGAMO:

The 6.8.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think it may

be, subject to check.

MR. BERGAMO: So I guess getting down to the basic question, under the existing circumstances, everything pretty much -- if the substation remained as it was, or the substation as it were, you are advocating the position that there's a high likelihood of an overload in the system or the Prospect Substation?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Within the time frame that we forecasted, I believe there's a likelihood that there will be an overload.

MR. BERGAMO: And this is based on the years that you've been using to assess your data as far as usage and distributions?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.

It's based upon the methodology we've used.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, is it true that the cable technology that Eversource proposes used a petroleum-based fluid to act as the insulation means for the 115-kilovolt cables?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): In the original proposal it called for what's called HPFF cables.

It uses a fluid that's called polybutene. That is a non-toxic fluid. We took administrative notice

- 1 of Docket 272. And the Siting Council in that
- 2 docket heard from an expert that went on to great
- 3 lengths to explain the characteristics of
- 4 polybutene. It's used in many cosmetic products,
- 5 such as lipstick and mascara. It's used in many
- 6 food products such as chewing gum. And it can be
- 7 ingested. I would not recommend that, but it has
- 8 clearly been mischaracterized during this
- 9 proceeding.
- MR. BERGAMO: So in other words, it is
- 11 a petroleum-based fluid?
- 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It's a synthetic
- 13 fluid, yes.
- 14 MR. BERGAMO: Now, is it possible the
- 15 cable systems can leak?
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It is possible,
- 17 yes.
- 18 MR. BERGAMO: And have there been any
- 19 events where this has occurred in the past in any
- 20 of your towns?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): There was a
- 22 dig-in from an environmental contractor working I
- 23 believe for the State of Connecticut in the early
- 24 2000s adjacent to our Glenbrook Substation in
- 25 | Stamford where they penetrated one of the cables

- with an environmental survey. And yes, there was a significant fluid leak at that point.
- MR. BERGAMO: Now, am I correct in the

  statement that you've got 2.13 miles of these

  cables that would contain in excess of about

  100,000 gallons of this fluid?

7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.

MR. BERGAMO: Can we agree that in the Eversource application, table E-1, it shows 11 years from 2013 to 2023, that in that respect only the values that were used at the time were only for 2013 were the actual?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): That was the beginning year for the forecast forward looking, yes.

MR. BERGAMO: Isn't that true that the real consumption numbers are really 2014, 2015?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So now you're mixing peak demand, which is in this table with consumption. The consumption numbers for 2014 are in the record. I'm not sure if the consumption numbers for 2015 are. The consumption numbers in 2014 were lower than 2013. The consumption numbers in 2015 were higher.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, is it true that

Greenwich, I mean based on what's been testified 1 and the information that's been given from the 2 town, that it really -- Greenwich has not really 3 grown over the last decade, and that their land 4 5 use policy and the zoning regulations are really geared toward maintaining their current profile? 6 7 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Let me just ask a 8 clarifying -- are you talking about population? 9 You said Greenwich hasn't grown --MR. BERGAMO: We'll say --10 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: What are you 11 12 talking about in terms of --13 MR. BERGAMO: Population. MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Population. 14 15 just want to make sure we understand the question. THE WITNESS (Bowes): 16 So I believe we heard from the Town of Greenwich in that regard. 17 18 I have data for the past 25 years that would indicate a similar trend. In 1990 the population 19 of Greenwich was 58,441, and 20 years later it was 20 61,171. So a very modest increase over that time 21 22 However, the electrical demand in that frame. same time period went up by 45 percent. 23 24 MR. BERGAMO: You're saying it went up 25 45 percent over 25 years?

1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct. MR. BERGAMO: And what was the 2 3 percentage that's been going up the last several 4 years? 5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It's been very modest, I would say. 6 7 MR. BERGAMO: In fact, it's sort of stabilized based on your figures, very modest --8 9 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say it's 10 MR. BERGAMO: Up and down? 11 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, the data 13 has not been weather normalized, so there is variation in it, but it's plus or minus a few 14 15 percent variation between use. MR. BERGAMO: Is it also not true that 16 17 the further development in the Town of Greenwich, 18 it really is in regards to the replacement of existing properties, in other words, they're 19 20 taking down properties and just building on the 21 same sites? 22 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I would say that I could speak to the new service activity 23 24 that the company has seen, which is obviously in 25 direct relation to the type of development that's

- 1 going on. I originally had said in I think the
- 2 December hearing that we had 92 service upgrade
- 3 and new service requests active in the Town of
- 4 Greenwich. It's now up at 115, but that's
- 5 probably just the time period. So it's
- 6 approximately the same number, maybe a little
- 7 more. But in each one of those cases the average
- 8 service size has more than doubled. So although
- 9 it may be built on the same property, the service
- 10 request to Eversource is for service that's twice
- 11 the size of the existing service.
- 12 MR. BERGAMO: Isn't that also true
- 13 because of the new standards in safety and
- 14 providing service, you know, you're no longer on a
- 15 | 60 amp, you're on a 200?
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think in most
- 17 cases we're not talking about a 60 to a 200-amp
- 18 service. We're talking about a 200 or 400-amp
- 19 service to a three-phase 1,200 amp service. So
- 20 the type of dwellings that are being built have
- 21 the capability, and we'll see about the usage in
- 22 future years. But clearly the request from
- 23 customers in their service upgrades is two times
- 24 the existing service they have.
- MR. BERGAMO: My question to you is

with regards to that request for usage, is the 1 usage being taken? In other words, is it being 2 I know you have said that they are 3 used? requesting it, but is it being used? 4 5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So we will know that in the future. 6 MR. BERGAMO: You don't know that now? 7 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say over 9 time that the rate of growth has been modest. MR. BERGAMO: You don't know that now. 10 We'll wait and see. 11 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That's not what I said. I said to date it's been modest. In the 13 future time will tell on that. 14 15 MR. BERGAMO: Okay. 16 Now, the town's position, you agree, 17 that they believe that there's no growth, that 18 there's no increase, in fact, there's more of a withdrawing of the town as far as between 19 population, business, commercial? 20 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I know I heard 21 22 the testimony that was indicating some industrial 23 customers were potentially not as active as they 24 had been in the town, but I think all of the

metrics around building permits and demolitions

were in a positive direction. In fact, some of the construction numbers were the highest in the last -- since the downturn in 2007/2008.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, my question is because we've all -- it was more of a question really toward the Town of Greenwich's, what do those building permits really entail?

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: I would ask that you ask the town that question because I don't think Eversource is qualified to answer the question about the building permits. Mr. Bowes has testified about the service requests.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.

MR. BERGAMO: Yes.

You don't know of anything, or

Eversource does not know of the extent of what
those building permits were for?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So obviously we know the class of customer that is applying for those service upgrades. It's heavily residential, and we do also have account executives that work with the managed accounts, the larger ones, and we don't have a lot of new development going into the Town of Greenwich for industrial customers.

MR. BERGAMO: I guess my question to

1 you is you really don't know, or Eversource really doesn't know what extent these building permits, 2 3 even though they're being applied for, what they are, whether they're modification, extension of a 4 5 home, the type? THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say in 6 7 general we do not. I mean, a new service is 8 clearly a new building. A service upgrade would be upgrading for some reason, but we do not know 9 10 the reason why. MR. BERGAMO: If you look at Section 8 11 12 on the top of page 5 of their report or their That's the 23rd of November. 13 letter? THE WITNESS (Bowes): This is page 8? 14 15 MR. BERGAMO: No, Section B on the top 16 of page 5. THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it. 17 18 MR. BERGAMO: I'm just going to go slowly so you can move with me. 19 The town submitted that a transformer 20 that has a higher load than its FA rating is not a 21 22 risk for fire, that the only penalty for overuse, in essence, is that the life expectancy goes down 23 24 from 30 years to 25 years. Is that true?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So the standard

- that's quoted here is actually the design
- 2 standard, not the operating standard. I think we
- 3 established that at the last hearing. So there is
- 4 an operating standard that is applicable here.
- 5 And in general as you go above the nameplate
- 6 rating, life is taken away from the transformer.
- 7 And at certain points typically -- and we set our
- 8 emergency ratings based upon that -- we're willing
- 9 to accept a 1 percent loss of life based on the
- 10 ratings that we use, for example, at the Cos Cob
- 11 Substation for each occurrence.
- 12 MR. BERGAMO: Looking at Section 2 on
- 13 page 5, it refers to the testing provided in E-1,
- 14 which questions whether or not a test on a 24-hour
- 15 basis after June 1st all the way through September
- 16 21st, whether it was done, and points out that
- 17 this issue was raised by Mr. Ashton at the October
- 18 hearing on page 25 of that hearing transcript.
- 19 Has that issue or information come to a definite
- 20 resolution? I mean, have we come --
- 21 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So by definition
- 22 it's definitely a one-hour rating. In the case of
- 23 2013, the peak was for approximately two hours in
- 24 duration. So I think that was in the record as
- 25 well.

1 MR. BERGAMO: The town, in doing their study or report, on page 5 state that they didn't 2 find any major difference in the temperature 3 between 2013 and 2014. Is there anything wrong 4 5 with their numbers? Are they correct? And if so, how does that affect the numbers that you used in 6 7 your application? 8 And I'll repeat the question just so 9 that if you know the answer. Do you want me to 10 repeat it? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, please. 11 12 MR. BERGAMO: It's sort of a three-part 13 question within a question. Now, the town in their study, they didn't find any major difference 14 15 in the temperatures between 2013 and 2014. 16 Is there anything wrong with their numbers? Are they correct? Let's take that --17 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So subject to check, I agree that the average temperatures are 19 20 probably accurate in this. MR. BERGAMO: If they are correct, how 21 22 do those numbers affect your application? 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So if you want to 24 flip over to page 7 of 26 in the same document,

they list the number of days between 90 and 95.

In July of 2013 there were 10 of those days. And that's really the time period where we set the peak is where there was very hot humid weather for an extended period of time in the summer of '13.

available.

- MR. BERGAMO: Now, going to page 9 of the report, I believe it's number 6. E-1 had shown the routing of the eight feeders, but the capacity of the individual circuits and loads they individually carried in the past was not made available. Was that information made available, or would you just point where it's referenced?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm still trying to find your reference. Do you know what paragraph that is?
- MR. BERGAMO: It's page 9, number 6.
- 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Number 6, yes.
- MR. BERGAMO: They point out, okay, I'm
  asking -- or you can point out that you once
  showed the routing of eight feeders, but the
  capacity of the individual circuits and loads that
  they individually carried in the past was not made
  - Was that information made available during the hearings? I didn't know where it was. If you could just point it out?

1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there's general information in the application in Section 2 E-4.1.2 and E-4.1.3, and then more specific 3 information was in the Field Point 03010 on 4 5 November 30th, which is basically Interrogatory Number 10 from Field Point, which went into the 6 7 feeder capacities and feeder data. OCC-04, 50, 8 filed November 30th, has information on the 9 feeders and feeder capacities. And in Field Point 10 Set III, 013, filed November 30th, goes into additional detail on the 27.6 transformers and the 11 feeders at 27 kV. There have also been multiple 12 13 transcript areas as well, if you'd like those. MR. BERGAMO: The town, on page 10 of 14 15 the report, they bring up the same issues of the Consumer Counsel, namely, can you size up the 16 three transformer units or add a fourth? 17 Is that 18 a viable option which would take care of the needs that are really being debated here? 19 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So we've looked 20 and relooked at the distribution solutions within 21 Cos Cob Substation. And while there are 22 potentials to expand the substation, if that were 23 24 possible geographically -- I'll come back to that 25 as well -- by adding, say, a fourth transformer

there, it wouldn't solve the 27-kV distribution
circuit issues that we have coming out of there.

So we'd also require upgrades to those facilities
as well.

One of the distribution alternatives that we proposed actually as part of the project was to build a substation adjacent to Cos Cob. Some of the challenges, of course, you have to keep the existing service going while you're installing the new equipment. So there is some redundancy in that construction process that would have to be done.

We've spoken to both the town and the State of Connecticut about the use of additional property at the Cos Cob site, and those are not viable options, we've been told. So we were looking to acquire an additional piece of property adjacent to the substation. That solution was detailed in the application, and it was a more costly alternative.

MR. BERGAMO: How about is it viable to add another unit at the North Greenwich Station?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So that's actually the alternative that we were just talking about with the OCC in their interrogatory. And,

- 1 again, it came out to be theoretically or
- 2 technically feasible, yes. It would provide a 50
- 3 MVA solution. It would cost more than the
- 4 proposed solution that the company has put
- 5 forward.
- 6 MR. BERGAMO: Now is that because you
- 7 have to run an underground route?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): We assumed an
- 9 underground route in the case of Cedar Heights to
- 10 North Greenwich Substation. We also assumed that
- 11 there would be some property acquisition around
- 12 North Greenwich. If you recall the previous
- 13 discussions we had, there's significant wetlands
- 14 and flood zones around the existing North
- 15 Greenwich Substation. So there would be some
- 16 property acquisition that would have to take
- 17 place.
- 18 MR. BERGAMO: Is it cheaper -- is it
- 19 more inexpensive to do overhead routes than it is
- 20 underground routes?
- 21 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say in
- 22 almost -- and in the generic sense, it's almost
- 23 always less expensive to go overhead than it is
- 24 underground.
- MR. BERGAMO: And was an overhead route

for North Greenwich? 1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So the issue gets 2 into the number of circuits that would be 3 required. So we would be running new pole lines 4 5 on both sides of the street. That typically is not an acceptable solution in most towns where 6 7 we'd be taking and adding potentially three 8 circuits or three pole lines along the same public 9 right-of-way. Very difficult to do. So we did 10 select an underground alternative for that. 11 MR. BERGAMO: Has Eversource been 12 replacing poles throughout the state? 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It's not a pole It's a pole line issue. 14 issue. 15 MR. BERGAMO: A pole line issue. THE WITNESS (Bowes): We'd be having 16 17 three sets of poles on the same street. 18 Now, the town on page 11 MR. BERGAMO: of the report asked when documentation would be 19 provided supporting the details submitted in E-5. 20 Was that ever done, or was that done through 21 this -- I mean, it seems --22 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): There's six 24 paragraphs on this page. Is there anymore

specific or -- I can hunt for it.

1 MR. BERGAMO: I'll move on to the next question. 2 On page 8 -- number 8, question number 3 4 8 --5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Okay. I have number 8, yes. 6 7 MR. BERGAMO: -- of the report 8 pertaining to the analysis of potential 9 undercapacity problems, the town then requested a listing of the capacity of all the feeders. 10 was done; am I correct? 11 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, OCC fourth 13 set of questions, Number 57, filed November 30th; and 59, filed November 30th, detailed that. 14 15 MR. BERGAMO: And the solution on the 16 last paragraph on page 11 of the report talks about adding additional capacity -- well, we went 17 18 through that. 19 On page 12 of the report the town makes it very clear that they have disagreed that 20 there's any need and that the loading increase is 21 22 going to be by percentage each year 1 percent. 23 The town talks about their own efforts in 24 reducing -- conservation efforts, and they go into

a long explanation that they don't envision any

- 1 new residential commercial --
- MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I'm
- 3 going to object. Is there a question that's being
- 4 asked --
- 5 MR. BERGAMO: Yes.
- 6 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: -- or are you
- 7 just reading from the town's report? Because
- 8 that's already in evidence. And it's already as
- 9 an exhibit, for what it's worth.
- 10 MR. BERGAMO: I understand that, but to
- 11 make it easier for the witness to know exactly
- 12 what I'm talking about, I just wanted to clarify.
- 13 Now I have my question. I'm not going to -- just
- 14 move on.
- 15 Is it true that the consumer-generated
- 16 conservation efforts have begun to take effect,
- 17 actually begun to take effect in the Town of
- 18 Greenwich?
- 19 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would say yes.
- 20 I mean, I think we've responded to the last set of
- 21 OCC interrogatories where we indicated the
- 22 participation rates from any towns of larger
- 23 energy users in the state, and Greenwich had lots
- 24 of opportunity to grow in that area.
- 25 MR. BERGAMO: Is it also not true that

- greater efficient electrical devices and further
  conservation efforts will further reduce any
  potential increases?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I believe
  that the energy efficiency programs that we
  promote do have a positive benefit for customers
  and lower the overall usage and in some cases the
  demand as well.
- 9 MR. BERGAMO: On page 12 of the report
  10 the town points out that the town has installed a
  11 solar system at the Greenwich High School. Is
  12 that true, do you know?
  - MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I think the town already testified at the last hearing as to all of the measures they undertook. I don't think Eversource should be telling the Council what measures the town undertook when it's already in the record.
  - MR. BERGAMO: I'll rephrase the question. Is Eversource aware of the continuing efforts by the Town of Greenwich to improve their own route system?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.

MR. BERGAMO: And you're aware -- is
everything that has been testified by the town is

Eversource aware of, other than these hearings? 1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm going to have 2 to ask you to be a little more specific on that. 3 I'm not going to accept everything that they've 4 5 testified to. MR. BERGAMO: So Eversource doesn't 6 7 have full knowledge of what the town is doing? 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): For what? 9 MR. BERGAMO: To reduce their efforts 10 to reduce the energy consumption. 11 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So we clearly 12 know the programs that we sponsor and their 13 activity in that, whether they're the PV programs for distributed generation, or whether they're the 14 15 energy efficiency programs. I do not know if that's the totality of what they're doing. 16 MR. BERGAMO: That's all I need. 17 18 Now, when Eversource goes in to actually make an application such as this, what 19 type of investigation does Eversource do to make a 20 determination from the various towns what their 21 own efforts have been as far as reducing energy, 22

getting off the grid, alternates, I mean, does

Eversource make an investigation in those

23

24

25

particular towns?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we do. And there's a lot of detail in the application about the distributed generation within the town, the energy efficiency, the ISO New England demand response programs. So it's pretty detailed of what the Town of Greenwich has done to minimize their growth of electricity.

MR. BERGAMO: But you just testified -- let me move on.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, those are the programs that we sponsor and we --

MR. BERGAMO: But those aren't only the programs that you sponsor, otherwise Eversource does not go into a town, ask the town planner what are you doing as far as your conservation efforts are concerned, do you have any alternate energy programs?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Well, I would say yes we do in that regard, and we try to make sure if there's a program that matches what they're doing, that they get the proper incentives for that. So I would say there is interaction around the electrical conservation programs that the town has, but they may be doing other things beyond electricity. For example, it could be water, it

- could be other types of resources that they may be working on.
- MR. BERGAMO: Thank you. Now, in the
  report it objects to the granting of an approval
  by the Siting Council. Is there anything in there
  that you contend that in their letters is not true
  that you want to state?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I think we
  heard from the Town of Greenwich that this was not
  a statement of expertise or a fact, but it was a
  series of questions they were posing to
  Eversource.
- MR. BERGAMO: Now, moving on. On page
  14 14 of that report, and this is -- actually we had
  15 discussed this already.
  - Is it true that the population in Greenwich is half that of Stamford?
- THE CHAIRMAN: What's the question?
- MR. BERGAMO: Is it not true that the population of Greenwich, to your knowledge, is
- 21 about half that of Stamford?

16

17

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I certainly know
the electrical customers are approximately 50
percent of Stamford. So if that were to be
extrapolated, subject to check, I would agree it's

probably around 50 percent. 1 2 MR. BERGAMO: So Stamford's electrical consumption is three times that of Greenwich; is 3 4 that true? 5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I know we filed that in this docket. I'm not sure that that was 6 7 accurate. 8 MR. BERGAMO: Is that --9 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Hold on just a I think we can find that. 10 11 MR. BERGAMO: I'm just suggesting. Is that in E-4? 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm sorry? 13 MR. BERGAMO: Was it in E-4? 14 15 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It was a response to one of the OCC questions. 16 MR. BERGAMO: Okay. 17 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Subject to check, 19 I believe it's about 60 percent higher. It's not three times higher. 20 21 MR. BERGAMO: So you've used Stamford 22 as an argument for a new substation. Is that a 23 bad idea by using that as a comparison? 24 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Can you repeat

25

the question?

```
MR. BERGAMO: You stated that the
1
2
    population of Greenwich is about half that of
    Stamford. Stamford's electrical consumption is
3
    about three times that of Greenwich.
4
5
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: No, he just said
    it was not three times.
6
7
               MR. BERGAMO: Okay.
                                     Then I'm
8
    corrected.
9
               Now, on the bottom page 14 doesn't the
10
    report make clear that the town has no plans to
    upgrade or enlarge infrastructure to support any
11
    major growth? This is the 11/23.
12
13
               THE CHAIRMAN: I'm sorry, is that
    testimony from the town or from Eversource?
14
15
               MR. BERGAMO: This was in the report.
16
               THE CHAIRMAN: Report of who?
               MR. BERGAMO: Of the town.
17
18
               THE CHAIRMAN: So why are you asking
19
    Eversource?
               MR. BERGAMO: I believe if they're
20
    knowledgeable about that the town has no plans to
21
22
    improve.
23
               THE CHAIRMAN: Assuming the report is
24
25
               MR. BERGAMO: Assuming the report is
```

true and accurate.

THE CHAIRMAN: I think we all agree that the representatives of the Town of Greenwich did an excellent job of presenting their case.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, the town in their report -- and this is on the top of page 16 -- the town made reference that the residential customers would receive no benefit for a new bulk substation. However, in your application E-3 it says that it would greatly improve the reliability of the entire electrical distribution in Greenwich. Are you saying that it would actually benefit the residential consumers in the town?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it would.

I've detailed some of those benefits for both the blue sky and catastrophic storm events.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, also on that same page you point out in the application that -- or they point out in the application should the need arise that all of Greenwich allegedly be fed from either the 135 MVA Cos Cob Substation or the new 134 MVA station, that by Eversource's prediction in 2017 that Greenwich's power consumption would exceed 135 MVA. If that's the case, then if the total load were to exceed that amount, would

1 either Cos Cob or the new substation on its own keep Greenwich energized? 2 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Could you go 3 4 through that again? 5 MR. BERGAMO: Okay. Should the need arise that all of Greenwich can allegedly be fed 6 7 from either the 135 MVA Cos Cob Substation or the 8 new 134 MVA station, by your own prediction in 9 2017, Greenwich's power consumption is projected to exceed the 130 MVA. If the total load were to 10 exceed that amount, would either Cos Cob or a new 11 12 substation just on its own keep Greenwich 13 energized? 14 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I think the 15 question is is would either one of the 16 substations --17 MR. BERGAMO: On their own. 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): -- supply the 19 entire Greenwich town. 20 MR. BERGAMO: Right. THE WITNESS (Bowes): It would not --21 22 if it went above that, they would not be able to 23 do that by themselves. There are other ties --24 you know, we talked about Tomac that does feed a

portion of Greenwich as well, and there's some

- ties, a few customers that are fed from Stamford
  into Greenwich, but in general I would agree that
  I think the basis for your question is is that
  either one of those two substations could not
- 5 serve 100 percent of the customers at the peak
- 6 load.

- MR. BERGAMO: You'd have to tie into another substation or another feeder.
  - THE WITNESS (Bowes): Or we'd have to just take some other emergency measures to deal with that situation.
- MR. BERGAMO: Okay.
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there's not
  14 100 percent redundancy of peak.
  - MR. BERGAMO: Right. And we've talked about lightning strikes on prior occasions and that nobody can predict them. But can we agree that a new substation is not going to protect any feeders whatsoever if there's a lightning strike, it's something that this would not take care of?
  - THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm hesitating because the protective features inside the substation do also protect the distribution feeders, but if you're saying a lightning strike on an overhead circuit a few miles from the

substation, a new substation is going to have 1 little impact on the system performance for that. 2 But a close in strike, in this case the close in 3 feeders will come out underground, so there's 4 5 significant lightning protection for those feeders in the first few hundred feet from the substation, 6 7 and it will also benefit from the protection 8 systems inside the substation for a short distance 9 outside of the substation. MR. BERGAMO: Now, the customers that 10 are fed from the North Greenwich Substation, would 11 the proposed new \$140 million substation do 12 13 anything for the people in that area? I mean, how is this new substation going to affect the people 14 15 in the North Greenwich area? THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there will be 16 automatic ties between the new Greenwich 17 18 Substation and the North Greenwich Substation. So most of the feeders from North Greenwich will be 19 20 backed up by the new Greenwich Substation. MR. BERGAMO: So it's going to act as 21 22 an additional backup to --

THE WITNESS (Bowes): As well as Cos

THE WITNESS: To North Greenwich, yes.

MR. BERGAMO: As well as Cos Cob?

23

Cob, yes.

MR. BERGAMO: Now, the town had pointed out on the top of page 18 of that report that they're constantly plagued by storm-related power interruptions. But you testified that the substation is not going to improve any reliability except if the power station itself got struck. Is that correct?

what I said. I said it enables the distribution system to back itself up between, as we just discussed, both North Greenwich and Cos Cob. It allows us to resupply those customers from the new Greenwich Substation. And as part of this project we are putting in I think in the last part of the sentence additional reclosers, more effective sectionalization. And although there's not a lot of undergrounding as part of this project, other than the distribution feeders that exit the substation, it's probably the only area where there are additional opportunities that wouldn't benefit directly from this project.

MR. BERGAMO: That was my next question too. So you're saying is that there's a portion of this 140 million that's being spent is going

into additional reclosers, more effective circuit 1 sectionalizing and undergrounding of existing 2 overhead? 3 THE WITNESS (Bowes): The first two, 4 5 not the third. There's no additional undergrounding of existing overhead. 6 7 MR. BERGAMO: Is there any storm 8 hardening that's part of that cost? 9 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So the same type 10 of investments around reclosers and sectionalizing is part of our storm hardening program. 11 12 being funded as part of this substation upgrade to interconnect the substation. So the same 13 14 techniques and equipment are used, but it's not 15 technically storm hardening. The same 16 methodology, same practices and same benefits will result. 17 18 Now, on the bottom of MR. BERGAMO: page 20 of the report the town thought it was an 19 exaggeration to state that without a new 20 substation, reliable, consistent electrical 21 22 service would severely jeopardize them in the 23 immediate future?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So my page 20 is

about horizontal direction --

24

```
1
               MR. BERGAMO: It's toward the bottom of
2
    page 20.
3
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I've got it.
    Here it is. Well, I think that's a question for
4
5
    us, right?
               MR. BERGAMO: The question is, I mean,
6
7
    a new substation is not -- is a new substation
    vitally important to this project, or is it just
8
9
    moreover a backup for overall reliability?
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): No, I would say
10
    it's vitally important.
11
12
               MR. BERGAMO: How would you
    characterize "vitally important"?
13
14
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Greenwich is the
15
    only town we serve in the last five years where
    we've had to shed customer load during peak
16
    conditions. So of the 149 towns we serve for over
17
18
    five years, it's the only place we've had to do
    this because the capacity was not available and
19
    the cascading distribution failures on the
20
    underground we could not control otherwise.
21
               MR. BERGAMO: Is this related to
22
23
    distribution or the amount of power coming in?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): It's related to
25
    the distribution system at that time.
```

1 MR. BERGAMO: So there are other
2 distribution methods that you discussed throughout
3 this application as well. This is just the --

THE WITNESS (Bowes): But they are not viable without the new Greenwich Substation. They cannot be implemented without a second source in Greenwich.

MR. BERGAMO: I thought -- so that's Eversource's stance, you cannot have an upgrade without the substation?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): We can't achieve the benefits that I described before backing up customers from North Greenwich or from Cos Cob in the method that we proposed, that is correct, we cannot do that through another means.

MR. BERGAMO: But there could be other means; am I correct?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): We listed a host of them in the alternative section of this application. None of those alternatives have come forward.

MR. BERGAMO: On page 22 of the report the town also pointed out the application was silent on detection and responses to a breach in either piping -- dealing with either piping

- 1 housing the cables or fluid return. Did you
- 2 discuss that or mention that in any of your
- 3 submitted exhibits?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): So yes, in our
- 5 second -- I believe it was the second supplemental
- 6 prefile testimony or testimony in the case, pages
- 7 13 and 14, we discussed that.
- MR. BERGAMO: Okay. That's pretty much
- 9 all of the questions I have.
- 10 THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.
- 11 MR. BERGAMO: I just have a question of
- 12 the Council. There were two letters that were
- 13 submitted by, number one, the state -- or actually
- 14 federal, Senator Richard Blumenthal, and the
- 15 Attorney General. Are those exhibits? Are
- 16 they part of the record?
- 17 THE CHAIRMAN: They're part of the
- 18 record.
- MR. BERGAMO: Thank you.
- 20 THE CHAIRMAN: We have a stack of
- 21 letters this high, if you'd like us to put those
- 22 on the top --
- 23 MR. BERGAMO: Thank you very much.
- MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Excuse me, Mr.
- 25 Chairman. We do have the information on the

- distances from Cos Cob Substation. Mr. Libertine
- 2 is prepared to give you those, if you would like
- 3 to hear them?
- 4 THE CHAIRMAN: Yes, please.
- 5 THE WITNESS (Libertine): These are as
- 6 the crow flies and approximately in miles. So
- 7 from Cos Cob beginning to Byram Substation in
- 8 Greenwich, that's approximately three miles. From
- 9 Cos Cob to Prospect is 1.9. Cos Cob to Mianus
- 10 Substation, 1.1 miles. Cos Cob to Tomac
- 11 Substation, approximately 1.8 miles. And Cos Cob
- 12 to the North Greenwich Substation, about 5.3
- 13 miles. There are also four substations listed on
- 14 that list in Stamford. I can provide those
- 15 distances to complete the record.
- 16 From Cos Cob to the Southend Substation
- in Stamford is approximately 3.4 miles. Cos Cob
- 18 to Glenbrook Substation, 4.6. Cos Cob to Cedar
- 19 Heights, 5.8 miles. And Cos Cob to Waterside,
- 20 approximately 2.3 miles.
- 21 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
- THE WITNESS (Libertine): You're
- 23 welcome.
- 24 THE CHAIRMAN: We're going to take a
- 25 break now. We'll resume at 3 o'clock.

```
1
                (Whereupon, a recess was taken from
    2:46 p.m. until 3:01 p.m.)
2
               THE CHAIRMAN: I'd like to call the
3
    meeting back to order of the Siting Council on
4
    Docket 461. The next party for cross-examination
5
    is Field Point Estate Townhouses.
6
7
                (No response.)
8
               THE CHAIRMAN: Christine Edwards?
9
               MS. EDWARDS: Yes. Where do you want
10
    me to sit?
11
               THE CHAIRMAN: You have a big choice.
12
               MS. EDWARDS: Thank you very much.
    Christine Edwards. And one of the questions that
13
    I have, which really gets to me to the heart of
14
15
    the matter, because we're looking at usage. And
    with regard to the usage we're told we need to
16
17
    have this extra capacity for the distribution.
18
    However, it has been brought up in many of the
    different dockets --
19
20
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               I would, as I've done in
21
    the past, ask you not to make statements, but to
22
    ask questions.
23
               MS. EDWARDS: Oh, I'm sorry. I always
    want to prepare it.
24
```

THE CHAIRMAN:

I know what you want to

1 do. 2 MS. EDWARDS: Thank you. 3 With your Cos Cob Station you made an accommodation to Metro-North so that they could be 4 5 using the electricity from there. That had come up in some discussions. How much of a percentage 6 7 of the usage of the Cos Cob Station is enjoyed by 8 Metro-North? 9 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So just to be 10 clear, you're asking the property allocation? MS. EDWARDS: No, because they're using 11 12 it for their electrical usage. 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So you're asking how much electricity? 14 15 MS. EDWARDS: How much of a percentage 16 of the use of that particular facility is used by Metro-North? 17 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So they take transmission level service at 115 kV, but it's 19 20 approximately 10 percent. MS. EDWARDS: Only 10 percent. Could 21 that be shifted over to a Stamford station so that 22

we could open up more capacity for the kV usage?

the technology of it -- the technical feasibility

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't believe

23

24

- 1 of that is possible for --
- MS. EDWARDS: But it could be something
- 3 that you could look into because 10 percent would
- 4 give us many years before we have to -- at a
- 5 growth rate of, you know, almost static right now
- 6 and increasing the efficiencies.
- 7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So again, the
- 8 sovereign would have to agree to vacate the
- 9 property.
- 10 MS. EDWARDS: I'm not talking about
- 11 vacating. I'm talking about usage. It's a
- 12 question of where you put the switch. So instead
- of having the switch in the usage and power
- 14 distribution for Cos Cob, that could be shifted
- 15 onto Stamford and therefore give us much greater
- 16 use and capacity for the distribution from Cos Cob
- 17 and alleviate any problem that we would have to
- 18 even build the Prospect.
- 19 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I
- 20 think the witness already answered that it could
- 21 not be shifted to Stamford.
- MS. EDWARDS: I don't think it was an
- 23 answer. It was more of a maybe.
- 24 THE CHAIRMAN: Would you then reiterate
- 25 your answer?

1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So again, I don't believe it's technically possible for the load for 2 Metro-North to be shifted to a Stamford 3 Substation, Stamford Metro-North location. 4 5 MS. EDWARDS: So what I understand with your answer is it's a possibility because it's not 6 7 a definite no, it's just an open-ended comment --8 THE CHAIRMAN: I'm sorry --9 MS. EDWARDS: But that is an open-ended 10 comment. 11 THE CHAIRMAN: -- it's his answer. You 12 can, if you decide to write a brief, you can say 13 anything you want, but right now the answer has been given, and if you have more questions, please 14 15 ask more questions. 16 MS. EDWARDS: Just as a comment from 17 your question, so I could still write a brief that 18 would be acceptable for the --19 THE CHAIRMAN: Everybody can write a 20 brief. MS. EDWARDS: And it would be able to 21 22 be put into looking here? 23 THE CHAIRMAN: If and when before the

hour of midnight I get a chance to close the

hearing, and I'm not sure what day, month or year

24

that will be, I think if you can wait until then,
you will get an answer to that question.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. EDWARDS: Thank you very much. I really appreciate that.

THE CHAIRMAN: Let them answer the If you don't like the answer, that's question. too bad. That's their answer. You will have a chance to brief. My only comment was on that question, and it's really not a question, but I just can't resist, is there any way that Metro-North could maybe terminate, stopping in Greenwich, and just go straight through and maybe then -- but nobody has to answer that question. Ι can't resist. That's not a question for you. That's the Chair's prerogative. So at this point if you have anymore questions, please ask them as questions. Thank you.

MS. EDWARDS: Thank you very much.

The other question I had regarding the usage of Cos Cob because this is really -- as I understand it, and I'm asking you this question, you feel that there's not enough space there to expand, or there really isn't any space, is there the possibility of using more of the space in the Cos Cob location to be able to expand in such a

way that we don't need to build another station?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, the state
has not allowed us to expand into their area. The
town has indicated their answer was no to expand
onto the town park area. So we looked at an
alternative that was to purchase an additional
piece of property adjacent to Cos Cob Substation,

application.

So yes, there is a viable alternative to do something at the Cos Cob location. It would require new land acquisition, and it is more

and that is the distribution alternative in the

costly than the existing project with not quite

the same level of benefit.

MS. EDWARDS: But it could be done?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it could.

MS. EDWARDS: And therefore you could keep that particular space available for expansion. Thank you very much.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm not sure -- I think the answer to the last -- well, it wasn't a question -- was that we would build a new substation adjacent to the existing Cos Cob Substation. That's the alternative that's in the application. That's what I testified to.

```
1
               MS. EDWARDS: I'm sorry, I guess I'm
    seeing that as expansion rather than because it's
2
    just taking what is there now and expanding it.
3
    Is that correct?
4
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): No, it's a new
    substation in a property adjacent to Cos Cob.
6
7
    That's the viable alternative.
8
               MS. EDWARDS: Okay. Thank you.
9
               THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Richard Granoff?
10
                (No response.)
11
               THE CHAIRMAN: The grouped intervenors,
12
    again, Bella Nonna Restaurant, Greenwich
13
    Chiropractic, Mr. Berger and Ms. Glass?
14
                (No response.)
15
                THE CHAIRMAN: Cecilia Morgan?
16
               MS. MORGAN: Thank you for this
17
    opportunity. I wanted to ask Eversource if you
18
    are aware and have you read at any point during
    your research on this the deed from Sarah Bruce
19
    devised under the last will and testament of
20
    Robert M. Bruce to the Town of Greenwich, dated
21
22
    October 19, 1909, and recorded October 30, 1909,
    in Volume 123 at page 165 of the Greenwich land
23
24
    records?
```

MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, I

don't believe that document is in the record. 1 MS. MORGAN: I know, that's why I was 2 wondering if that had been --3 THE CHAIRMAN: It has not been put into 4 5 the record. MS. MORGAN: Okay. I don't know 6 7 whether the town has put that into the records or 8 not. 9 Anyway, part of it states that --10 THE CHAIRMAN: We can't really, if it's not in the record --11 12 MS. MORGAN: I'm surprised that the --13 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, you can be surprised. This is the sixth hearing. So you've 14 15 had --MS. MORGAN: Well, no, I didn't know if 16 anyone had researched Bruce Park to know what the 17 18 history of it was, in which case this would be --19 THE CHAIRMAN: We had a whole discussion about Bruce Park, and there's now an 20 alternative on the table, so you really --21 MS. MORGAN: Well, we're still talking 22 23 about Bruce Park because I live on Kinsman Lane, 24 and they're still talking about Kinsman Lane as a

25

possible area for this.

```
1
               THE CHAIRMAN: But if you have a
    specific question but --
2
3
               MS. MORGAN: My question was were they
    aware of this deed and what it states about Bruce
4
5
    Park.
               THE CHAIRMAN: Why don't you just
6
7
    answer it.
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Well, the
8
9
    document isn't in the record, so Mr. Bowes can
10
    answer the question.
11
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I do not have any
12
    knowledge of the document you're talking about.
13
               MS. MORGAN: Well, the document says it
    said park premises should be kept in a good state
14
15
    of preservation for the use of the public and
16
    shall keep all other buildings on said premises --
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman,
17
18
    that's testimony, the requirements --
19
               MS. MORGAN: It's just reading from a
20
    document. Okay. That's all I have to say.
    just wondered if you were aware of the document
21
22
    regarding Bruce Park, and you're saying that in
23
    fact no you are not. That is correct, yes?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, that's what
25
    I said.
```

1 MS. MORGAN: That was my question, are you aware of it. 2 3 MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: I think Mr. Bowes indicated he was not aware of it. 4 5 MS. MORGAN: That's fine. That's all I needed to know. 6 7 Also, is the Siting Council in receipt of the letter from Senator Scott Frantz yesterday? 8 9 It has been sent to you. So I just found it. 10 Okay. Thank you. 11 THE CHAIRMAN: We're trying to keep up, 12 but people seem to have a --MS. MORGAN: I know it's hard. 13 THE CHAIRMAN: -- habit of waiting 14 15 until the last minute to submit objections and 16 submit letters. And they've had ample time. Town of Greenwich, your opportunity. 17 18 MS. KOHLER: Good afternoon, Julie 19 Kohler from Cohen and Wolf representing the Town of Greenwich. Also with me is David Ball. 20 Just for the Council's clarification, 21

25 MR. BALL: David Ball. Good afternoon.

of the Town of Greenwich.

the deed that she referred to actually is in the

record. It's attached to the November 23rd filing

22

23

Town of Greenwich.

1

15

16

17

18

19

20

25

right?

- THE CHAIRMAN: Good afternoon.
- MR. BALL: I would like to ask a couple
  of questions about some of the tables in the
  application and OCC's Table E-5. And if I may, if
  I could just direct your attention to Table E-1 in
  your application.
- 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.
- 9 MR. BALL: Thank you. So obviously
  10 among the grounds that you cite for the need for a
  11 new transmission line for this project are the
  12 projections as to the overloading of transformers
  13 at Cos Cob. And that's depicted in Table E-1. Is
  14 that accurate?
  - THE WITNESS (Bowes): No. The question you asked was around the need for the transmission lines, and that is not accurate.
  - MR. BALL: Okay. So the need for this project is in part, is it not, based on your projections that are depicted in Table E-1?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
- MR. BALL: Thank you. And just so
  we're clear, 2013 shows the actual MVA peak load
  of 130.5, that's on the Cos Cob transformers,

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: That's actual data?
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: And 2014 and 2015, I think
4
5
    has been stated before, those are projected
    figures, right?
6
7
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct.
               MR. BALL: You didn't look at actual
8
9
    peak load in 2014 or 2015 in this table?
10
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct,
11
    in this table.
               MR. BALL: Now, if we look at the table
12
    you project for 2014, a peak load level of 131.8
13
    MVA for the Cos Cob transformers, right?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
16
               MR. BALL: And we know from your
    response to OCC-22 that the actual peak load level
17
18
    in 2014 was 107.7 MVA, right?
19
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Subject to check,
20
    yes.
21
               MR. BALL: So it's fair to say that
22
    what you depicted in Table E-1 overprojected the
23
    peak load on the Cos Cob transformers for 2014 by
24
    24.1 MVA. Correct?
```

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Subject to math

1 check, yes. MR. BALL: And in 2015, Table E-1 shows 2 a projection of 133.1 MVA for the Cos Cob 3 transformers, that's a projection, right? 4 5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. MR. BALL: And we know from your 6 7 response to OCC-22 that the actual peak load for 8 the transformers at Cos Cob in 2015 was 114.8 MVA, 9 correct? THE WITNESS (Bowes): 10 11 MR. BALL: So for 2015 you've overprojected by 18.3 MVA; is that right? 12 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. And I have 13 verified OCC-22. Those numbers are accurate. 14 15 MR. BALL: Thank you. My math is 16 correct, right? 17 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is. 18 MR. BALL: Let's take a quick look, if we could, at Table E-2. 19 Let me take a step back. One of the 20 issues that you raised with upgrading the 21 transformers at Cos Cob is that it would not 22 23 address the potential for overloads on the 24 Prospect Substation transformers. Isn't that one

25

of the points you made?

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: So let's take a look at
2
    Table E-2, which shows your projections for
3
    Prospect Substation. Let me know when you're
4
5
    ready.
6
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I'm ready.
7
               MR. BALL: Okay. So for 2013 we see
8
    actual peak load of 51.2 MVA. I got that right?
9
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct.
               MR. BALL: And that's actual data?
10
11
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
12
               MR. BALL: And then 2014 you've
13
    projected 51.7 MVA for the Prospect transformers,
    right?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
16
               MR. BALL: But that's not actual,
    that's a projection?
17
18
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
19
               MR. BALL: And you projected for 2015
20
    52.2 MVA, right?
21
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
               MR. BALL: So now if we take a look at
22
23
    the actual peak load levels for the Prospect
24
    transformers. And I'll refer you to OCC-49.
25
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.
```

MR. BALL: So the actual peak load 1 level for the Prospect transformers in 2014 is 44 2 MVA. Do I have that right? 3 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct. 4 5 MR. BALL: And then it's fair to say that you have overprojected in Table E-2 for 2014 6 7 by 7.7 MVA for the Prospect transformers, right? 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. 9 THE CHAIRMAN: I have a follow-up 10 question. Peak load, are they due to weather-related, or are they just totally random 11 12 and --THE WITNESS (Bowes): So it mirrors 13 both the ISO New England load and Connecticut load 14 15 and the Southwest Connecticut load pocket. So all 16 those loads were down approximately the same percentage in 2014 and 2015. So clearly it was 17 18 not just the economic issue, it was related to 19 weather. 20 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you. MR. BALL: And just sticking with 2015, 21 22 Mr. Bowes, if I may, the actual peak load level 23 for the Prospect transformers was 47 MVA, correct? 24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct. 25 MR. BALL: So in Table E-2 where you

projected 52.2, you overprojected for 2015 by 5.2 1 MVA for the Prospect transformers, right? 2 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct. 3 MR. BALL: I assume you used the same 4 5 projection methodology in Table E-1 as Table E-2? 6 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we did. 7 MR. BALL: In both instances you took 8 the 2013 peak load data and projected forward from 9 that. Is that right? THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct. 10 11 MR. BALL: And in both instances you did not include actual load data from 2014 or 2015 12 in those tables, right? 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): And the reason 14 15 being they weren't available at that time. 16 MR. BALL: Understood. They're 17 available now though, right? 18 THE WITNESS (Bowes): They are. 19 MR. BALL: You haven't updated or revised these projections, have you? 20 21 THE WITNESS (Bowes): We have not. 22 MR. BALL: Let's take a look at, if I 23 could real quick, what we looked at at the 24 beginning of this hearing today which is OCC's

25

Table E-5.

1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it. MR. BALL: Now, I think it's -- you 2 would agree that what OCC is depicting here is 3 that once the new Greenwich Substation is 4 5 constructed, that even accepting your projections, there would be overcapacity in 2018; you would 6 7 agree with the chart, right? 8 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So overcapacity, 9 I do not agree with the chart. yes. 10 MR. BALL: But you agree at least that that in 2018 if the new Greenwich Substation is 11 constructed, there would be overcapacity, correct? 12 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Which would allow us -- yes, which would allow us to serve the 14 15 load --16 MR. BALL: I'm sure you have an 17 explanation. I'm just asking real simple yes/no 18 questions. 19 And you would agree that based on your projections in 2018, the overcapacity would be 20 131.8 MVA, right? 21 22 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I do not. 23 MR. BALL: All right. Well, isn't it 24 fair to say that if in fact you have

overprojected, that the overcapacity will be even

greater in 2018; isn't that accurate? 1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It is not. 2 MR. BALL: Your projections for 2014 3 peak load data were overprojected compared to what 4 5 the actual data showed for Cos Cob and Prospect. Right? 6 7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. 8 MR. BALL: And similarly for 2015 you 9 overprojected? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. 10 11 MR. BALL: So to the extent that you 12 are now constructing a new substation with 13 additional capacity, you've already said there will be overcapacity, if you overproject the 14 15 capacity, the overcapacity is even greater. 16 that right? THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I'll refer you 17 18 to OCC-81. I'll wait for you to get that. OCC-81 indicates that 80 MVA of transformation 19 will be retired as part of this project. 20 MR. BALL: So you don't accept 21 22 necessarily the figures that OCC has summarized in 23 this table, I understand that, right? 24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Well, they're 25 incorrect by 80 MVA.

1 MR. BALL: I understand. But the overcapacity is still there, correct? Even with 2 the retirement of 80 MVA, there is still an 3 overcapacity after you construct the Greenwich 4 5 Substation, right? THE WITNESS (Bowes): But will be used 6 7 upon contingency. So overcapacity under normal conditions, yes, but not on contingency. 8 9 MR. BALL: Okay. Again, not a trick I understand that you're retiring 80 10 question. MVA, that that extent of capacity will be retired. 11 12 But nevertheless, even with that, once you 13 construct the Greenwich Substation let's say in 2018, there is going to be overcapacity on the 14 15 transformers? THE WITNESS (Bowes): With all lines in 16 service and all transformers in service, yes. 17 18 MR. BALL: And if you have overprojected for 2018, that overcapacity is even 19 20 greater, right? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Less the 80 MVA. 21 22 MR. BALL: That's what I'm asking. 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct. 24 Or it could be much less if a contingency were to

occur or a very hot summer were to occur.

1 MR. BALL: Okay. Let me shift topics. 2 There was just now some questioning about the room at Cos Cob for it sounded like for a new 3 substation. Is that what you were referring to 4 5 when you said you would need more land on Cos Cob Park? 6 7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Correct. 8 MR. BALL: So put aside the potential 9 for a new substation. To upgrade the transformers 10 at Cos Cob, let's just assume we're talking about that, you wouldn't need that much room, you 11 12 wouldn't need a new substation. Right? 13 THE WITNESS (Bowes): We would need additional space at Cos Cob. 14 15 MR. BALL: Okay. But that's different 16 than a new substation just for the record? 17 THE WITNESS (Bowes): I was trying to 18 equate what's in the application as the distribution alternative which satisfies all the 19 20 needs that we proposed in the application. you're asking for a partial benefit or a partial 21 22 solution to the problem, Cos Cob expansion could 23 solve a portion of that.

MR. BALL: I was just focused on the

Cos Cob, the existing substation, and the

24

```
1
    potential for upgrading the current transformers
    there without the need for construction of a new
2
    substation. That was my question. You would not
3
    need as much land in Cos Cob Park, for instance?
4
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
               MR. BALL: Thank you.
6
7
               I'm going to shift gears to the, if I
8
    can, LFE-3, which was your submission as to the
9
    Metro-North Railroad option.
10
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That was
11
    Late-File 003?
12
               MR. BALL:
                          Yes.
13
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.
               MR. BALL: Earlier there was some
14
15
    questioning about the town's position. You said
16
    the town supports the Metro-North Railroad
17
    corridor option. Just for the record, you
18
    understand the town has questioned the need for
    the project, right?
19
20
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I understand
21
    that.
               MR. BALL: So the town's support for
22
23
    this option is premised on your ability to have
24
    met your burden of establishing need. You
```

understand that's the town's position, right?

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think I do now,
2
    yes.
3
               MR. BALL: That's what the town has
    stated, in fact, in its interrogatories responses
4
5
    that if the need has been demonstrated, then the
    town would support the Metro-North Railroad
6
7
    option, right?
8
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I believe that's
9
    what they've said recently, yes.
               MR. BALL: So let's take a look at
10
    LFE-3, which is that route, the Metro-North
11
12
    Railroad route, and I want to just focus for a
13
    minute -- I'm actually looking at this color-coded
    chart that you prepared, which shows the four
14
15
    segments, part of LF-3. Do you see that?
16
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I do.
    have it.
17
18
               MR. BALL: So I just wanted to ask you
    a couple of questions about Segment 2 because it
19
    looked like you had three variations there.
20
    the green line is a route that would go north of
21
    the railroad track but overhead. Am I right?
22
23
    That's 2A.
24
                THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                      Yes.
```

And the blue line would be

MR. BALL:

```
1
    the route south of the railroad tracks, also
    overhead?
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: And that's 2B, right?
4
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: And 2C, which is the pink
6
7
    line, is the underground route that would go
8
    beneath Circle Drive?
9
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
10
               MR. BALL: I got it right.
               Now, if the Siting Council approves
11
12
    your project and orders the construction of the
13
    transmission line along the Metro-North Railroad
    corridor, it's fair to say you would be able to
14
15
    construct the line along any of these three routes
16
    depicted. Is that right?
17
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
18
               MR. BALL: And regardless of which of
    those three options in Segment 2 was approved, in
19
    each case the line would be reliable. Is that
20
21
    accurate?
22
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
23
               MR. BALL: And regardless of which of
24
    those three 2A, 2B, 2C, which of those options
25
    might be chosen, in each instance there would be a
```

```
1
    cost savings compared to the preferred route in
2
    your application. Right?
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.
3
               MR. BALL: And forgive me if you have
4
5
    already testified to this, but regardless of which
    of those three variations might be approved, in
6
7
    each case you would be able to meet the same
8
    deadline for construction as you would if it had
9
    been the preferred route in your application?
10
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I believe we
11
    can.
12
               MR. BALL: Just focusing on Segment 2
13
    and option or variation 2B, which is south of the
    railroad tracks, right, and overhead?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.
16
               MR. BALL:
                          Now you're aware that the
17
    town has an existing sewer main that's right
18
    there, you heard the testimony at the last
    hearing?
19
20
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I did.
               MR. BALL: Okay. And can you describe
21
22
    what understanding you have as to that sewer main,
23
    how would you describe it?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                      It's a
```

longitudinal underground sewer main that runs

along the Metro-North Railroad tracks.

MR. BALL: And tell me if you're aware that this particular main conveys flow from Old Greenwich and Riverside and Cos Cob and the North Mianus areas. Are you aware of that?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Generally, yes.

MR. BALL: And you're aware that the town is currently under a federal consent decree to replace and upgrade that force main, right?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I am.

MR. BALL: So if the Council approves your transmission line choosing variation 2B and requires overhead poles to the south of the railroad track, would you be able to construct the poles and construct the line in a way that would allow the town to replace and upgrade its force mains in accordance with the Federal Consent Decree?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we could.

MR. BALL: Can you describe?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): We would coordinate our construction schedules with the Town of Greenwich and Metro-North to make sure any upgrades for any of the three entities could proceed and in a coordinated fashion so that a

safe and reliable sewer system, rail system and electric system were built.

MR. BALL: And would you also be able to construct the line to ensure that in the future, to the extent the town needs access to the force mains and needs to perform work on the mains, that it will be able to do so even with the construction of the transmission line?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we could.

MR. BALL: I assume this is not the first project that you've had where you've had to deal with sewer mains or water mains?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.

It's a fairly routine activity across the

Eversource companies.

MR. BALL: And, in general, can you testify how you would operate in conjunction with the town going forward? Assuming the line is approved overhead along variation 2B, how would you work in the future after approval from the Siting Council to make sure that the town's needs with respect to its force main are met?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So obviously we would coordinate construction activities in major projects between the two entities. We do that

today. We have a long history of working with the municipalities in the State of Connecticut on 2 project coordination. And it involves both notice 3 to each other. It involves joint construction 4 5 meetings. It involves joint engineering approval. So many facets of it which we routinely do, 6 7 whether it's a gas company, whether it's a water

1

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

system. So it's part of our routine business. And we work with multiple utilities every day in this type of endeavor.

company, whether it's a sewer entity or a rail

MR. BALL: And you would do that with Greenwich in this case as well if ordered to construct the line along variation 2B?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we would.

MR. BALL: Have you ever had a situation where the Siting Council ordered the siting of a line that coincided with a sewer line or a water line and you came back and you said, sorry, we can't construct the line?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I would say we probably had through the D&M plan process, as engineering has advanced, we've had issues where we could not construct the line exactly as described in the application.

MR. BALL: All right.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): There is a process that we can go through to work with both entities, the Siting Council and the town, to mitigate any impacts that we discover during the future engineering or even during construction.

MR. BALL: In this instance I assume in preparing LFE-3, which included variation 2B along the south of the railroad track, I assume you had had some review of the existing force mains with the Town of Greenwich?

THE WITNESS (Gardell): I had a short conversation with Rich Feminella, and I was told that the new force main was going to be installed south of the old force main, and there was a good chance that the old force main was going to be removed.

MR. BALL: Well, again, my question is perhaps a more general one which is, before you submitted LFE-3 as a proposal to the Siting Council, were you comfortable that you would be able to construct a transmission line along variation 2B, taking into account the needed work on the force main?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is accurate,

1 yes.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. BALL: So if the Siting Council 2 approves the transmission line along the 3 Metro-North Railroad corridor and variation 2B to 4 5 the south of the railroad tracks, is it fair to say that you're not going to be coming back to the 6 7 Siting Council after the D&M phase to say, sorry, 8 we can't build this line, we need to go back 9 through Bruce Park? You would not be doing that? 10 THE WITNESS (Bowes): We would not. would accommodate the field conditions that were 11 12 found in some other manner, but we would not be 13 changing the entire project to go through Bruce Park. 14

MR. BALL: Thank you.

I want to -- one small additional point, if I could, related to LFE-3. And actually it might -- and it relates to Segment 4. So Segment 4 is where at the very end of the line you would propose to bury the line, the transmission line, into the new substation. Is that right?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is correct.

MR. BALL: Now, the conversion from the point where the line is overhead to underground, I

```
assume there's -- well, let me ask you. Have you
1
    depicted the poles that would be in place at that
2
    point where it goes from overhead to underground?
3
    And I can refer you to LF-25, if that helps.
4
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we have.
               MR. BALL: If you would, with LF-25, I
6
7
    just wanted to ask you a question.
8
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): It's actually on
9
    page 3 of 17.
10
               MR. BALL: You're one step ahead of me.
    All right. So LF-25, page 3, there was some
11
12
    testimony, and you saw me ask my client at the
13
    last hearing about that, do you recall, about this
    particular photo?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                    Yes.
16
               MR. BALL: So this depicts the
    intersection of Greenwich and Railroad Avenues,
17
18
    right?
19
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
               MR. BALL: And the pole here, is it
20
    called a riser pole, is that the terminology?
21
22
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): That's probably
23
    applicable in this case. It's a transition
24
    structure. Riser pole usually is more of a
```

distribution term, but I understand what you're

talking about.

MR. BALL: Well, I'm looking at the big one, the 119-foot 8-inch pole. That's the point in this picture where the line goes from overhead to underground, right?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.

MR. BALL: And you're aware that this is one of the busiest, most heavily-traveled intersections in Greenwich, right?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, I would accept your characterization, yes.

MR. BALL: There was some discussion about whether that pole could be moved -- and again, I'm talking about the 119-foot 8-inch pole -- could be moved so it's not quite right at the intersection but moved a bit closer to structure two. And my question is, first of all, could you shift it eastward toward structure two, 50 feet, 100 feet; is that technically feasible?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So as part of the detailed engineering, we're going to have to investigate that. The issue becomes around the length of the cable pole and the pulling tensions on that cable. So we're trying to come up with ways that we could minimize the number of bends in

- that cable to accommodate the request that was
  made to move that at least 100 feet in this case
  to the left.
- MR. BALL: Fair enough. Let's assume

  it's 100 feet for discussion sake. You would not

  need to construct a new splice vault if you were

  to move the pole 100 feet, right?

- what we're trying to do is design it so there are no splice vaults from this transition structure to the substation. So again, we haven't finished the detailed design and understand all the implications of this change, but we are hopeful -- I'll leave that word -- that we can accommodate this request.
- MR. BALL: Okay. And the details of the town's request and hopefully your accommodation on this, if this were to be approved, is that something you would expect to play out during the D&M phase?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
  - MR. BALL: Again, assuming you don't have to construct a splice vault, if you were to extend the undergrounding by 100 feet there, I'm assuming you believe that could be done without

impacting reliability? 1 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That is true, 2 3 yes. MR. BALL: Do you have any idea what an 4 extra 100 feet of undergrounding would cost, as 5 you sit here? 6 7 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Rule of thumb 8 with two circuits it's probably around \$5,000 per 9 foot. 10 MR. BALL: So let's assume you were able to move it 100 feet. No question that would 11 reduce the visibility of the structure at this 12 13 particular intersection, right? 14 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it would. 15 MR. BALL: Just a couple questions about the D&M phase. Then I'll let Ms. Kohler ask 16 17 a few questions. 18 Maybe it's a truism, but I'd like to ask you, assuming that the Council does approve 19 the transmission line along the Metro-North 20 Railroad corridor, I assume Eversource will be 21 22 willing to work with the town on specific issues 23 during the D&M phase? 24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we will. 25 MR. BALL: Including pole locations?

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, within
    obviously the technical constraints.
2
               MR. BALL: Understood. Pole heights
3
4
    you would also try to work with the town?
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): We'll try to
    work, but again, it's going to be limited by what
6
7
    we can do technically.
8
               MR. BALL: How about pole design, would
9
    you also take into account the town's concerns?
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think if it's
10
    the visual features of it, yes. I think we can
11
12
    probably accommodate that. These are going to be
13
    a special application pole because of the high
    tensions and because of the direct embedment,
14
15
    which is all part of the cost savings as well.
16
    there is going to be probably more limitations on
    this than normal. But if it's a color issue or if
17
18
    it's some cosmetic-type things, minor variations
    in pole location, those can easily be
19
    accommodated.
20
               MR. BALL: Fair to say during the D&M
21
22
    phase you will take the town's concerns into
23
    account and try to work cooperatively with the
```

25 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we will.

24

town?

```
1
               MR. BALL: If I may, Mr. Chairman, I'd
    like to turn it over to Attorney Kohler?
2
               THE CHAIRMAN: I assume that's why
3
4
    she's sitting there.
5
               MS. KOHLER:
                             Thank you.
                If we could stick with Late-File 3.
6
7
    I'd like to ask -- I suppose these probably would
8
    be best addressed to Mr. Libertine, but maybe
9
    anybody on the panel could answer.
               Does the Metro-North Railroad route
10
    generally avoid the transmission installation
11
    previously planned in Bruce Park?
12
               THE WITNESS (Libertine):
13
                                          That
    alignment would eliminate the need to go through
14
15
    Bruce Park, yes.
16
               MS. KOHLER: And are you aware that
    Bruce Park has historic qualities?
17
               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes.
18
19
               MS. KOHLER: And would you agree that
    any potential impact to the historic qualities of
20
    Bruce Park would be avoided by setting the
21
    potential -- the proposed transmission line along
22
23
    the Metro-North Railroad route?
24
                THE WITNESS (Libertine): My opinion is
```

that if we're talking about long-term aesthetic

- impacts to the park, then avoiding an overhead
  route through the park certainly would accomplish
  that.
- MS. KOHLER: Are you aware that the
  town identified certain species of special
  concern, specifically the river herring, in Bruce
  Park?
- 8 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I did.

- MS. KOHLER: And do you agree that any potential impact to the habitat of the species of special concern would also be avoided by siting the proposed transmission line along the Metro-North railroad route?
  - THE WITNESS (Libertine): I would make a qualified answer that I think that certainly avoiding disruption to the park in any way would help mitigate those potential concerns.
  - I'd also add that, although the town has raised this, Eversource has reached out to both DEP and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service who reviewed this project in its entirety, including the alternatives through Bruce Park, and did not raise these issues. So I just wanted to clear that from the record. But yes, certainly if we can avoid Bruce Park, then any potential

impacts to species and/or the landscape would be mitigated.

MS. KOHLER: The town identified various tidal ponds in Bruce Park and estuaries. Can you confirm that the proposed project through Bruce Park would affect the tidal ponds, basins and their associated fish and wildlife habits in Bruce Park?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): One of the options through Bruce Park for the underground route would have been done with a direct drilling operation which would have avoided any direct or indirect impacts to any of those resources. If we're talking about the trenching, primarily that was to stay in the road. There was a short crossing of the water body because of the bridge on the western end could not support infrastructure. But with careful engineered planning and construction techniques, it's my opinion that would not have been a major impact to those tidal ponds.

MS. KOHLER: Isn't it true that it would have taken one full growing season for the tidal wetlands in surrounding areas to resume habitat function post construction?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Again, if
we're limiting the discussion to the use of or the
installation of the trench, I would say that there
would be some areas that would have been adjacent
to either side of the pond that would have had to
have restoration. And it's likely that you'd be
talking about at least the growing season or a
full growing season for that to be restored to its
proper or its prior condition.

MS. KOHLER: And would that potential impact to the tidal ponds and associated fish and wildlife could be avoided by siting the proposed transmission line along the Metro-North Railroad route?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I would agree with that statement.

MS. KOHLER: And if the 115-kV transmission line is sited along the Metro-North Railroad corridor, you agree this would mitigate in eliminating any potential environmental impact at Bruce Park as a whole, including the park's historic and recreational features and impact to the shorebirds, neotropical songbirds in the important wintering areas?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): There's kind

```
of a -- maybe a few questions in there just
1
    because we're talking about a couple of different
2
    resources. Again, if we're talking about either
3
    an overhead route through there or the underground
4
5
    trenching, then I think there would probably be a
    greater likelihood to using the corridor, the
6
7
    railroad corridor would have a greater likelihood
8
    to reduce potential impacts to any of those
9
    resources. If we're talking about the direct
    drilling operation, I don't believe that
10
    necessarily has the same, from my position, does
11
    not have the same overall concerns.
12
13
    generally, yes, I'd agree with that.
               MS. KOHLER: Generally you agree that
14
15
    the environmental impacts identified in the
    original application are avoided by using the
16
    Metro-North Railroad route?
17
18
               THE WITNESS (Libertine):
19
               MS. KOHLER: If we can go to the same
20
    LFE-3, page 2 of 14, and talk about Cos Cob Park.
    Can someone describe how the proposed transmission
21
    line would exit the substation?
22
23
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): We have two
24
    choices to exit the substation. One is referred
```

25

to -- 1A and 1B.

```
MS. KOHLER: And would either of those
1
    routes traverse a common drive shared with Cos Cob
2
    Park?
3
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Only 1A would
4
    do that.
5
               MS. KOHLER: Does Eversource have a
6
7
    right-of-way there?
8
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): For the Cos Cob
9
    Park driveway?
10
               MS. KOHLER: Yes.
11
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Today we have
    easements for distribution facilities.
12
13
               MS. KOHLER: So would you need an
    easement in place, would you need an easement to
14
15
    acquire a location for the exit from that
    location?
16
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, can
17
18
    we go off the record for one moment?
19
               THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
               (Off the record discussion.)
20
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, may
21
22
    we go back on the record?
23
               THE CHAIRMAN: Yes, we're back on the
24
    record. Thank you.
25
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Thank you very
```

1 much. THE WITNESS (Gardell): Thank you. 2 Eversource's legal is investigating those, and at 3 this point we don't have the answer to that 4 5 question. MS. KOHLER: Thank you. 6 7 Are you aware that Cos Cob Park is a brownfield remediation site? 8 9 THE WITNESS (Gardell): Yes, I am. 10 MS. KOHLER: And how would you address this issue given the fact that you would be 11 12 disturbing the access road? THE WITNESS (Gardell): To the best of 13 my ability, I do not believe the access road has 14 15 the cap on it. I believe the cap is over to the 16 right-hand side. 17 MS. KOHLER: Assuming that the cap is on the road, which is our understanding, have you 18 successfully addressed these sort of situations in 19 20 the past? THE WITNESS (Gardell): We will handle 21 22 that in the D&M process. 23 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we've dealt

with contaminated soils and contaminated sites in

24

25

the past.

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Libertine): And I would
    just add that there is provisions in the
2
    remediation standards of Connecticut to lift that
3
    type of an environmental land use restriction to
4
5
    be able to develop and then place it back in. So
    there are those provisions. So it can be done.
6
7
               MS. KOHLER: Can you confirm that none
8
    of the recreational areas of the Cos Cob Park will
9
    be impacted?
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): That is
10
11
    correct.
12
               MS. KOHLER:
                             Thank you.
13
               If I could draw your attention to
    LFE-17.
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.
               MS. KOHLER: Can you identify the
16
    source of these energy efficiency participation
17
18
    rates?
19
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): They're from our
    energy efficiency personnel inside Eversource.
20
               MS. KOHLER: So this data only reflects
21
22
    residents that engaged Eversource in their energy
23
    efficiency efforts?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                      Through the
25
    state-sponsored programs. We administer those for
```

- 1 Greenwich. So, yes.
- MS. KOHLER: So would it include those
- 3 homeowners who engaged private energy efficiency
- 4 experts?
- 5 THE WITNESS (Bowes): That are outside
- 6 of our programs, it would not.
- 7 MS. KOHLER: And it would not include
- 8 business owners that engaged private energy
- 9 efficiency experts either, would it?
- 10 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, if they
- 11 were outside of our programs, it would not include
- 12 them.
- MS. KOHLER: So if those energy
- 14 efficiency experts of those Greenwich residents
- 15 and business owners were reported, would you
- 16 expect the percentages in these columns to
- 17 increase?
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, but I would
- 19 also be surprised that they wouldn't take
- 20 advantage of the programs that we have in place.
- MS. KOHLER: But you would expect the
- 22 numbers to increase if they were --
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Hypothetically,
- 24 if there were more people that had participated
- 25 outside the programs and they were added to this,

- 1 yes, the numbers would go up. MS. KOHLER: Okay. Thank you. 2 3 Are you aware that the town has concerns about the aesthetic design of the 4 5 proposed new substation? THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I am. 6 7 MS. KOHLER: Do you remember previously 8 testifying at the October 6th hearing that "the 9 additions that we've been asked from the Council and from the town have provided a positive 10 aesthetic benefit and the costs have been 11 relatively nominal at this point, so I don't think 12 13 it's been overly burdensome at this point to change the design or outlook of the facade of the 14 15 facility"? 16 THE WITNESS (Bowes): It sounds like 17 it's a direct quote. Yes. 18 MS. KOHLER: Yes. 19 And do you also remember representing at the December 1st hearing that you'd be willing 20 to consider design alternatives in the D&M process 21 22 that "we're certainly open to a more pleasing
- 24 THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes. And we 25 still are committed to that.

appearance at the facility"?

```
MS. KOHLER: And then in this docket,
1
    Exhibit Roman numeral VIII-B-1, a proposed design
2
    was submitted by Richard Granoff. Are you aware
3
    that the town supports this design?
4
5
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I am.
               MS. KOHLER: And is it technically
6
7
    feasible to design the substation in accordance
    with the design proffered by Richard Granoff?
8
9
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think something
    very similar. I think some of the roof lines and
10
    dimensions might be modified slightly, but in
11
    general I think we can get something that looks
12
    close to that.
13
               MS. KOHLER:
                            Have you studied the cost?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): I don't believe
16
    we have.
17
               MS. KOHLER: Have you come up with a
18
    design, a mock-up of the design?
19
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): We have not at
20
    this point. We're waiting for the process to
    proceed to that standpoint, and if there was any
21
22
    other input that was to be provided, we wanted to
23
    consider that as well.
24
               MS. KOHLER: Is it technically feasible
25
    to include fencing in this design similar to that
```

```
1
    on the adjacent property, 330 Railroad Avenue?
                THE WITNESS (Bowes): So there's a new
2
3
    design spec that's been provided to us from the
    town, and we do believe that that will meet all of
4
5
    the safety, security and construction requirements
    that we have. So I think the simple answer is
6
7
    yes.
8
               MS. KOHLER:
                             Is it technically feasible
9
    to face the walls of the transformers with
10
    materials that match the building?
11
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
12
               MS. KOHLER: And is that cost minimal
13
    in the overall scheme of the project?
                THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think we can
14
15
    come up with a design that has minimal cost, yes.
               MS. KOHLER:
16
                             Thank you.
               And is it technically feasible to plant
17
    vegetative screening and planters around the
18
    outside of the substation to provide visual
19
    mitigation?
20
21
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is.
               MS. KOHLER: And is Eversource willing
22
23
    to cooperate and work with the town during the
24
    development and management stage to adopt these
25
    improvements?
```

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we are.
               MS. KOHLER: That's all the
2
    cross-examination I have. The town is complete.
3
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               Thank you.
4
5
               All right. Now some questions from the
    staff and Council.
6
7
               Mr. Mercier.
8
               MR. MERCIER: Thank you. Just a
9
    follow-up on a couple of comments made earlier.
10
    Regarding the Cos Cob Substation, there was
    discussion regarding the acquisition of property
11
12
    in order to expand -- actually to construct a new
13
    station adjacent to the Cos Cob Substation that
    was investigated in your application as an
14
15
    alternative and rejected, was the land that was
    examined for acquisition, was that to the west of
16
    the Cos Cob Substation? I think it's 8 Sound
17
18
    Shore Drive?
19
               THE WITNESS (Gardell): Yes, that's the
20
    property.
               MR. MERCIER: And that has an office
21
22
    building on it?
23
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it does.
24
               MR. MERCIER:
                              Okay.
                                     Thank you.
25
               Mr. Bowes, I believe earlier we were
```

talking about Late-File 21. This had to do with overhead distribution circuits.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, I have it.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you. You basically stated that there would be difficulties in constructing overhead circuits instead of underground for that investigated alternative. I just want to know what types of difficulties would you encounter?

a second circuit along the roadway with three new distribution feeders. So we would have construction on both sides of the roadway, and five or six circuits along the same public way. It's not something we typically do other than for a junction point or exit from a substation. So for several miles we would have circuits that were -- might not be considered aesthetically pleasing.

MR. MERCIER: Did you state earlier that you might need three sets of different poles to support these circuits?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): If we couldn't accommodate all three circuits on the same pole line, then we would extend to have a third pole

line. That's correct.

MR. MERCIER: Did you just say it could go down either side or both sides of the road?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): It would clearly be on both sides of the street, and on one side there could be two pole lines. It's not a preferred option that we run three distribution circuits on the same set of structures for reliability.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you. Would that type of design be susceptible to frequent storm damage in your belief?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): We would do our best to minimize that through probably use of aerial cables, but clearly pole accidents would be probably a more frequent occurrence, and large trees obviously would also take down the pole line. So probably less susceptible to tree branches, but very susceptible to tall trees.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

One thing that has not been discussed yet was that the town at the previous meeting offered two manufacturers, Toshiba and WEG to provide 80 megavolt transformers that could fit into the Cos Cob -- existing Cos Cob Substation

transformer footprints. Did you examine the
feasibility of these two transformer designs?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): We did. We had posed some questions around the Toshiba capabilities of that transformer, and it turned out there was not an equivalent transformer. It did not have a load tap changer required for voltage control. But the WEG design is similar in size to what manufacturer we use, ABB. And actually our ABB design for an 80 MVA transformer, which has been subject to a petition here at the Siting Council previously, is actually a little smaller than the WEG design.

So we actually looked at it trying to fit the ABB design within Cos Cob Substation and were unable to do that from the standpoint of they would physically overlap each other so they would -- it was just impossible to actually put them in. Plus, we could not maintain electrical clearances to put the 80 MVA transformers into that substation.

So yes, in an indirect way we did look at it. We looked at the two designs, the footprints. We tried to apply them to the Cos Cob Substation using our approved transformer

provider, and we were unable to do that.

MR. MERCIER: You just mentioned also a tap changer for the Toshiba model. Can you just expand on what the space requirements are required for that?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So it's going to be another physical box on the side of the transformer that increases the overall dimensions both for the physical footprint of it but also for service and maintenance of it. You have to be able to access that part of the equipment to service it. So taking that into consideration, without the tap changer we kind of dismissed that design. Although it was a smaller footprint, it didn't meet the technical requirements of being able to support the voltage changes we need to maintain the voltage for the system.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I have no questions at this time.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

Mr. Ashton?

MR. ASHTON: A couple of questions. It seems to me as though the real nub in this case is the question of the reliability of the load estimate. Do you believe it's still worthwhile

betting 140 million or 120 million on a load

estimate that is by my examination a little bit

iffy and question whether it's going to carry

forward in the future?

interesting, we announced this substation with the Town of Greenwich two years before that peak load number was realized in 2013. The basis of that, we were coming off a very difficult week for the company where we had shed load for the first time in many years to that extent over that number of days. So the decision was made prior to us hitting a number in some year. It was really around our ability to operate the system reliably.

And I look at reliability in three parts: One is assuring the adequate supply. And I've said the statement before, you have the coldest winter night, the hottest summer day. That's core to our business of being able to assure an adequate supply to our customers. The second is is the frequency of interruptions they see. And we also saw in that event in 2011 a frequency of interruptions and a cascading of outages that we did not think was acceptable. And the third item that we look at for reliability is

is the duration of events. We were unable to
recover in a timely manner, and that led to some
of the cascading of the interruptions in
Greenwich.

So this project solves all three of those needs. It's not based on a number in one year. It's based on the company's obligation to serve and our failure to do that in 2011. So those three factors are what drove the idea of finally putting the Greenwich Substation in place, something we had planned for decades before.

But we made a series of incremental improvements, added a temporary substation at Tomac. It's still there today. Adding \$36 million of improvements in the distribution system since the time in 2011. But we still don't have a system that is the same as the rest of Connecticut. We want a system that is robust enough that we can operate it on any day, we can have reliable service to our customers, and we can minimize the impacts of storms. The proposal in front of you does all three of those things.

MR. ASHTON: And that proposal is consistent with what has been done by Eversource in other locales?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, it is. It's entirely consistent.

MR. ASHTON: You perhaps recall at I
think it was the last meeting we had a discussion
as to load relief, I'll call it, where Eversource
or others could install devices that cut down on
the electrical load. In the Late-Filed Exhibit
HD, hairy dog, 03, there's a table that shows the
Town of Greenwich and then residential program
participation, residential rebate participation,
business and municipal program participation. As
I look at that, it would be my conclusion that
Greenwich is not one of the best performers as far
as load management type of thing. Is that a fair
statement?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): I think there's more opportunity for the residents of Greenwich to take advantage of our programs.

MR. ASHTON: More opportunity means they are a little bit on the lagger side?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Statistics are just that. I mean, obviously they're lower than some of other towns, so I think there are opportunities.

MR. ASHTON: Do you think that an

aggressive, aggressive program of load management, including solar, electric and thermal and other types of treatments would have a material effect

on the load in Greenwich?

- THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I do not believe it would, and it's based on some history. We have attempted this at other locations across our company and where targeted programs were used for all of those type of tools that are available to us to either reduce or maintain control loads. And it really is a customer choice and a customer behavior issue when all is said and done.
  - MR. ASHTON: I can see that, but I also would state and believe that the customers can be persuaded to do certain things. That's the whole aim of advertising and marketing and whatnot.

    It's not just the blank wall.

Anyway, to come to my conclusion -- I'm running out of gas obviously, no pun intended -- I looked at that table, I looked at the load projections, and I wonder if taken together and perhaps with other steps there isn't a way of postponing the day where the ratepayer has to cough up the carrying charges for 120 million, which I find pretty steep for just Greenwich, and

whether that in aggregate will provide a measure of load relief.

3 THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I would say that we have, just by the nature of the process, 4 5 in 2011 we said this was a long-term solution for Greenwich, probably five years away. It will 6 7 ultimately be seven years away before we put this 8 into service. So just by the nature of our 9 process, we have gone longer than the initial 10 five-year plan. I'm more concerned that we have situations in the summer of 2016 and 2017 that we 11 can't control and further delay, I think, what's a 12 13 much higher risk. I think we have been fortunate for five years that we haven't had similar 14 15 situations. The equipment is for the most part now five years older. It has been stressed a 16 17 couple of times. So I'm hopeful that we can have 18 a safe and reliable system until the Greenwich Substation is finally installed. 19

MR. ASHTON: Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

Commissioner Caron?

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. CARON: No questions, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Lynch?

```
1
               MR. LYNCH: Mr. Bowes, I think this is
    more of a comment rather than a question. A
2
    little while ago Mr. Ball was back here asking you
3
    a number of questions -- I thought very good
4
5
    questions, as a matter of fact -- on your
    cooperating with the town as far as the railroad
6
7
    three alternatives were concerned. And what I'd
8
    like to know, life is a two-way street. Now, in
9
    the construction phase or in the future
10
    construction phase would you expect the same
11
    consideration or respect from the town that you
12
    gave them during this period? It's a comment more
13
    than a question but --
               THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes.
14
                                            And I see
15
    no reason why we can't have that cooperation.
16
               MR. LYNCH:
                            Thank you.
17
               No more questions, Mr. Chairman.
18
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               I guess I have one.
    It's a follow-up.
19
20
               MR. MERCIER:
                             I'm sorry, Chairman.
                                                    You
    go first. I have one at the end.
21
22
               THE CHAIRMAN: A follow-up question to
23
    Mr. Ashton. You used the term "aggressive"
24
    program load management conservation. And we both
25
    read and heard from the Town of Greenwich the
```

various state programs that are or have taken advantage of. But I was just wondering -- and you may know the answer. If you don't -- but one piece of legislation that's been enacted -- I know your predecessor wasn't too happy with it, but it was enacted anyway -- and that's the creation of energy districts. Do you know has Greenwich taken advantage of that opportunity?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): They have not.

And I don't believe we have any cities or towns in

Connecticut that have officially. There's an

inactive one in the City of Stamford.

THE CHAIRMAN: Since I can't testify, I will refrain from correcting you on that one, but anyway -- but do you know of the establishment or have they talked about in Greenwich establishing a robust microgrid system with their own generation?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I did hear in the last hearing the Town of Greenwich indicate that they were exploring microgrids for some of the town buildings, specifically in the civil preparedness or emergency management areas. And we would be more than willing to facilitate that with them. We've done that for many towns. In fact, we're in a study now with several of the

smaller towns sponsored through the University of Connecticut where we're helping them come up with plans that ultimately could be submitted to the DEEP for their consideration.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE CHAIRMAN: This is certainly a state priority. I guess I'm still impressed with the document that was submitted by OCC, which at first I couldn't understand why they submitted it, and now I really hope that they follow up because since they submitted it, I assume they could have statewide, but and that's this program in New York State, the Brooklyn Queens Demand Management Program. So it just seems to me -- and maybe this is just a hope for the future -- that in a much more aggressive way -- and I don't want to put the onus entirely on Eversource because I don't think that's -- that's not what this is, but that towns municipalities that have these issues could aggressively, you know, approach both the utility and the state to develop programs that go much beyond what we've heard before so --

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So we are active right now with DEEP on some grid-side enhancements that would facilitate and enable distributed energy resources, and ultimately they will

- investigate some of our proposals, as well as
  United Illuminating, and those will come before
  PURA for approval. So we are also hopeful that in
  the next year or two we have some more offerings
  to facilitate alternatives to the traditional
  electric utility system.
- 7 THE CHAIRMAN: But again that requires 8 I think a partnership but --

- THE WITNESS (Bowes): Obviously it would with either the developer or a town or both.
- THE CHAIRMAN: And just quickly just so I'm clear on the peak load and the projections, it seems to me -- and I'm sure I'm oversimplifying it, but there are two issues. One is, which is what we've heard from just about everybody who's testified and talked about 2014 and 2015 and pretty much -- and not 2013, and that sort of looking at some form of trends, and ISO has it, and the percentage. I must admit that I am sympathetic to Greenwich's position that 1 percent growth per year is probably not going to have to happen in this century, but anyway. So there's that, but then how do you --
- THE WITNESS (Bowes): I will say that the growth between 2014 and 2015, kilowatt hours,

was 1.5 percent for Greenwich.

THE CHAIRMAN: So I stand, at least, corrected at this point.

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Again, to be very clear, based on the customer-metered data, not of our issues with substation metering, but based on the actual customer usage, 2015 was up one and a half percent versus 2014.

THE CHAIRMAN: But the second part of it, at least, again in my simplified analysis is these peak loads happen for a number factors, but from my understanding if we had the heat that we had in December, and now in March, if it happened in August or July, we would have had another heat wave load on your -- so how do you project for these contingent weather-related impacts which, you know, may not happen every year but scientists, most scientists suggest that they're going to happen more frequently?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): So I'd say at this point we're struggling to deal with two divergent impacts. One is how to plan for distributed energy resources in a forward-looking manner. What should we assume is going to be available, especially at the peak load times. And

the other is is how do we plan for extreme events, you know, low probability high-impact events. it could be a weather-related issue, or it could be a man-caused issue. And I think we're struggling with what level of preparation, what level of resiliency we build into our systems to deal with those two issues. One is very known and controllable, I would say, the DER, but how fast and how far is that going to go. And the other is much less predictable. And I don't have an answer for you today, but I know it's a concern that we have of how to plan for those two different scenarios.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

At this point, Mr. Mercier.

MR. MERCIER: I've just got one question regarding actually the overhead hybrid solution that goes along the railroad. Does anybody have any information regarding potential magnetic fields from that installation at the edges of the right-of-way? I guess really my question would be with the fields --

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Yes, we have done the analysis, and Mr. Soderman will address your question. I'm sorry, he's not sworn. Can we go

```
off the record for just a sec?
1
               THE CHAIRMAN:
2
                               Yes.
               (Off the record discussion.)
3
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Mr. Chairman, may
4
5
    we go back on the record?
               THE CHAIRMAN:
6
                               Yes.
7
               MS. BARBINO DUBUQUE: Thank you.
8
               THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                      So I have
9
    information for the three components of the
    project. We'll start with the substation. At the
10
    fence line the magnetic fields would be less than
11
    one milligauss, so basically at that background or
12
    below from the substation. Ten feet from the
13
    center of the underground line it will be one
14
15
    milligauss or less. For the overhead portions of
    the line the maximum milligauss will be 6.5
16
    milligauss at the closest residence. I'm sorry,
17
18
    that is underneath the line, 6.5 milligauss. Hold
    on just a second for the edge of right-of-way.
19
    Towards the customers it would be less than 1
20
    milligauss at the edge of the right-of-way.
21
               MR. MERCIER: At the edge of the
22
23
    right-of-way along the railroad?
24
               THE WITNESS (Bowes):
                                      Correct.
25
               MR. MERCIER: And this is under full
```

1 capacity, full operation, these numbers?

THE WITNESS (Bowes): Under average

3 annual load.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Before closing this hearing, the Connecticut Siting Council announces that briefs and proposed findings of fact may be filed with the Council by any party or intervenor no later than April 11, 2016. The submission of briefs or proposed findings of fact are not required by this Council, rather we leave it to the choice of parties and intervenors.

Anyone who has not become a party or intervenor, but who desires to make his or her views known to the Council, may file written statements with the Council within 30 days of the date hereof.

The Council will issue draft findings of fact, and thereafter the parties and intervenors may identify errors or inconsistencies between the Council's draft findings of fact and the record. However, no new information, no new evidence, no new argument, no reply briefs without our permission, will be considered by the Council.

Copies of the transcript of this

```
hearing, as well as all the other ones, will be
1
    filed at the Town Clerk's Office in Greenwich.
2
3
    And I hereby declare this hearing adjourned.
    Thank you all for your participation. Drive
4
    safely. And I'll close the hearing. If you have
5
6
    any process questions, you can ask Attorney
    Bachman, but the hearing is closed.
7
                (Whereupon, the witnesses were excused
8
9
    and the above proceedings were adjourned at 4:21
10
    p.m.)
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

## CERTIFICATE

2	I hereby certify that the foregoing 145 pages
3	are a complete and accurate computer-aided
4	transcription of my original stenotype notes taken
5	of the Council Meeting in Re: DOCKET NO. 461,
6	APPLICATION OF EVERSOURCE ENERGY FOR A CERTIFICATE
7	OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR
8	THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF A
9	115-KILOVOLT (kV) BULK SUBSTATION LOCATED At 290
10	RAILROAD AVENUE, GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT, AND TWO
11	115-kV UNDERGROUND TRANSMISSION CIRCUITS EXTENDING
12	APPROXIMATELY 2.3 MILES BETWEEN THE PROPOSED
13	SUBSTATION AND THE EXISTING COS COB SUBSTATION,
14	GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT, AND RELATED SUBSTATION
15	IMPROVEMENTS, which was held before ROBERT STEIN,
16	Chairman, at the Connecticut Siting Council, 10
17	Franklin Square, New Britain, Connecticut, on
18	March 10, 2016.

Lisa Wally

Lisa L. Warner, L.S.R., 061

Court Reporter

			147
1	INDEX		
2	WITNESS MARGARET BAIN	PAGE 7	
3	EXAMINERS:		
4	Ms. Bidra	7	
5	Mr. Ashton	11	
6	The Chairman	14	
7	Ms. Edwards	16	
8	Mr. Ball	18	
9	WITNESSES KENNETH BOWES	PAGE 20	
10	JACQUELINE GARDELL		
11	MICHAEL LIBERTINE		
12	EXAMINERS:		
13	Ms. Barbino Dubuque	20	
14	Ms. Bain	22	
15	Mr. Bergamo	37	
16	Ms. Edwards	81	
17	Ms. Morgan	87	
18	Mr. Ball	91	
19	Ms. Kohler	115	
20	Mr. Mercier	127	
21	Mr. Ashton	131	
22	Mr. Lynch	137	
23	The Chairman	137	
24			
25			

				148	
1	Appea	rances (cont'd):			
2					
3		APPLICANT'S EXHIBIT			
4		(Received in evidence)			
5	EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION	PAGE		
6	II-B-45	Eversource Energy revised	22		
7	Late	-Filed Exhibit 20, dated			
8	1/7/	16			
9					
10					
11	OFFICE OF CONSUMER COUNSEL EXHIBIT				
12		(Received in evidence)			
13	EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION	PAGE		
14	III-B-2	OCC Filing, dated 3/1/16	10		
15	a.	Cos Cob annual kWh usage table			
16	b.	Application Table E-5 customer			
17	load	with OCC additions in red			
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					